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The World's Daily Newspaper

London, Tuesday, September 8, 1998

McGwire Hits 61st Homer, Tying a Cherished Record

He Reaches Maris's 37-Year-Old Baseball Milestone

The Associated Press

ST. LOUIS - Mark McGwire reached one of baseball's most revered records on Monday, hitting his 61st home run of the season to tie

Roger Maris's legendary 37-year-old mark.
McGwire's first-inning drive off Mike
Morgan of the Chicago Cubs was his seventh
in seven games and 15th in 20 days. The St. Louis Cardinals' first baseman pushed himself three homers ahead of Sammy Sosa, whose Cubs began a two-game series at Busch Stadium here.

Only three players in baseball history have hit 60 or more homers in a season. Babe Ruth had 60 in 1927, a record that stood until Maris hit 61 in 1961.

McGwire's record-tying homer came when he hit a 1-1 pitch off the club level at Busch Stadium, a drive estimated at 430 feet and truly worthy of pulling even with Maris's record. The crowd stood in unison while the St. Louis Cardinals first baseman held both

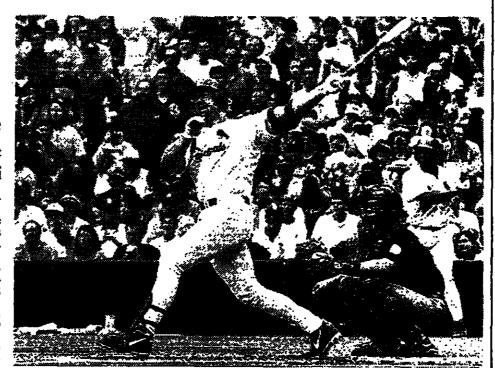
arms wide and high as he approached first base. McGwire's 10-year-old son, Matthew, waiting at home plate, was then lifted and hugged by his father.

Sosa fouled out to McGwire in his first atbat on Monday. Maris hit his 61st homer on the last day of the

162-game season, while Ruth accomplished his 60th in the final game of a 154-game schedule. McGwire's came in his 144th game.

When Sosa came to the plate in the top half, the crowd saluted the Cubs' singger with a standing ovation, quite a tribute considering the long-standing rivalry between the teams. The crowd was not as loud when McGwire, batting third in the Cardinals order, stepped up in the bottom of the inning with two outs. Three pitches later, the scene mrned into bedlam. After missing the first pitch and taking a ball, McGwire sent the ball hurtling

toward the left-field stands. Historic rivalry in St. Louis, Page 19.



The swing of the year as Mark McGwire hit his 61st home run of the season in his

first at-bat in St. Louis on Monday. He tied Roger Maris's season record, set in 1961.

Government Action and Stronger Yen Lift Asia Markets

By Mark Landler New York Times Service

HONG KONG — Stock markets surged Monday from Singapore to Seoul in a turbo-charged rally, fueled by a stronger yen and interventionist government policies in Malay-sia and Hong Kong, where shares leaped 23 percent and nearly 8 percent, respectively. Both Malaysia and Hong Kong have dismayed some free-market advocates in recent

days with their market activism. In Kuala Lurnour, the government has imposed sweeping capital controls. Rather than flee, investors

Ex-finance minister draws crowds. Page 4.

bought heavily. The benchmark stock index rose a record 22.46 percent, to 443.06 points. By shielding itself from the global market, Malaysia has been able to lower interest rates,

which has attracted local investors, particularly big pension funds with ties to the government. In Hong Kong, the Hang Seng index soared 7.86 percent, to 8,076.76 points, as investors reacted enthusiastically to lower interest rates and new government measures to police the market more strictly. Those measures come in the aftermath of a \$15 billion government buying spree to prop up shares.

"We've had a technical rebound in these markets," said Miron Mushkin, director of strategy at Indocam Asia Asset Management. "With the government policies, there is a greater desire to inject liquidity into the system." Mr. Mushkin drew a distinction between Malaysia, which has erected a wall around its economy, and Hong Kong, which is trying to take the sting out of its participation in the global economy by supporting its stock market and devising rules to ward off foreign speculators.

See MARKETS, Page 16

Eruptions of Tension Put Southeast Asian Capitals on Alert

Indonesian Students Mass On Grounds of Parliament

By Cindy Shiner

JAKARTA — Hundreds of student demonstrators massed at the Parliament building in the Indonesian capital Monday, broke down its front gate and demanded that President B.J. Habibie

In another reflection of impatience with the government as the economy continues to unravel, rioters went on a rampage in a rural town, torching shops owned by ethnic Chinese.

The protest in Jakarta was the largest and longest sustained since thousands of students took over the Parliament building in May and pressured former President Suharto to step down after 32 years in power. Those demonstrations coincided with rioting that claimed at least 1,200 lives.

Critics of Mr. Habibie, who is the first civilian president in Indonesia and was a protege of Mr. Suharto's, accuse him of the same corruption and nepotism that characterized the former

"The stepping down of Suharto has not improved things," the protesters said in statement. "It is quite clear that Habibie is a purpoet of Suharto."

Mr. Suharto went on national television on Sunday to deny

See INDONESIA, Page 4

Burmese Military Rounds Up 110 Dissident Party Members

By Thomas Crampton

BANGKOK - Burmese opposition officials said Monday that the military government had arrested 110 members of Daw Aung San Sun Kyi's National League for Democracy in an effort to prevent a planned meeting of elected opposition leaders. Nearly half of those detained in a series of arrests around the

country that began Sunday had been elected in 1990 to a Parliament that was barred from taking office, allies of Daw Aung San Sun Kyi said. The Nobel laureate, virtually confined to her home in Rangoon, had called for the Parliament to convene. Concerned that this call would adversely affect national security, the government said late Monday that it had "invited"

an unspecified number of National League for Democracy members to stay at government guest houses.

For the past eight years, the government has refused to recognize the results of the 1990 election, which Daw Aung San

Snu Kyi's party won by a landslide. Although the league's challenge to the government comes at the

same time it is under increasing pressure from student protesters, diplomats and analysts noted that neither opposition group has yet managed to coalesce in a way that might undermine key sectors of

See BURMA, Page 4

Gunfire in Phnom Penh As Hun Sen Cracks Down

By Seth Mydans

PHNOM PENH — The Cambodian post-election standoff erupted into turmoil and gunfire Monday as the country's strongman, Hun Sen, ordered the arrests of his opponents and security men fired into crowds of protesters, killing at least one

A long day of tension, threats and surging crowds appeared to end on a calming note at midnight as a representative of Mr. Hun Sen said no immediate arrests would be made. He also withdrew Mr. Hun Sen's threat to remove by midnight thousands of protesters who have filled a park for the past two weeks.

But the organizer of the protests, and the chief target of Mr. Hun Sen's threats - Sam Rainsy - remained inside the huge riverside Cambodiana Hotel, where he had taken refuge at the office of the UN representative in Cambodia. "If needed, we will invite him for talks and information, but

there is no arrest warrant for Sam Rainsy," said Mr. Hun Sen's representative, Prum Sokha, the Interior Ministry director of

Together with Prince Norodom Ranariddh, Mr. Sam Rainsy as led an increasingly assertive protest against the results of a

See CAMBODIA, Page 4

The Crisis Weighs Heavily On Many of Asia's Children

'We Could Easily Lose a Whole Generation'

By Kevin Sullivan Vashington Post Service

JAKARTA - Eleven-year-old Ipan, a cheerful little beggar in a buzz cut and a dirty T-shirt, knocks on car windows and sings and pleads for money with his 4-year-old sister, Tuti, clinging tight to his side in her fading flowered dress. He bangs on his homemade tambour-

ine, a stick with a nail driven through a bunch of jangling bottle caps, and sings to people who mainly ignore him from behind smoked-glass windows. Ipan is part of an army of ragamuffins who fan out when the light turns red at

As intersection between the chic Man-ain Oriental Hotel and the gleaming Deutsche Bank tower. It is a scene repeated all over this city of 8 million people every hour of every day. Even after midnight, children knock on car windows; some of these children are 100 small to see over the car

Until two months ago, Ipan spent his days in school, learning to read and write and count more than spare change.

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But his parents, who have lost their jobs, can no longer afford the school fees, so Ipan has joined the growing throng of

young street hustlers. Like children around Indonesia, he has seen his world transformed in a matter of weeks. Once on the cusp of stepping out of the slums, he and millions of others now face desperate lives of extreme poverty and malnutrition. Misery is a difficult thing to measure,

but Asia's economic crisis has been cruelest to children. Visits to dumps and

Second of three articles

slums, villages and cities, homes and workplaces across the region in the last six months paint a bleak portrait of the impact of Asia's economic crisis on its youth, and therefore, on its future.

In Indonesia, Thailand and South Korea, fast-growing economies had made it possible for millions of poor people to enjoy better living standards, cleaner and safer places to live and work, more and better education, freedom from disease and longer lives. Now Asia's poor, many of whom were just taking their first steps out of poverty, are tumbling back into conditions they thought they

had left behind forever. The situation is worst in Indonesia, a vast nation that has suffered economic catastrophe, violent political upheaval and its most severe drought in a century - all at the same time. But many of the problems being seen in Indonesia hunger and malnutrition, rising dropout rates, increasing child labor, crime and prostitution, family disintegration also are increasing in Thailand, South Korea and other Asian countries. Malnutrition in Indonesia is rising

See ASIANS, Page 8



Russian Duma Hands Yeltsin New Defeat on Chernomyrdin

Pressure Mounts on President To Pick Another Prime Minister; Central Bank Chief Resigns

By David Hoffman

MOSCOW -- The lower house of Parliament overwhelmingly rejected on Monday for a second time President Boris Yeltsin's nomination of Viktor Chemomyrdin to return as prime minister, leaving Russia without a government as the economy further unraveled and protests erupted over food shortages.

At the same time, the chairman of the central bank, Sergei Dubinin, submitted his resignation, sowing additional uncertainty about Russia's next steps as the ruble skidded against the dollar and the main Moscow currency exchange was abruptly closed once again for

The political and economic tailspin was felt not only in the capital but also in the provinces, where price increases and shortages of food have spread because of panic-buying and disrupted imports. Street rallies were held in Ivanovo, an old textile industry town east of Moscow, and in Snezhinsk, home of a nuclear weapons laboratory in the Ural Mountains, where workers said they had not been paid for five months. Many politicians said the country was directionless

at a time of intense economic crisis. "Every day of inaction brings us closer to catastrophe," said Mayor Yuri Luzhkov of Moscow, who was gaining support as a possible alternative nominee should Mr. Yeltsin decide to abandon Mr.

Chemomyrdin. Mr. Yeltsin postponed plans for an official visit to Kazakhstan, scheduled for Tuesday, so as to remain in Moscow. The Kremlin had no comment on the

Chemomyrdin vote. The Communist Party leader, Gennadi Zyuganov, said he would meet Mr. Yeltsin on Tuesday to discuss 'new candidates.'

Boris Berezovsky, the tycoon who has pushed hard for Mr. Chernomyrdin, said he was "100 percent sure" Mr. Yeltsin would name him again. But pressure

was mounting on Mr. Yeltsin to pick someone else.
The 450-member lower house, the State Duma. dominated by Communists and nationalists, later rejected Mr. Chernomyrdin by a vote of 273 to 138, with l abstention and 38 not voting. Under the constitution, Mr. Yeltsin can seek a third

ballot, and if Mr. Chernomyrdin is rejected a third time, he can appoint the prime minister of his choice, dissolve

the chamber and call new parliamentary elections.

Despite a week of lobbying by Mr. Chemomyrdin's allies, he was opposed by both the centrist Yabloko bloc under Grigori Yavlinsky and by the Communist Party, under Mr. Zyuganov. Mr. Chernomyrdin drew support from the ultranationalist bloc of Vladimir hirinovsky, and his own bloc, Our Home Is Russia.

Mr. Yeltsin's attempts to negotiate with his opponents in Parliament went nowhere during a morning 'roundtable' session in the Kremlin. According to participants and Kremlin officials, Mr. Yeltsin suggested giving Mr. Chernomyrdin a "probation time of six to eight months, but that was rejected. Mr. Yeltsin offered a watered-down political deal giving Parliament more say on cabinet appointments, but that did not meet approval either.

During debate in Parliament, Mr. Yavlinsky suggested dropping Mr. Chernomyrdin for Foreign Minister Yevgeni Primakov. Regional leaders championed the cause of Mr. Luzhkov.

Exasperated after his second defeat, Mr. Chemomyrdin furned: "It seems, the worse the better. Someone wants empty shelves, nothing in stores, people take to the streets. Indeed, the entire debate over Mr. Chernomyrdin

out grocery stores and pharmacies, prompting comons with Soviet-ern shortages. Galina Starovoitova, an independent Duma mem-ber from St. Petersburg, recalled the reforms of the last Soviet president, Mikhail Gorbachev, in reproaching

came against a backdrop of Russian shoppers buying

the Communist legislators. "You don't like anything that has been happening since perestroika started," she said. "You would like to send us back to pre-perestroika times. I congratulate you: Today you succeeded in it. Look at the stores today. After you sent away two reformist governments, the nible went down and the prices went

soaring up, and the stores are empty." Mr. Chernomyrdin's defeat came as the central bank chief, Mr. Dubinin, resigned, citing conflicts with Parliament. Mr. Dubinin, an academic, had been associated with the ruble "corridor" under which, from 1995 until this August, the government had managed to bring down high inflation and hold the currency relatively stable against the dollar. The ruble

was devalued on Aug. 17. But Mr. Dubinin had been increasingly a target of criticism as Russia's financial situation worsened. The criticism was aimed at both the bank's monetary policy and at the handling of Russia's fragile banking system during the crisis.

Andrei Illarionov, director of the Institute for Economic Analysis and a persistent critic of the central

See RUSSIA, Page 8

AGENDA

Dollar Slips After Greenspan Hints at U.S. Interest-Rate Cut

Azerbaijan's Fading Dreams of Wealth	
THE AMERICAS Page 3. Both U.S. Parties Rally Their Troops	
ASIAPACIFIC Page 4. Ousted, Answar Revises Street Politics	
EUROPE Page 7. Wary Slovakia Braces for Elections	
Books	

Nigeria Unveils Constitution **Amid Promises of Openness**

The Nigerian military ruler, General Abdulsalami Abubakar, promised greater political and economic openness Monday as he made public the country's draft constitution and said privatization would soon start.

The 204-page draft constitution will guide Africa's most populous nation after an elected, civilian government takes

He also said that those who misused funds during the rule of his late predecessor were under investigation and that foreign countries were helping track down missing cash.

General Abubakar, 56, said, "This administration is

committed to instilling transparency, accountability and probity in public life." Page 6.

For Now, Caspian's Wealth Seems Like an Alchemist's Dream

trade group.

Two-thirds of the population live in poverty.

a recent UN study reported. As in many former

Soviet republics, the life expectancy has

dropped since 1990. The United Nations

blamed the fall on declining nutritional levels.

pollution, stress and a decaying health sys-

Azerbaijan is also burdened with a huge

pool of refugees driven from their homes dur-

ing a six-year war with Armenia over the

disputed enclave of Nagomo-Karabakh,

Azerbaijan lost the war and control over the

region in 1994, and some 700,000 refugees —

1 out of 10 Azeris — are still housed in tents and container-like shelters along country roads

and in apartments abandoned by tens of thou-

Mr. Bagirov fears that Azerbaijan will give

in to the temptation to rely totally on oil to

recover from the disaster. He notes that loans

for other parts of the economy, farming in

particular, are difficult to come by. Under the

authoritarian rule of President Heydar Aliyev,

no one knows what the government spends and

sands of Armenians who fled.

By Daniel Williams Washington Past Service

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UMGAYIT, Azerbaijan — Edil Mamedov presides over a whale of an aluminum plant beached among dozens of other industrial, Soviet-age carcasses in this Caspian seaside town.

He is eagerly awaiting the offshore oil boom that promises to make his sleepy country a new Knwait, a new someplace where petroleum means vast and instant wealth. But the wealth from the huge reserves of oil in the Caspian basin has yet to touch Mr. Mamedov and his decaying plant. No orders have come in for duminum sheets, pipeline casings or any other product that might be useful in oil exploration. No trickle has trickled down.

"This is a sore point with us," he said in his big, empty office on the silent plant grounds.
"We can make things that are needed, but the drilling companies prefer to import. So the oil means little so far."

His disappointment is shared by most citizens of Azerbaijan and, for that matter, surrounding countries of the former Soviet Union that are awash in oil but also in poverty. So far, the heralded oil boom is feeding more dreams

After the collapse of the Soviet Union in 1991, major Western oil companies flocked to Azerbaijan and other countries around the Caspian Sea, eager to invest billions of dollars to tap unexploited oil and gas reserves. Caspian oil has attracted some of the biggest names in oil, among them Chevron, Mobil, British Petroleum, Agip, Unocal, Arco, Exxon, Pennzoil and the Russian company Lukoil. They are individually or in concert exploring for the crude and developing ways of getting it out of the landlocked region.

But it now appears that major revenue from oil will not arrive in Azerbaijan for another 5 to 10 years, experts predict. A huge pipeline network is needed to get the oil to market, and the pipelines must be built across difficult and sometimes hazardous territory.

Ethnic wars in the region threaten to disrupt construction and, eventually, the transport of oil. Construction will take years, and hopes of doing it on the cheap by including old segments of pipeline have faded: The aging equipment is crumbling. Falling oil prices also have made

investors wary of costs, slowing the projects. "The delay would be easier to take if we didn't know what oil can bring," Mr. Mamedov said. "We have let ourselves get excited."

There is danger in the clash of expectations and reality, the Azeri people say. Falling across Azerbaijan is the shadow of Mohammed Reza Pahiavi of Iran, the shah who was overthrown in 1979 by rebels in the name of a frustrated population divorced from the riches of oil. Already, corruption and vast disparities in income between a wealthy few and the impoverished masses have led to comparisons with prerevolutionary Iran.

"It is not hard to see, in a few years, people upset that the dream turned to dust," said Leila Yunosova, chairwoman of the Peace and Democracy Institute, a human rights watchdog.

The high expectations stem in part from Azerbaijan's storied oil past, a golden age populated by Rothschilds, Rockefellers and Nobels, big cars, ornate mansions and limitless

Sara Ashorbely is a living relic of those times. A historian by profession, at 92 she is also one of the last remaining members of a generation that grew rich off the huge pools of oil that lie beneath the basin of the Caspian

Her memories of Baku, the once graceful seaside capital of Azerbaijan, and its cosmopolitan life and optimistic outlook are like a dream for today's Azeris. "I think that when people hear about my world of the past, they see their world in the future," she said in a

In Ms. Ashorbely's writings, oil over the centuries seemed as much a magic potion as an industrial commodity. In the 17th century, white oil, used for lacquer, was scooped up from the ground by the bucketful. Omately labeled clay cubes were used to transport lamp oil to Persia. Silkworm breeders used it because its smoke seemed to energize the worms.

Ms. Ashorbely's own story is filled equally with romance — and despair. Her grandfather, a shepherd, discovered oil oozing from pastures and went into business with the Rothschilds to produce kerosene and eventually gasoline for automobiles. Early in the 20th century, Azerbaijan was producing half the

UT the life of private schools, tea under a grape arbor and conversations in French ended with the Bolshevik takeover in 1919. A new, harder-edged romance began: Azerbaijan would nourish Stalin's vast industrialization campaigns and giant war machine. Ms. Ashorbely married a Communist Party official, but her father was killed in a Stalinist purge. Her old family home became a Soviet museum, and she turned to history. "Oil has been everything for this country, and perhaps that is the problem," she said.

Azeris keenly feel that the second coming of an oil boom should not be squandered. Already there are many signs to suggest that even when the riches flow, benefits may be low to the



"It is hard to speak of an oil boom when a "The government feels satisfied that Azerbaijan is already a superstate. But frankly, it is more smoke than reality," Mr. Bagirov said. fifth of the work force leaves the country to find jobs," said Sabit Bagirov, president of the Entrepreneurship Development Foundation, a

UMGAYIT, for instance, has already been deeply frustrated. The city sits on the north shore of the oil-rich Asperon Peninsula, opposite Baku. It is a graveyard of Azerbaijan's industrial past. Sumgayit was conceived as a model of

Soviet planning: Oil would fuel an industrial complex of aluminum, ceramic, glass, petrochemical and other industries. Energy was in effect free and the market guaranteed. Efficiency and quality were unimportant. Blocks of five-story houses were built for workers. With the collapse of the Soviet Union, the market disappeared, and with the transit to a market economy, free fuel was no longer available. Factories shut down.

"If some of these factories were working, things would be better," said Rashid Zenalov, a construction worker from a village near Nagomo-Karabakh. Mr. Zenalov, 61, his wife and five children live in an apartment block that had been condemned but now houses

dozens of destitute refugee families. If there is a boom face to Azerbaijan, it is glowing in Baku. Foreign oil companies have renovated the turn-of-the-century mansions of

better,' he says. several former oil barons, air-conditioned grocery stores stand on several downtown corners

Beneath the glitter deep problems persist, though. The city suffers from chronic water shortages and electrical brownouts. Potholes make roads into obstacle courses. All are

Mr. Shirinov is a beneficiary of the lure of oil for foreigners. He rents buildings to foreign companies and founded a bank that in turn finances several other businesses: a super-

Government officials urge patience. In the style of Soviet-era functionaries, which many of them were, they predict that the petroleum riches will give rise to a new kind of Azeri who will be both industrious and corruption-free. "This is a time of transition," said Namik Nasrullayev, the economics minister. "Our people are used to getting things for free. Free energy, free handouts. They don't yet understand that in the global economy, one must work hard, one must strike out on one's own."

Canadian Navy Detects Flight 111's 2d Recorder

nadian Navy said Monday it was confident it had detected the signal from Swissair Flight 111's second "black

box," the cockpit voice recorder.
The signal was picked up Monday by a Canadian submarine, according to a navy spokesman.

The voice recorder would reveal other noises in the cockpit besides the pilots' conversation with controllers, a transcript of which was released Saturday.

Divers working in 190-foot (58-meter) waters recovered the plane's other 'black box," the flight data recorder, on Sunday, in the first major breakthrough for crash investigators trying to determine why the MD-11 jetliner plunged into the sea Wednesday night off the coast of the fishing village of Peggy's Cove, killing all 229 people on

The flight data recorder was flown to a laboratory in Ottawa. If it is in good condition, it would provide more than 100 types of data that could help explain why the plane's cockpit filled with smoke and why the pilots' emergency conversation with traffic controllers was cut off

six minutes before the crash. Divers also were trying to confirm that three large pieces of wreckage found near the flight data recorder are sections of the plane's fuselage.
"Some of them are squashed," said

Captain Phil Webster, a spokesman for the Canadian Navy. "It's in very poor shape, but it is visible and it looks like an

aircraft fuselage."

Though officials have declined to give an updated figure of how many bodies have been recovered, they have indicated that most remain in the sea. Recovery of the fuselage could also lead to recovery of many more bodies.

A U.S. Navy rescue and salvage ship embarked Sunday from Philadelphia to assist in the possible recovery of large aircraft parts.

Correction

An article Saturday incorrectly identified the wife of the ousted finance minister of Malaysia, Anwar Ibrahim. She is Azizah Ismail.

The Grapple, which assisted in the HALIFAX, Nova Scotia — The Cadeep-sea investigation of the TWA adian Navy said Monday it was con-Flight 800 crash in July 1996, carries equipment capable of lifting 300 tons, plus more than 30 divers. It is expected to reach Nova Scotia on Wednesday.

The Swissair plane crashed 16 minutes after the pilots reported smoke in the cockpit and decided to attempt an emergency landing. The plane, about an hour into its flight from Kennedy International Airport to Geneva, started toward the Halifax airport, but made two sharp turns as it tried to descend and dump fuel. In Zurich, Swissair officials said they

had reconstructed the final phase of the flight, based on information from Canadian investigators. They said the plane could not have made a direct approach to Halifax from where it made the first distress call because it was flying too high and was too heavy with 30 tons of fuel.

The call was made 70 miles (115 kilometers) out of Halifax, but the pilots would have needed 130 miles to make a direct landing, said Swissair's chief pilot, Rainer Hiltebrand. But he said that attempting to land in Halifax was still better than trying for Boston, which the

pilots initially suggested to controllers. Alan Wolk, a U.S. pilot and aviation lawyer, said Sunday that Flight 111's pilot, Urs Zimmermann, showed an initinl lack of urgency and should have begun an emergency descent sooner. "The MD-11 could have been landed

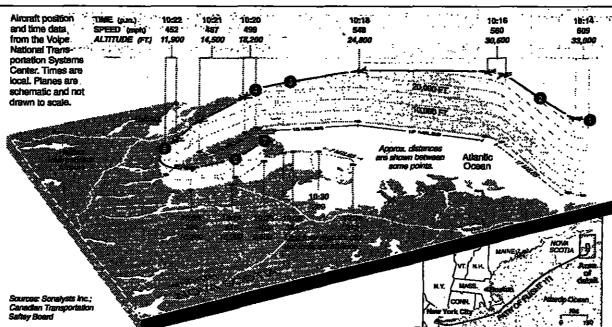
overweight without difficulty," he said. 'We have learned from aircraft fires historically that the only procedure that has a prayer of avoiding an accident is the quickest possible descent and landing." At a military air base outside Halifax,

pathologists continued the grim and technically difficult task of trying to identify the badly fragmented human remains that have been retrieved from

the crash site thus far.

John Butt, Nova Scotia's chief medical examiner, said he had been groping for gentle ways to convey to the victims' families that few of them would get mostly intact bodies of their loved ones.

Dr. Butt also said he had been seeking advice from the medical officials who handled body identification after the crash of TWA Flight 800 off the south shore of New York's Long Island.



An Emergency Call

Excerpts of the conversation between the crew of Swissair Flight 111 and air traffic controllers.

CONTROLLER

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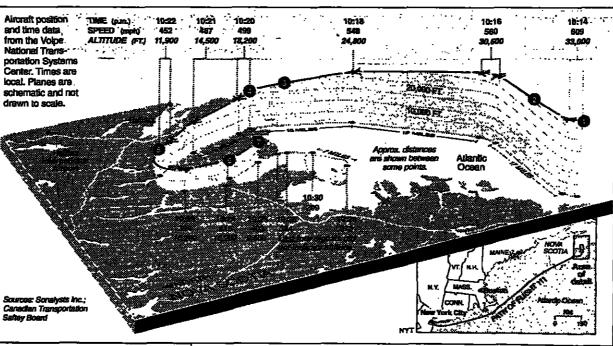
111 Yes, vector for six will be fine. Swissair 111 heavy. CONTROLLER... OCONTROLLER
...you've got 30 miles to fly to the itsreshold

111 We need more than 30 miles ...
CONTROLLER... turn left ... to lose some altitude 111... Roger, we are turning left. 🕝 111. . . We must dump some fuel. We may

CONTROLLER C.K. try O.K. we are able for a left or right turn toward the south to dump ... controller Roger, turn left heading of 200 degrees and advise the when you are ready to

111... We are declaring an emergency at the time zero-one-two-four . . . We are starting vent now. We have to land immediately. CONTROLLER Swissair 111, you are cleared to commence your fuel dump on that track and advise me when that dump is completed.

CONTROLLER Swissair 111, check, you are cleared to start final dump. About six minutes later the plane crass



TRAVEL UPDATE

Europe Truckers Unite

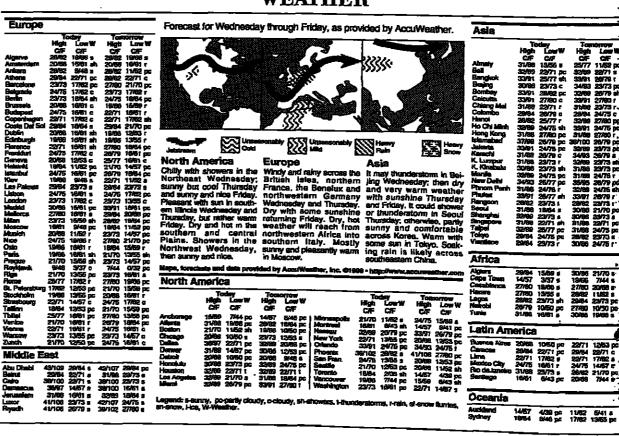
PARIS (AFP) — Traffic delays may hit ports and border crossings across Europe and elsewhere Tuesday when truckers plan a day of action worldwide to protest long working hours.

Led by the International Transport Workers' Federation and the Federation of Transport Workers' Unions in the European Union, truck and bus drivers plan go-slows, rallies and leafleting at border crossings, main roads and ports.

In France, the militant Force Ouvriere union said it planned to set up. roadblocks at the Belgian, Spanish, Luxembourg, Italian and German borg ders. Cars will be let through, but not

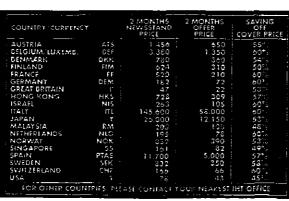
Talks aimed at ending a nine-day-old strike by pilots at Northwest Airlines have been recessed for two days. Negotiations resume Tuesday. (Reuters),

WEATHER



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AZERBALJAN Rashid Zenalov, a

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hay From Politics

construction worker from a village near Nagorno-Karabakh, lives in an apartment block that was condemned but now houses dozens of refugee families in Sumgayit, a city conceived as a model of Soviet planning but now a graveyard of Azerbaijan's industrial past. If some of working, things would be

these factories were

and two fancy hotels have been built. Italian clothing stores have opened along refurbished pedestrian malls.

symptoms of an aging public infrastructure.
"On the surface, Baku looks better and better, but beneath it all, we are rotting," said Rafail Shirinov, one of the newly wealthy.

market, warehouses, a distributorship for American-made furniture and a private club.

THE AMERICAS

Turned-Off Voters May Shun Polls

Both Parties Seek to Rally Their Troops for High-Stakes Election

By David S. Broder and Thomas B. Edsall Washington Post Service

WASHINGTON - The prospect of a high-stakes but low-turnout election for the House and Senate has both main parties, their candidates and key interest groups scrambling to spur their own most reliable voters to the polls on Nov. 3.

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Most signs suggest that the demographics of a shrunken electorate, if it turns out that way, will favor the Repubicans. The higher the income and education levels, the more likely people are to vote. In addition, recent polls in-

dicate that the highest levels of interest in the outcome can be found among those angry at President Bill Clinton and conservative religious voters placing top priority on moral values. Women, who have tended to favor Democrats. are more likely to stay home. As a consequence, fewer

and fewer Democrats cling to the notion of salvaging their once-bright hopes for gains in the House, and most are focused more on avoiding losses on the scale of the 1994 rout. Faced with the prospect of an all-time low turnout, cam-

ballot. Some analysts predict funds in stocks.

Steve Rosentl voters who actually vote could drop beneath the 36 percent seen in two of the last three midterm elections.

Who cares what every adult thinks?" asked a Re-right, it has the potential to be publican strategist. "It's as strong for us as Medicare" totally not germane to this election."

In the next eight weeks, phone banks and targeted mailings will be the weapons of choice. Expensive TV ads may be wasted because most viewers will not vote.

The battle — between Republicans seeking to convert fragile majorities into a firm command of Congress and Democrats struggling to hold their own — will in all like-lihood be determined by tiny slices of the electorate. Slight upticks or down-

turns in the participation of such groups as Christian conservatives, union members, middle-aged white men and single working women can make all the difference. Older voters also loom dis-

proportionately large in a low-turnout year, and Democrats are hoping that the tur-moil in the stock market will enhance their ability to make bogeymen of Republicans paigns from both sides now who advocate "privatizing" are worrying mainly about Social Security retirement those people likely to cast a benefits and investing those

Republican candidate for gov-ernor of California, said that Steve Rosenthal, the AFLamong likely voters, 10 per-CIO political director, said. cent more Republicans than "I'm not sure that issue is enough to offset all the pro-Democrats express a strong in-Republican voting demoterest in the coming election. graphics, but if we handle it

peated nationally this fall.

health maintenance organiza-

tions— their favorite issues.

The prizes for those who right, it has the potential to be can bolster turnouts of core supporters or suppress it was in past campaigns. among hostile constituencies Democrats also hope the can be enormous.

In Washington, the elecunexpected success of organtion will decide whether Reized labor in turning out publicans expand their shaky 11-vote margin in the House voters from union households in the California primary, into a solid majority and add when an anti-union initiative was on the ballot, can be reenough Senate seats to reach 60, which allows them firm But they fear that the focus control of the Senate. on Mr. Clinton's admission of

In individual states, the an improper relationship with political stakes are even lar-Monica Lewinsky may block ger. The winners of the 36 their ability to get through to voters on Social Security, the legislative battles will be, after the 2000 census, in a education and reform of position to determine how the lines are drawn for congres-Republicans, in turn, are sional and legislative districts moving aggressively to turn the Clinton scandal into a throughout the first decade of the new millennium.

In addition, they will be in a powerful weapon to build turnout among those angry at the president. A poll released position to provide organized support for their party's pres-idential nominee in 2000. Friday by Dan Lungren, the



INDEPENDENCE DAY — Pedro Zylbernstajn, 6, saluting at a Brasilia parade Monday between his grandfather, President Fernando Henrique Cardoso, left, and Zenildo Zoroastro de Lucena, army chief of staff.

POLITICAL NOTES

Bradley Plots Presidential Run

SURFCITY, New Jersey — In his Hall of Fame career with the New York Knicks, Bill Bradley lacked the insouciant grace of a natural athlete. Instead, his were the precise rhythms of a workaholic who had practiced every move, from his signature pull-up jumpers to his scoop shots and reverse dribbles, hundreds of thousands of times.

So it is these days with Bill Bradley the politician. In his methodical way, Mr. Bradley, 55, has begun building the firchitecture for a presidential campaign in 2000, piece by tiny piece. Though he says he has not decided whether to run—he says he will make up his mind by the end of the year - he is falking more seriously about it with close advisers, and taking more concrete steps to prepare for it, than at any other time since 1988, when he was first mentioned as a possible presidential contender.

Mr. Bradley's advisers say that his goal is to have a shadow campaign in place so that if he does run, he will be able to assemble quickly a powerful political and fund-raising network. He will need one to compete with other likely Demo-

cratic candidates who have been building campaign and for years, particularly Vice President Al Gore.

"This is not just him flirting with the idea" of running for president, said Representative Robert Menendez, Democrat of New Jersey, a friend of Mr. Bradley. "This is someone who has steadfastly plodded along toward that goal. He is just the produce of the produc

Republicans Relish Gore's Woes

INDIANAPOLIS — At a House subcommittee hearing here the other day, Representative Mark Souder, Republican of Indiana, complained that Vice President Al Gore, or "Mr. Technowhiz" as he called him, was not providing leadership in resolving the year 2000 computer programming problem. known as Y2K.

"Unfortunately," replied the hearing's opening witness, Steve Forbes, the magazine publisher, "he's sweating on other things." The audience laughed knowingly.

For Mr. Forbes and other potential Republican presidential contenders in 2000, the fact that Mr. Gore is "sweating on other things" - be it the evolving fallout from the Monica Lewinsky scandal or a preliminary campaign finance investigation centered on the vice president himself — is far from unfortunate. Suddenly, Mr. Gore, still the clear favorite to win the Democratic nomination, seems less formidable than he did a few months ago - and the Republican presidential

nomination more enticing.

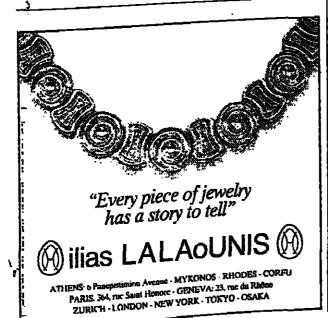
Greg Stevens, a Republican consultant, said, "This, of course, can all change, but I do think there is a sense out there that Republicans are going to reap big benefits from this and if the Republicans nominate a good candidate, we're going to be in the White House." (WP)

Away From Politics

 A Lowell, Massachusetts, hospital has fired two nurses and suspended two other workers after a new mother was given the wrong baby to nurse. HIV and other viruses can be contracted through transmission of bodily fluids such as breast

• Pikes Peak, a beacon to pioneers and gold seekers in the Old West, is being wrecked by runoff from the gravel road 300,000 sightseers use each year to reach its 14,110-foot (4,300-meter) summit, environmentalists say. The Sierra Club is suing the city of Colorado Springs and the U.S. Forest Service to force them to pave the 19-mile road.

• Two people were killed when wind from severe thun-derstorms toppled a tree onto their tent at the New York State Fair in downtown Syracuse. The state fair was canceled as heavy hail, rain and lightning battered the central part of the state, where meteorologists clocked 75-mph (120-kilometerper-hour) winds.





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VICTORIA FALLS FORUM HOTEL

ASIA PACIFIC

ASIA/PACIFIC

Malaysia Street Politics

Are Revived by Anwar

By Thomas Fuller

capital and no one quite knows what to

Anwar Ibrahim, dismissed last week

as Malaysia's second most powerful

man in government, is drawing nightly

crowds of hundreds of supporters, greet-

ing them in his slippers and delivering

eloquent sermons on political reform and the need to wipe out corruption.

Malaysia has not seen this kind of

On Monday night, Mr. Anwar ad-

dressed the largest crowd since Prime Minister Mahathir bin Mohamad re-

moved him as the country's deputy

Several thousand people stood in his

yard and in the streets around his house, occasionally chanting "Reformasi! Re-

formasi!" — the rallying cry of the

Indonesian student movement.

Any political comeback for Mr. Anwar, 51, is viewed as extremely difficult.

He is both outside government and has

been ousted from the party that brought

him political power. But Mr. Anwar,

whose support among the Malay majority

in the country still runs deep, now poses a

to Mr. Mahathir as Malaysia plans to be

host to thousands of athletes and spec-

tators later this week for the Common-

leave his house for fear of arrest, had the

end" and he refuted the allegations of

sedition, treason, and sexual indiscretion

vestigating.
"I have a family. I have a wife and

children. I have friends and supporters,"

he said in the cadence of preacher. "And now you insult them. You deny them

from knowing the truth. What kind of justice is that?"

In the crowd were engineers, account-

ants and marketing executives, a stock

By Celia W. Dugger

New York Times Service

e have been marooned on the tin roofs

River engulfed them in the longest-last-

make sure their daughters, Taslima, 4,

and Shujon, 2, do not roll off the plat-

form where they sleep and drown in the

tea-brown water that laps a few feet

"All my crops were destroyed. Where

will I get seeds to plant next year?"

twice as long as any other recorded.

The waters have inundated more than

people, closed many roads, damaged

more than 4,000 schools, wiped out a big

chunk of the rice crop and threaten to

bring deadly diarrhea and other dis-

million, but that is less than a tenth of aftermath.

Mohammed Harunuddin Sheikh and

their homesteads even as the Jamuna two months."

He is also a personal embarrassment

populist threat to the government.

prime minister and finance minister

street politics in decades.

national Herald Tribune

PAC!

puses with riot police and locking profesters inside.

armed ethnic insurgents and reduce the government to controlling little more than the capital."

While sketching out scenarios that could lead to destabilization on a national scale, the Burma analyst and others emphasized that strife among the coterie of leading generals would most likely be the ture and all their weapons.

Supporters Flock to Hear Ousted Minister hear Mr. Anwar's side of the story. Jamal, 31, a marketing student in a masters program, said he had come to listen KUALA: UMPUR — Something pe- to Mr. Anwar speak every day since he culiar is happening at a large house in a was ousted from the government. "We posh neighborhood of the Malaysian cannot rely on newspapers for news," he said, cradling his two-year-old son in his

> A woman in a blue floral dress who refused to give her name said she came to find out "the truth about why he was

The size of the crowd on Monday was unusual for Malaysia, where overt and vociferous political dissent has not been tolerated during the past few decades. Street politics died in 1974," said

Syed Husin Ali, a government critic who was detained by police that year fol-lowing demonstrations on campuses protesting poverty in the country.

Hauled off to prison with him was Mr.

Anwar, at the time a leader of a radical Islamic student movement. Mr. Anwar spent 22 months in prison. Mr. Syed six

"I think there will be quite a substantial grass-roots following for him," Mr. Syed said of Mr. Anwar. "That might be able to change the face of things in Malaysia." On Monday, an Islamic student group, which claims a membership of 100,000, said it was '100 percent behind Anwar." Mr. Mahathir, meanwhile, has taken total control over the government. On Monday, he appointed himself finance minister and chose a close political ally to run the central bank. Mr. Mahathir is also in charge of the Home Ministry, which

Mr. Anwar, who says he is afraid to includes the national police force. Perhaps more important for Mr. Ansame message Monday as previous nights: He vowed to "fight until the war, the prime minister also keeps a close eye on the country's newspapers and television stations. In 1987, during the last period of political uncertainty - all of which police say they are inand the last economic downturn, three newspapers were shut down by Mr. Ma-

hathir's government. Mr. Anwar says he is not deterred. "The more the newspapers attack us, the bigger the crowd," he said over the weekend. "People have opened up their eyes, no matter how strong the propaganda is. We are dealing with a new breed of Malaysians. They read but they boy at a local Coca Cola bottling plant do not believe. This is a healthy sign for and students. Many said they came to Malaysia."

In Bangladesh's Epic Flood, No Haven

With Half of Nation Submerged and Rice Destroyed, Disease Looms

of the poorest nations on earth.

of their shacks, unwilling to abandon alone. But the flood has stayed on for squalling on cots.

ing flood in the history of this disasterneed to help the victims of the epic prone country.

The flood in the history of this disasterneed to help the victims of the epic flooding in China, the famine in Sudan

low. dump garbage, people are throwing it into the putrid floodwaters. And since

us," he said as he gestured at the vast the poor have no toilets, the waters are

20 million Bangladeshis whose homes Dhaka division of the national Depart-

half the country, killed more than 520 through it and wash their dishes in it and

In an interview, the prime minister, died of the disease. The World Bank

Sheikh Hasina Wazed, pleaded for in- estimates that 3.5 million of the 125

ternational aid. So far, relief agencies million Bangladeshis will be afflicted

and foreign donors have pledged \$82 with diarrhea during the flood and its

even drink it.

his wife, Sufia, keep all-night vigils to sponse to Bangladesh's calamity.

expanse of water surrounding his home. soiled with their waste.

have been swamped by monsoon floods ment of Environment, that have lasted almost two months, Slum dwellers espec

what she has requested in food, medicine

CHOR SHIBOLA, Bangladesh — "Without help, the people will sufFor two months, the people of this vilfer," she said. "At first we thought we Diarrheal Disease and Research, hun-

Relief officials here worry that the

The misery is not limited to the coun-

Slum dwellers especially have no es-

cape. In places the water has turned black and thick, but people still wade

Already more than 130,000 Bangladeshis have developed diarrhea, a

wasting condition spread by foul water

and rotting food, and more than 100 have

"Water is everywhere, but you can't hungry.

and war in Congo has slowed the re-

ill I get seeds to plant next year?"
use it for any purpose," said MoThe causes of this disaster
hammed Reazuddin, who directs the ways as murky as the water.

and reconstruction of Bangladesh, one floods recede because of the filthy

would be able to address this situation dreds of babies and children lie listless or

tryside. More than half of Dhaka, a cap- day he sloshed into the floodwaters to

ital of 9 million people, is flooded — catch fish with his bare including its landfills. With no place to days he caught nothing.

sludge left behind.

eningly still.



Riot police blocking off a Phnom Penh street Monday as student sought to march against Hun Sen's crackdown on protesters who have challenged the victory by the prime minister's party in July elections.

CAMBODIA: Gunfire in Phnom Penh as Hun Sen Cracks Down

Continued from Page 1

parliamentary election, held July 26, in which Mr. Hun Sen was declared the

Prince Ranariddh and Mr. Sam Rainsy say that the election was marred by irregularities. They are demanding a review of the ballots and new voting in areas where they question the results. They have said they will block the formation of a new government at the

end of this month by denying Mr. Hun Sen the coalition he needs to gain the required two-thirds of parliamentary The official election results give Mr. Hun Sen's party 64 seats, Prince Ranar-iddh's party 43 seats and Mr. Sam

Rainsy's party 15 seats in the 122-seat National Assembly.

The turmoil Monday erupted when three hand grenades were thrown at Mr.

Hun Sen's residence. Mr. Hun Sen rarely stays at his Phnom Penh house, preferring a palatial, heav-

The incidence will increase after the

Alea Begum, a widow, brought in her

son, Moieen, 12, and she now rests her

hand on his bony chest. He is fright-

This wraith of a boy, his eyes over-

large in a gaunt face, is the family bread-

winner because his father is dead. Each

catch fish with his bare hands. Some

enough fish to sell for 25 taka, about 50

cents. That kept him, his mother and his

two little sisters from always going

The causes of this disaster are in some

Bangladesh has had heavier than usu-

al monsoon rains this year, but most of

the floodwater has come from the great

rivers that rise in the Himalayas, course

through India, then empty into Bangla-

northern India, have contributed to ex-

tensive flooding there, killing more than

1,000, leaving millions homeless and

Officials said Sunday that the Ganges

had risen past its highest recorded level,

surpassing the crest reached in 1988 when floods killed more than 2,000

swelling the Ganges as it rushes through

the Indian plains toward Bangladesh.

Torrential rains in Uttar Pradesh, in

On others he managed to snare

the northern city of Siem Reap for highly publicized meetings with King Noro-

Speaking angrily at a news conference in Siem Reap, Mr. Hun Sen immediately said the grenade attack appeared to be a coup attempt.

"The arrests are to start from this hour," he said. "How many people will be arrested is up to the prosecutors to decide. We urge the people who are to be arrested not to resist.

Speaking of Mr. Sam Rainsy, he said, They called for soldiers, police to shoot me, to overthrow me. They called on the United States to fire missiles at my house. But when he could not succeed, he used this act of terrorism. So I think it has come to a stage where legal action must be taken against this terrorist leader."

■ Police Fire Into Air Near Crowd

Military police fired hundreds of shots into the air to disperse about 600 people gathered near the luxury hotel where Sam Rainsy, the main target of ily guarded compound south of the city. Hun Sen's crackdown, was taking For the past several days he has been in refuge, The Associated Press reported

BHUTAN

people, Agence France-Presse report-

desh would last just a few weeks, then

the waters would empty into the Bay of

Bengal. This year is different because

the sea level is higher, trapping the flood

in low-lying Bangladesh. Stagnant wa-

ters breed mosquitoes that swarm the

streets of Dhaka, leading relief workers

to fear an outbreak of malaria.

offer some possible reasons.

rivers that rush into Bangladesh.

But normally the floods in Bangla-

INDIA

been thrown from one or two passing motorcycles over the gates of Mr. Hun Sen's residence in the capital. No one was injured, and the only damage appeared to be a shattered window.

said there was "already a request" for the immediate arrest of Mr. Sam Rainsy. Prince Ranariddh, whom Mr. Hun Sen deposed as first prime minister in a coup

Mr. Sam Rainsy's supporters were gathered outside the hotel where the op-position leader was meeting with UN officials when about 30 military police arrived and began scuffling with bystanders and later, shooting into the air.

return to freely contest the elections.

Assembly until midnight to clear out.

INDONESIA:

Continued from Page 1

that he had spirited money away to banks abroad. He and his family and cronies are under investigation for the wealth they acquired over the past three de-

The official Antara news agency reported that rioting broke out Monday in already something of a revolution: He is the town of Kebumen on the main island not using guns. Instead, in a style he has of Java after a dispute erupted with an perfected over the last few years, some ethnic Chinese businessman. Ethnic diplomats say he is taunting Mr. Hun Chinese are often targeted because they Sen's government to use its guns against are perceived as being more wealthy. At him, to discredit itself and make martyrs least nine shops were set ablaze and of him and his followers. troops were dispatched to contain the

There were no immediate reports of injuries. Several riots have erupted in with mounting unemployment and high prices as the result of an economic crisis that broke out last year. The Internaup to two-thirds of the 200 million people in Indonesia will be living below the poverty line by the end of next

Officials here say they lack the sophisticated equipment to analyze the reasons for the higher sea level, but they They say earthquakes that shook the floor of the Indian Ocean last month may be a factor. They also wonder whether global warming is causing both the sea level to rise and snows to melt in greater volume in the Himalayas, feeding the

This Sunday's full moon will keep the Some demonstrators, however, sea level high, but A.T.M. Huda, the secretary of the ministry of water resources, said he believed the waters around the Parliament grounds in an would begin receding by mid-Septem- atmosphere that lacked the tension and broad support of the protests in May.

The authorities said the grenades had

Shortly after the attack, Mr. Hun Sen

last year, also could be arrested, he said.

Mr. Sam Rainsy's party said that it had no information about the grenade attack and that any arrest would violate an agreement with Secretary-General Kofi Annan of the United Nations that opposition leaders who fled after the coup could

Mr. Hun Sen earlier gave another group of protesters near the National

Demonstrators in Jakarta demanded that the government lower prices. At least 1,000 protesters turned out earlier in the day but by nightfall only about 300 demonstrators remained at the Parliament building in a stand-off with riot police. Security forces sat on the ground, holding riot shields in front of them to prevent the students from passing the

walked past soldiers sleeping on their flak jackets on the grass and milled

A Cambodian Who Disdains Rotten People, Rotten System'

By Seth Mydans New York Times Service

PHNOM PENH - "Read this," said Sam Rainsy, stepping out of the room to dress for a political rally. "A different point of view.

It was a pro-government newspaper with a front-page editorial that declared, "Mr. Sam Rainsy, the Machiavellian, maverick, opportunistic, selfish, foolish and irresponsible politician, a self-proclaimed opposition leader, must be prosecuted to the full extent of the law.

It is a familiar characterization here in a country where Mr. Sam Rainsy, 49. seems intent on keeping the political pot boiling until he can achieve his goals. Not only the government but also many diplomats see him as a power-hungry spoiler too convinced of his own righteousness to even consider a compromise with his rivals.

Of course, Mr. Sam Rainsy's own view and that of many Cambodians is different. He sees himself, as do his many supporters here and abroad, as a democratic idealist who has "lost any illusion about working with rotten

people in a rotten system. He is ready to paralyze Parliament, to bring down the government, to force this exhausted and poverty-stricken country into a new round of elections and confrontations if that is what it takes to

achieve what he calls a revolution. "I dream of a modern Cambodia," he said, returning from his bedroom in a clean white shirt. "I have lived more than half my life in Europe, and I have spent many months in the United States and I can see the difference between a modern society and a backward society.

'To me, a modern Cambodia means, first, the rule of law. It sounds elementary, but it is crucial. Without that, we just have a fendalistic system of warlords, of people who have guns and money and who are just above the law."

He was clearly referring to the powers structure of Hun Sen, who has led the country — first as a Communist, then as a prime minister, then as leader of a coup for most of the last two decades.

They pretend we have a market economy, but I call it a jungle economy," Mr. Sam Rainsy said. "The difference is, there is no legal framework. This is a real revolution because they are Students Demonstrate powerfully entrenched interests.

Six weeks after a parliamentary elec-tion in which his party, the Sam Rainsy Party, finished a distant third, he has brought the country to a standstill with a vigorous campaign of protests and rallies and political maneuvers that threaten to block the formation of a new government.

In Cambodian terms, his campaign is

On March 30, 1997, unknown assailants threw four grenades at a rally he was leading in a park, killing 16 people and wounding more than 100. Mr. Sam recent weeks as Indonesians struggle Rainsy blamed Mr. Hun Sen for the attack; Mr. Hun Sen said Mr. Sam Rainsy himself was behind it.

Now, for the last two weeks, Mr. Sam tional Labor Organization estimates that Rainsy has led thousands of people in a rambunctious sit-in at the same park, which he has called Democracy Square.

Through determination, intelligence, political astrateness and physical courage — and with the partnership of his wife, Saumura — Mr. Sam Rainsy has become a powerful political force.

Speaking of him and his wife, a Western analyst with long experience in Cambodia said, "They are people who have a zeal and who see themselves as his torical figures in a struggle for the future of Cambodia." Largely because of his efforts, the

parliamentary election held on July 26 has produced only political turmoil. In a vote Mr. Sam Rainsy disputes, the election was won by Mr. Hun Sen's Cambodian People's Party, which took 64 of the 122 seats.

BURMA: Military Rounds Up 110 Members of Dissident Party

Continued from Page 1

power in Burma. The same tactic of isolating potential troublemakers appeared to be the government's central motivation for the arrests Sunday and Monday and for its swift police action to contain and isolate student protesters in recent weeks. In past years, student unrest has sparked national uprisings.

One Rangoon-based diplomat said that the government "is fully aware that organized unrest must quickly be isolated within the capital so it won't

versity campuses and have encouraged people to move to townships across the river," the diplomat said by telephone. Authorities have reacted quickly to recent student unrest by ringing cam-

A Bangkok-based Burma analyst said. "The most dangerous thing I see for stability is not in Rangoon, but unrest in Mandalay which could then spread to nearby towns, draw in the

only sign of instability in the near term,

though not even that was certain.

"The fact of the matter is that few people apart from the military want to preserve the status quo," a Rangoon-based analyst said. "But they have the guns and the discipline and I would not want to underestimate their ability to enforce order."

Beyond turmoil among the inner circle of generals, analysts and diplomats said it was possible the country's economic collapse could drive maverick provincial commanders to sever ties with the central government.

Some described a scenario where portions of the disciplined but poorly paid Burmese Army would break off from control by Rangoon, with regional commanders forming personal fief-doms and alliances with armed insurgent groups. Burma has a long history of warlordism and many commanders are already responsible for raising most of the funds necessary to feed and finance

the soldiers under their command. Burma is home to some of the world's longest running insurgency movements and has been described as a potential Yugoslavia of ethnic-based strife.

While the Rangoon government is proud of arranging cease-fires with all but one of Burma's 16 armed insurgent groups, most of these ethnic minorities have kept their military command struc-

The fragile cease-fire agreements will come under further strain as a cash shortage makes it difficult for Rangoon to deliver on promises of economic de-

Many of the road projects tied to the cease-fire pacts with ethnic groups have been delayed or already have fallen through. In addition to straining ceasefires, one diplomat said that failed promises of economic aid from Rangoon would increase dependence of northern ethnic groups on their tradi-

tional cash crop, opium.

Burma is a devoutly religious country and Buddhist temples have long been fertile ground for nationalist movements. Monks number among the country's most revered martyrs to independence.

Adolescent Burmese commonly don monk robes for a period of several months, creating a direct link between future student activists and the temples they once served.

Monks in Mandalay, who played a key role in the anti-government demonstrations of 1988, rampaged through the city desecrating mosques in March last year. Diplomats and analysts cite the incident, sparked by improbable ru-mors, as an example of the country's simmering civil discontent and how monks can spread unrest. Daw Aung San Suu Kyi garners wide respect among the religious community (or her ability to embody traditional beliefs.



SEOUL — South Korea approved plans Monday by the Hyundai conglomerate to offer sightseeing tours of a scenic mountain in North Korea. The project will be the first major joint venture between

the hostile Korean states and give the North a new source of badly needed foreign currency.

"All except some minor details have been set, and the

first ship will be able to depart as scheduled," said a Hyundai spokesman, Kim Jong Su. Hyundai won North Korean approval in June to begin a cruise ship tour to Diamond Mountain, a tourist site on the North's east coast. Hyundai hopes to start sending up to

2,000 tourists a week beginning Sept. 25.
Visitors will be allowed to hike Diamond Mountain, but travel outside the mountain will be banned. The visitors will return to their ships at the end of each day, Hyundai officials

Hong Kong Airport Probe Opens

HONG KONG-- An independent commission opened a 12-week inquiry Monday into the initial chaos at Hong Kong's new Chek Lap Kok airport and was expected to explore the causes for huge cargo-related losses.

The \$20 billion airport, long touted as a state-of-the-art showpiece, became the focus of widespread anger and deep embarrassment for Hong Kong's year-old government when it opened to a host of problems after the first commercial flight landed on July 6.

The commission, formed in late July by the chief executive of Hong Kong, Tung Chee-hwa, is headed by a dengue fever.

senior judge, Woo Kwok-hing. Edgar Cheng, former chairman of the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong, is the other person appointed to the investigating team.

Gunmen Kill Karachi Prosecutor

KARACHI, Pakistan - Gunmen on a motorbike killed a Pakistani lawyer on Monday who is prosecuting two Iraman engineers for murder, the police said.

The lawyer, Sardar Khan, 50, was shot by unidentified gunmen outside a school in Karachi where he had just dropped off his children, the police said. Doctors said he was hit in the neck and chest.

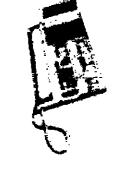
Mr. Khan was scheduled to conclude his arguments at a terrorist court Monday against seven members of a militant Sunni faction who were arrested for the murder of two Iranian engineers last February.

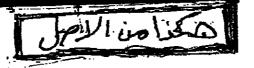
The Iranians, who were working on a construction bridge, were shot and killed as they were strolling near the

Manila Posts Dengue Fever Toll

MANILA - At least 202 people have died in the Philippines of dengue fever, and more than 11,200 others have been hospitalized with the disease in the first eight months of this year, the Department of Health said Mon-

The department revised the toll after reports from rural areas reached Manila, and said it did not reflect a major new surge in the disease. Last month, it said 114 people had died and more than 7,750 had been hospitalized because of





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By Donald G. McNeil Jr. New York Times Service

JOHANNESBURG — Meanwhile, 10,000 kilometers to the south ...

While President Bill Clinton, representative of the world's lone superpower, was in Moscow last week bearhugging Boris Yeltsin, master of a former superpower, leaders from 113 countries were holding another summit meeting in Durban, South Africa.

It was the 12th meeting of the Nonaligned Movement, which was founded in 1961, largely at the urging of India,

Indonesia and Yugoslavia, as a forum for nations that were neither pro-U.S. nor pro-Soviet and considered themselves the blades of grass that suffer whenever elephants got together in Moscow and Washington.

With the Cold War past, the week began with reporters pestering them with the question: "Nonaligned to what?"

The diplomats had a ready answer: Nonaligned to a world that still reflects post-World War II and colonialist priorities. Nonaligued to a global economy in which small countries lose their shirts overnight when speculators dump their

currency. Nonaligned to a United Na-tions where the Big Five still have the veto and will risk their soldiers' lives in Bosnia but not in Congo or Rwanda.

As the week went on, the official agenda was eclipsed by talks about the Congo war. As they ended with no ceasefire and talk about further talks, the focus shifted back to the main nonevent.

The chief issues the delegates were said to be discussing were not those topping the Clinton-Yeltsin agenda in scow. Besides Congo, they included U.S. cruise missile attacks on sites in Afghanistan and Sudan, the switch by India and Pakistan from nonnuclear to nuclear states and Libya's hesitation to send suspects in the Lockerbie plane bombing to the Netherlands for trial.

But one had to take the word of leakers. Because most of the Nonaligned Movement's countries are less than open, reporters were barred from the hall vhere they were meeting. Instead, reporters sat in rows at a cavernous exhibit hall nearby, trying to arrange interviews with delegates by calling their South African military escorts.

"You would get better credentials if you were from your government's

press," a young woman at the accreditation booth told frustrated reporters. Officials from a few nations deigned

to cross the street to speak to the press. Pierre Buyoya, the president of Burundi, who came to power in a 1996 coup, appeared to plug his new auto-biography, "Mission Possible." A Thai diplomat came to endorse a candidate. A Congolese delegation got into a scuffle with a self-proclaimed transition govemment of Congolese exiles who had sneaked in past security.

. But there were some serious mo-

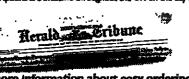
The foreign minister of Sudan came to outline his request that the summit meeting demand a UN inspection of the factory destroyed by a U.S. cruise missile Aug. 20 to determine whether it produced

chemical weapons or pharmaceuticals.
The minister, Mustafa Ismail, had wanted to show slides of the destruction. but the news conference room had been adorned with potted palms and ficus, blocking its screens. As Mr. Ismail tried to leave, he was so mobbed by journalists desperate for quotes that he stepped off the dais into the scenery, crushing a pot of chrysanthemums.

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Nigeria Unveils Constitution; Privatization to **Begin Shortly**

ABUJA, Nigeria - Nigeria's military ruler promised greater political and economic openness Monday as he made public the country's draft constitution and said privatization would

The military ruler, General Abdulsalami Abubakar, holding his first news conference in Nigeria since taking office in June, also said that those who misused funds during the rule of his late predecessor were under investigation and that foreign countries were helping track

down missing cash. The news conference itself marked a change from the corrupt and secretive administration of the dictator Sani Abacha who died suddenly on June 8 as he headed toward aheady discredited elections as the sole candidate.

"This administration is committed to instilling transparency, accountability and probity in public life," said General Abubakar, 56. After three years of being kept under wraps by General Abacha, General Abubakar made public the 204-page draft constitution that will guide Africa's most populous nation after an elected, civilian government takes over in

May.

Before its promulgation by the military Provisional Ruling Council, General Abubakar asked Nigerians to make known their opinions of its contents for possible changes.

Three months after coming to power, General Abubakar has won plandits from many in the oil-producing country of 104 million as well as Western countries for freeing scores of political prisoners and promising fair elec-

After producing emergency relief for the underfunded oil industry, General Abubakar has also pledged that the economy will be liberalized while he is in office — long a demand of international lenders who hold the key to a possible rescheduling of debts of about

He said all laws that inhibit competition would be scrapped by the end of the year while a decree would soon be put in place to allow privatization of state enterprises whose failure has crippled the economy.

General Abubakar for the first time confirmed reports that security agencies were investigating the disappearance and misuse of hundreds of millions of dollars during General Abacha's rule and trying to recover funds

stashed in overseas accounts. "All those that have been questioned have cooperated and voluntarily refunded some monies which are being kept in a special account at the central bank," he said.

Taking advantage of the easy-going atmosphere of General Abubakar's news conference, reporters asked him to clarify his preference for the spelling of his first name, which has appeared variously as Abdulsalam, Abdusalam and Abdussalam since he took office.

He replied that he should be known as General Abdulsalami Abubakar. (Reuters, AP)



Arthur Z'ahidi Ngoma, left, a top official of the Congolese rebels, arriving at the talks Monday with another rebel leader, Bizima Karaha, a former foreign minister.

Congo Talks Exclude Rebels

Insurgents Are to Be Consulted on the Sidelines

VICTORIA FALLS, Zimbabwe -- African leaders seeking to bring peace to Congo decided Monday not to meet directly with rebels who arrived earlier in Zimbabwe for the first

gathering of all the warring forces.

A source at the meeting in the resort town of Victoria Falls said the rebel delegation would be invited to consult with the seven governments involved in the meeting on the month-old conflict in the Democratic Republic of the Congo, but not to join them at the table.

The talks, with President Robert Mugabe of Zimbabwe playing host, are the first to gather President Laurent Kabila of Congo and his allies, Zimbabwe, Angola and Namibia, in the same location as the rebels and their backers. Uganda and Rwanda.

Mr. Kabila accuses Uganda of co-sponsoring with Rwanda a Tutsi-led rebellion against his government, which took power 16 months ago after defeating the dictator Mobutu Sese

In Congo, meanwhile, there was no sign of a hall in the fighting.

A six-member rebel delegation led by Arthur Z'ahidi Ngoma, deputy president of the Con-golese Democratic Coalition, arrived in the

early afternoon. The seven countries fighting in Congo earlier began a meeting under the chairmanship of President Frederick Chiluba of Zambia, who

was judged the most neutral participant. South Africa, current leader of the Southern

African Development Community, which has tried repeatedly to negotiate a Congo settlement, was not represented at the meeting.
"The position of the summit, which was

pushed by Angola, Zimbabwe and Namibia, is that the rebels should not be allowed to join the talks, but could hold consultations on the sidelines of the summit," the source said.

"When Rwanda threatened to walk out if rebels were not allowed in, dos Santos said he would leave if the rebels did come in. ' he added, referring to President Jose Eduardo dos Santos of Angola.

Mr. Mugabe cleared the way for the meeting during a Nonaligned Movement summit meet-ing in Durban last week at which President Nelson Mandela of South Africa dropped his objection to the military intervention on Mr. Kabila's behalf

Meanwhile, Ernest Wamba dia Wamba, political leader of the rebels, said Monday from the rebel headquarters of Goma that the government or its allies had bombed two rebel-held towns.

"Government planes coming from Kindu bombed Kalemie and Lubutu and we are protesting the fact that they are now targeting civilian populations," Mr. Wamba said.

Mr. Wamba said the bombs had missed their arget in Kalemie, about 500 kilometers south of Goma, and had fallen into Lake Tanganyika. He had no details on casualties or damage in Lubutu, a village about 360 kilometers west of

In a claim that could not be independently verified, Mr. Wamba said rebel troops were continuing their advance on Kindu, which has a large airport and is crucial for transporting weapons and ammunition to the eastern part of the vast country.

In the northeast, rebels were advancing toward Banalia, about 120 kilometers north of Kisangani, Mr. Wamba said.

Herald Eribune

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5 Die in Explosion Outside of Algiers

ALGIERS - Five people were killed and 11 injured when a bomb exploded southwest of Algiers on Sunday night, Algerian security forces said Monday. Newspapers reported that at least 21 people had died in other incidents over the

Security forces said that the homemade bomb exploded in the village of Mechraa-Sfa in Tiarer Province, about 200 kilometers (120 miles) southwest of Algiers. The forces did not say who might be responsible. After the bombing, a number of radical Islamist rebels were killed in shoot-outs with security forces. Algeria has been torn by violence since 1992, when the authorities canceled an election in which the Islamists had taken a commanding lead.

South Africa Panel May Press Charges

CAPE TOWN - The final report of the Truth and Reconciliation Commission of South Africa, which is investigating apartheidera crimes, might recommend pros-ecution for alleged human rights violators, the Department of Justice said Monday.

The commission said it had been sending out letters to several hundred South Africans warning them that its final report could make negative findings against them. The Sunday Times of South Africa reported that among those notified were former President Pieter W. Botha and Winnie Madikizela-Mandela, the ex-wife of President Nelson Mandela.

King Fahd Returns To Saudi Cabinet

RIYADH - King Fahd of Saudi Arabia headed the weekly cabinet meeting Monday for the first time since undergoing gallbladder surgery last month, the Saudi Press

Agency reported.

King Fahd, who is in his mid-70s, had his gallbladder removed on Aug. 12. He has been admitted to the hospital four times this year, the last of which was Aug. 23, when he underwent medical checkups.

King Fahd's health has been the source of much speculation since he suffered a stroke in November 1995 and temporarily handed over power to his half-brother, Crown Prince Abdullah, who is known to be far less pro-American than King Fahd. (AP)

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EUROPE

Serbs' Detentions in Kosovo Raise a Bosnian Specter

By R. Jeffrey Smith

ROME — A senior American official visiting Kosovo says he has obtained firsthand reports that Yugoslav military forces are separating males and females in villages and refugee groups in the Serbian province and taking the men and boys to

Speaking with reporters at the end of a two-day visit to Kosovo, the official, Assistant Secretary of State John Shattuck, said he had raised the issue with the Yugoslav government. He also planned to bring it up again Monday during a meeting in Belgrade with President Slobodan Milosevic. He said Sunday that the separations occurred recently near the town of Malisevo in central Kosovo. Some of the males were held for several days and released, another American

official said, while others are still missing. The isolation and detention of males is a sensitive issue for Western governments because Serbian military forces did such a thing in the Bosnian town of Srebrenica in 1996 as a prelude to the murder of an estimated 8,000 or more

Mr. Shattuck, who traveled to Kosovo with Bob Dole, the former majority leader of the U.S. Senate and Republican presidential candidate, said they had seen "horrendous human rights violations, violations of humanitarian law and acts of punitive destruction on a massive scale." He said that mortar attacks by government forces on fleeing

civilians in the province had become "a common occurrence" and that the number of missing persons was growing daily.

Mr. Dole said: "American and European leaders have pledged not to allow the crimes against humanity which we witnessed in Bosnia to occur in Kosovo. But, from what I have

seen this weekend, such crimes are already happening. Milosevic Promises Red Cross Visits

Mr. Milosevic has promised to allow Red Cross representatives to visit detained ethnic Albanian guerrillas in Kosovo, Reuters reported Monday from Belgrade, quoting Mr. Shattuck.

He said the Yugoslav president had agreed to give the International Committee of the Red Cross access to suspected Kosovo Liberation Army members, some 450 of whom were rounded up in security sweeps in western Kosovo last week. 'We will follow very closely his promise," Mr. Shamick said. He said Mr. Milosevic was also considering whether to allow independent forensic experts into Kosovo to investigate

persistent allegations from both sides in the conflict of atrocities and mass graves.
On Monday, Mr. Dole accused Serbian police and troops, whose summer offensive has driven thousands of Albanians from their homes, of "waging war against civilians for

political purposes. The Yugoslav president asserted that 16,000 refugees were living in the open, compared with an estimate of 80,000 to 120,000 by international humanitarian organizations.

■ EU Adopts Ban on Yugoslav Flights

European Union governments formally agreed Monday to ban Yugoslav airlines from landing on their territory in a bid to step up the pressure on Belgrade to seek a negotiated settlement to the crisis in Kosovo, Agence France-Presse re-

The action, aimed primarily at the Yugoslav national airline, JAT, was agreed to jointly with the United States in June but had been held up by technical objections from Britain and by Greece, which has close ties to Belgrade.

BRIEFLY

8 Men Are Arrested in Turkey In Plot to Selt Kussian Uranium

ISTANBUL - Turkish police have arrested eight men trying to sell 4.5 kilograms (10 pounds) of mainly unrefined uranium smuggled out of Russia, the state Anato-

lian news agency said Monday.

The Istanbul police, posing as buyers in a joint operation with Turkish intelligence, detained four Turks, three Kazakhs and an Azerbaijani, the news agency

Highly enriched uranium can be used to make nuclear weapons. The news agency said the seized uranium was mainly unrefined but contained six grams of an active substance wrapped in shielding.

The eight men had wanted \$1 million for the ma-

The material was handed over to Turkey's Nuclear Energy Board, it said.

French Minister Is Improving

PARIS - The condition of the French interior minister was said to be improving Monday as questions grew louder about the medical accident that landed him in a coma last week.

In a strongly worded editorial earlier on Monday, Le Monde had demanded more detailed answers from the elite military hospital where Jean-Pierre Chevenement suffered an allergic reaction to anesthesia, causing a severe heart attack followed by a coma.

Mr. Chevenement, 59, a former defense minister and a key figure in the leftist government of Prime Minister Lionel Jospin, had entered the Val de Grace military hospital in Paris for gallbladder surgery.

It is not known whether Mr. Chevenement was tested

for an allergy.

The hospital said in a statement Monday afternoon that

The hospital said in a statement Monday afternoon that

Mr. Chevenement's health had improved in the previous But it still did not know what kind of lasting neu-

rological damage he may have suffered, or when he might be taken off life support. It did not mention the word "coma," but said that he was technically out of shock and that "all the vital organ failures are currently regressing."

Kohl Rejects 'Grand Coalition'

BONN — Chancellor Helmut Kohl said Monday that his challenger. Gerhard Schroeder, was full of "hot air" and deceiving voters by publicly flinting with the idea of forming a "grand coalition" with the conservative party of Mr. Kohl.

With three weeks left before the election, Mr. Kohl ruled out any alliance between the two main parties, the Christian Democrats and the opposition Social Demo-

Mr. Kohl accused Mr. Schroeder of trying to divide his coalition and win middle-of-the-road voters. (Reuters)

'Mad Cow' in Sheep Discounted

LONDON - The British Health Ministry on Monday played down a public warning by one of its advisers that sheep could be carrying the deadly "mad cow" disease. Comments by Jeffrey Almond, a member of the government committee investigating the disease, sparked national anxiety and an angry response from farmers, whose beef industry was devastated by the "mad cow"

investigating spongiform encephalopathies, the group of brain diseases that include "mad cow" disease, told BBC radio there was a theoretical risk that sheep could be infected with bovine spongiform encephalopathy and that



John Shattuck, U.S. assistant secretary of state for human rights, left, and former Senator Bob Dole, after talks Monday in Belgrade with Slobodan Milosevic. Mr. Dole said 'nothing encouraging' had come from them.

A Wary Slovakia Braces for Elections

class of loyal tycoons.

Ivan Miklos, a respected economist

who advises the opposition, calculates that the Slovak Treasury will only see 28

percent of the 110 billion koruny (\$3.14

Thus Mr. Meciar has a powerful con-

'They fear they'll lose their special

specialist at the University of London.

relationship with the government that

Power-Loving Prime Minister Tightens Grip On Key Players

By Peter S. Green International Herald Tribone

BRATISLAVA, Slovakia - Three weeks before nationwide elections to choose a new Parliament, opposition politicians and independent analysts here are increasingly worried about the potential for political mischief should Prime Minister Vladimir Meciar fail to win a new mandate to govern.

Polls leading up to the Sept. 25-26 elections give Mr. Meciar's Movement for a Democratic Slovakia, known as HZDS, considerably less support than in 1994.

Whether or not the polls are accurate, the multiparty contest could still give Mr. Meciar's party the largest representation in the 150-seat Parliament, though his potential coalition partners appear unlikely to win the extra seats needed for a majority.
"If the HZDS are not confident they

can put together a government, then I think we have to be prepared for sur-prises that are at the limit of the imagination," said a Western diplomat in Bratislava.

At the same time, the diplomat added. 'No one will feel compelled to accept the results of an election that does not meet international scrutiny."

For seven years, Mr. Meciar has held power by portraying himself as the de-feader of the embattled Slovak nation. Hungary has complained about moves to limit Hungarian-language education for its large minority in southern Slovakia. Austria has protested the recent start-up of a potentially leaky nuclear power plant.

The naming last month of a new army chief-of-staff, even though the current chief has not resigned, suggests that "Slovakia is heading toward dictatorship," said Peter Svec, head of the Association of Slovak Soldiers.

Mr. Meciar keeps a tight grip on other organs of power, notably state-owned television, the secret police and a privatization program that has created a

last 48 hours of the campaign. has basically given them property for free, and they're afraid a new govern-ment will look into it all," Ms. Fischer

The opposition has organized a

contest to guess what 'election

tricks' have been prepared for the

Eduard Kukan, a leader of the main opposition party, the Slovak Democratic Coalition, said "It's undossible to think that he will leave office quietly. Meciar is a very effective politician who knows how to use power. When you give him room to maneuver he is very dangerous."

Presented with a referendum this spring that addressed both NATO entry and direct presidential elections, Interior Minister Gustav Krajci defied the Supreme Court and took the presidential question off the ballot. That brought diplomatic protests from the European Union and the United States.

"I regret that democracy does not yet appear sufficiently deeply rooted in Slovakia," the EU commissioner, Hans van den Broek, said on a June visit to Bratislava. "Free and fair elections." he said, are "instrumental in bringing Slovakia closer to the EU."

The opposition coalition is so convinced that Mr. Meciar will subvert

elections that it has organized a contest called "Bomb '98," urging voters to guess what "election tricks" the party has prepared for the last 48 hours of the

campaign.
At a time of concern about Mr. Meciar's perceived control of state television, the independence of the only billion) it should have received in post-Communist privatizations conducted under Mr. Meciar. private channel that broadcasts nationstituency to protect from any change of wide, Televizia Markiza, is under a regime, said Sharon Fischer, a Slovakia cloud.

Last month, unidentified armed men swarmed into its studios to take control in a still-shadowy dispute between two of the channel's Slovak owners.

Markiza, also partly owned by a U.S. cosmetics heir, Ronald Lauder, continues to broadcast generally balanced news reports, but observers fear the apparent takeover is linked to Mr. Meciar or his supporters.

"It's a tangled web, and where it leads no one knows, but I have to think it runs through the SIS to the government," said the Western diplomat, referring to the intelligence ser-

. Journalists and opposition politicians who have questioned the privatization giveaways, the NATO referendom and the activities of the intelligence service have been beaten or had their cars or homes blown up. At the same time, according to Ms. Fischer of the University of London, state television has become little more than "a mouthpiece" for Mr. Meciar.

"It's clear from our data that the government and the HZDS are misusing the public media - radio and television - as propaganda for their own pursaid Andrej Bartosiewicz, of the Association for the Support of Local Democracy. State television, he said, is overwhelmingly devoted to positive coverage of the government and gives little coverage to the opposition.

"The situation reminds me of the good old days of socialism when there was one message and one party," Mr. Bartosiewicz said. "I thought these things were behind us."

Inge Aicher-Scholl, 81, Pacifist, Dies

By Edmund L. Andrews New York Times Service

FRANKFURT - Inge Aicher-Scholl, 81, a writer who inspired a generation of pacifists in post-World War II Germany, died at home in Leutkirch, in southern

Germany, after suffering from cancer. Mrs. Aicher-Scholl moved millions of Germans toward nonviolence by chronicling the activities of the White Rose, a student movement whose leaders included her younger brother and sister, Hans and Sophie Scholl.

Both siblings were killed by Nazis on Feb. 22, 1943, and their parents were imprisoned by Nazi authorities for several months.

In 1952, Mrs. Aicher-Scholl published a book describing White Rose's nonviolent resistance to the Third Reich and its brutal repression by the Nazis. Written in spare and dispassionate prose, the slim volume became a classic work of literature about the Third Reich.

Hans and Sophie Scholl "came to represent not just the small band of youthful dissenters but all the pacifist sympathizers who were tracked by the Gestapo and the innumerable anonymous victims who were forced to pay the price for believing that human rights were more important than obedience to arbitrary laws," wrote Albert von Schirndung, a cultural critic for the Munich daily Suddeutsche Zeitung.

The book's lack of pretension and its description of ordinary Germans lent it power, "It would have been wrong to create new heroes," Mr. Schirndung wrote. "One had already had enough of heroes. The characters in White Rose' were people one could identify with."

The book and subsequent writing by Mrs. Aicher-Scholl influenced many Germans who grew up after the war, reinforcing what was already a deep revulsion against the militarism that had brought the country to catastrophe and

In 1946 Mrs. Aicher-Scholl and several friends founded a school for adult education and art in Ulm. One of the cofounders was her future husband, the designer Otl Aicher. Mrs. Aicher-Scholl headed the school from 1946 to 1974, and remained active in Germany's

peace movement throughout her life. In the 1980s she was a prominent figure in anti-military movements that bitterly but unsuccessfully opposed plans by the German government and the North Atlantic Treaty Organization to station nuclear missiles in West Germany.

In 1985 she was arrested for taking part in a sit-in at the U.S. Pershing-2 missile base at the southern town of Mutlangen. She and other protesters were charged with disrupting public order and given suspended fines.

Douglas C. Jones, 73, Writer New York Times Service

Douglas C. Jones, 73, a writer who chronicled the mythology of the Amer-ican West through fictional accounts of historic events, died of heart failure Sunday at his home in Favetteville,

In 1968, after 25 years in the army, Mr. Jones retired with the rank of lieutenant colonel. He then embarked on a second career as a writer, having already published a nonfiction work, "The Treaty of Medicine Lodge," in 1966, his master's degree thesis at the University of Wisconsin, Madison, where he taught journalism from 1968 to 1974. Mr. Jones took his cue as a writer from

his memories of growing up in Fort Smith, Arkansas, close to what had once I still am today," he said in an interview in The New York Times in 1977.

been Indian territory, "I was captured by the idea of the Indian frontier then - and It was an intriguing parlor game of 'what if' that he played with his friend

Benjamin Rush 3d that led him to first

imagine the consequences General

Custer would have faced had he sur-

vived the Battle of Little Bighorn. The outcome was "The Court-Martial of George Armstrong Custer," a 1976 fictional reconstruction that wove much of its substance from fact. The book was illustrated with pen-and-ink drawings by Mr. Jones, who eventually showed his artwork professionally.

Mr. Jones continued to conjure alternative histories in works such as Arrest Sitting Bull" in 1977 and "A Creek Called Wounded Knee" in 1978.

Thomas Kreis, 46, Biologist

The Associated Press Thomas Kreis, 46, a Swiss-American microbiology expert, was among the vic-tims of the Flight 111 crash, colleagues and family announced Monday.

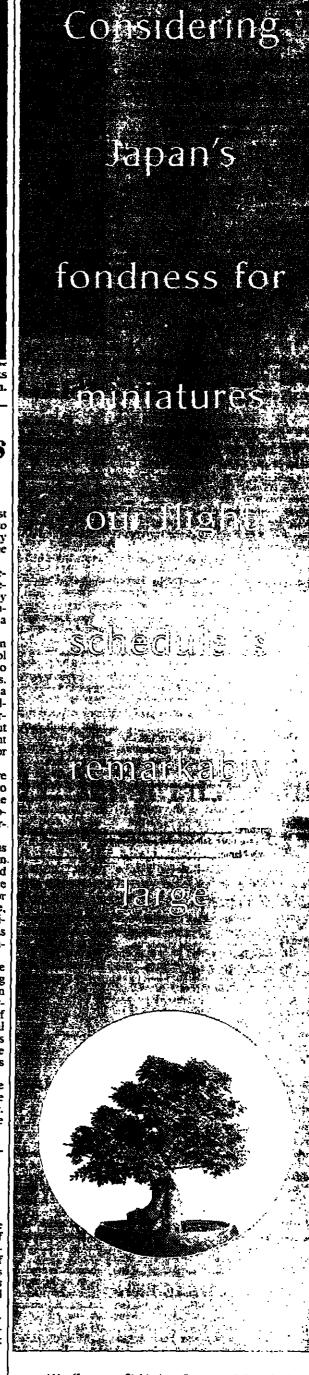
Mr. Kreis was named director of the University of Geneva's Department of Cellular Biology in July after pursuing research at Massachusetts Institute of Technology, the Weizmann Institute in Israel and the European Laboratory of Molecular Biology at Heidelberg, Ger-

The work of Thomas Kreis shed light on essential aspects of cellular life, and this fundamental new knowledge directly interested the entire biomedical field," said a tribute by four Geneva colleagues in the daily Tribune de

He edited books and journals and was recognized by international scientific organizations, but also was athletic and was a qualified Swiss ski instructor.

Ernest Ametistov, 64, a member of Russia's highest court who defended democratic freedoms and spearheaded legal reforms, died of cancer Sunday at his country home near Moscow. (AP)

Albert W. Johnson, 92, a former Republican congressman Pennsylvania, died of complications from pneumonia Sept. 1 at Boca Raton Community Hospital in Florida. (NYT)



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Ulster Foes Cross Line By Talking Rivals Start Discussions

On How to Share Power

By James F. Clarity New York Times Service

BELFAST — Two of the bitterest perennial enemies in the war and peace in Northern Ireland spoke directly to each other for the first time Monday in a brief, polite dialogue aimed at furthering the peace effort in this British

The two — Gerry Adams, the president of Sinn Fein, the political arm of the overwhelmingly Roman Catholic Irish Republican Army, and David Trimble, the Protestant First Minister of the new provincial Assembly - exchanged mild statements in a meeting that, a few years ago, most people in Northern Ireland felt would never hap-

preliminary session of leaders of the new Northern Ireland Assembly, established to put in place political reforms that would give Catholics more power in this predominantly Protestant province and give the overwhelmingly Catholic Irish Republic more influence in northern af-

fairs.

But when Mr. Trimble, who is also head of the Ulster Unionist Party, addressed the Sinn Fein leader by his name, another modest historic step had meeting, which was closed to reporters and camera crews.

resented the IRA, an illegal organization in the last 25 years. that had killed hundreds of Protestants. Mr. Adams has said the only way to deal

Mr. Trimble described the meeting, at the Stormont government complex in Belfast, as "workmanlike." Mr. Adams said it had been a ''good engagement.'' The two are to meet alone, face-to-face, on Thursday, presumably to discuss the issue that threatens to impede the work of the Assembly: the disarmament of the

The two leaders did not discuss disarmament, which is called decommissioning here, but made oblique references to the problem. "The word decommissioning was not used by anyone," Mr. Adams said.

Mr. Trimble spoke of the responsibility of "paramilitary-related parties," a clear reference to Sinn Fein and the disarmament issue.

Essentially, Mr. Trimble, as chairman of the Assembly, is insisting that there be gerous hours in glass factories, garment some IRA disarmament before the next sweat shops and cement plants. Others step is taken, the creation of a cabinet to are turning to street begging and prosenact the provisions of the peace agree- titution. Families are marrying off their ment approved last spring by party lead-ers and referendums here and in the Irish they have fewer mouths to feed. And Republic.

Mr. Adams says that disarmament during the Assembly's work should not be a condition for Sinn Fein's gaining ministerial posts in the new provincial executive body to be created by the Assembly. The executive cabinet is to create cross-border institutions in which northern politicians and those from the coordinator for Indonesia, who just fin-Irish Republic will cooperate in areas like tourism and agriculture.

The IRA said last week that it had no plans to disarm. Just before President Bill Clinton's visit here last week, Mr. Adams said he thought the IRA campaign of violence was a thing of the past. But Protestant leaders were quick to point out that he did not state that the IRA had abandoned violence permanently. Mr. Trimble has been slow to deal directly with Mr. Adams and Sinn Fein because it leaves him open to attacks by and making them enter the dangerous dissident members of his own party and labor market robs us of our future. of the hard-line Democratic Unionist Party of the Reverend Ian Paisley, who sit before a television that flickers in the boycotted the Monday meeting in Par-darkness; chickens peck in the garbage liament Buildings, the former site of the pile behind them. Eight lanes of traffic provincial legislature that was dissolved by Britain in 1972, at the height of the concrete bridge over their heads. But it is

sectarian violence. "We are not negotiating the future of our Province with them," Mr. Paisley warren of wooden rooms they have built said of Sinn Fein. "Nor are we taking part in acts of government with them. His deputy party leader, Peter Robinson, said he was certain that "the IRA will not indicate it has given up war."



The meeting was an otherwise dull A child crying in front of his family's shanty at the Jakarta city dump. Families that pick garbage for a living are finding it harder to survive since others in economic distress have become careful about what they discard.

ASIA: Economic Crisis Puts the Region's Children at High Risk

Continued from Page 1

rapidly as families can no longer afford rice, sugar, flour, vegetables and cooking oil, which have doubled in price. Stephen Woodhouse, head of Unicef's office in Indonesia, said the first cases of been taken in the five-year-old peace marasmus, the severe emaciation seen in effort. Neither leader had any emotion in the worst African famines, were beginhis voice, according to participants at the ning to show up among children in remote villages of Java, the main Indonesian island. Some estimate that infant For years, Mr. Trimble has refused to mortality in Indonesia could rise 30 permeet Mr. Adams, saying that he rep- cent, after being reduced by two-thirds

Many pregnant women can no longer afford proper prenatal care and nutrition. with sectarian problems was direct talk. Child immunization had been nearly universal in Indonesia, but now common vaccinations for measles, mumps, rubella and other childhood diseases are too costly for poor families.

Contraceptives, anti-diarrhea medicines and common antibiotics also have become prohibitively expensive and hard to find in many areas. Hospitals and rural health care clinics are starting to reuse syringes, increasing the risk for spreading AIDS. Tuberculosis is a grow-

ing problem.

Millions of Asian children already have dropped out of school this year; millions more are on the verge of leaving the classroom for the workplace in the coming months. Asia had greatly reduced child labor in the past decade, but that progress is unraveling as young some families who believe they can no

leaving them at orphanages. "We could easily lose a whole generation of kids who are being pulled out cents. of school and put to work; it's almost impossible to recover from," said Scott Guggenheim, the World Bank's poverty ished a four-year stay in the country. "A whole generation of expectations has

President Kim Dae Jung of South Korea, in a written comment for this article, said he felt "deep sorrow" that Asian children were suffering because of the financial crisis.

"Economic progress built with the thin, weak hands of children can never be the future of Asia," he said. "Forcing children to discontinue their education

In Jakarta, a half-dozen small children sit before a television that flickers in the scream along a Jakarta street on the quiet in the damp crawl space beneath on the banks of the filthy Ciliwung

Most of these families pick garbage for a living. With prices rising and people being more cautious about what



Children at the San Lok orphanage in Seoul. South Korea has passed a law that allows families who can no longer afford to care for their children to leave them at state-run orphanages, free of charge.

But now they are getting help from achs. ages of rice, sugar, soy sauce and soap. longer afford to raise their children are In the markets, they would sell for the equivalent of almost \$1.50, but they are offered to these poor people for about 25

"These children are malnourished, and their brains are suffering irreversible damage," says Christine Burns, a vol-unteer who helps deliver the food. "I feel sorry for the Indonesian people, but now just feeling sorry is not enough."

Mariah, 40, picks up a package of food from Miss Burns and walks back to her dark little room with four toddlers

"For people like us," she says, boun-

they throw away, they are having more cing the small plastic bag of food on one and more trouble making enough money knee and a skinny infant on the other, 'the most important thing is our storn-

> nutrition is threatening the mental and physical development of millions of Asian children. In South Korea, the government has

provided \$8 million to feed children who can no longer afford to take decent lunches to school. Hunger is spreading through some areas of rural Thailand.

The Indonesian government estimates that by year's end, 100 million people, almost half the nation's population, will not be able to afford adequate food, which it defines as at least 2,100 calories a day per person, and other basic ne-

Employers Go to Prison To Recruit New Workers

Texas Eases the Way for Former Offenders

The tightest job

market in 30 years

is spawning some

novel thinking.

By Kirstin Grimsley Washington Post Service

AUSTIN, Texas — Employers had to pass through a metal detector to get to the applicants at this job fair, but it did not dim their ardor. Many practically pleaded with the men and wornen to join their firms — after they finish up their jail terms.

"I'd be glad to give anybody a chance," said Terry Maxwell, owner of Terry's Electric, addressing the inmates at the Travis County Community Justice Center, a minimum-se-curity jail sheathed in barbed wire.

In one of the tightest job markets in 30 years, employers are reaching out to nontraditional workers they have spurmed in the past. Although the 50 or

so applicants at the Travis County job fair wore baggy blue or khaki prison uniforms and guards kept a watchful eye over the room, the 20 company representatives pitching jobs seemed pleased just to have

such a large pool of workers in front of abide by the rules and work hard they will

Rich Green, a recruiter for Goodwill Industries of Central Texas Inc., which runs 11 retail stores, a temrefurbishment firm, rubbed his palms together gleefully as he glanced around the roomful of job prospects nonviolent felons all.

"We're hiring the cream before they get out," he said. Several of the inmates shared his

"It's giving a lot of people here high hopes," said Mark LeBlanc, 38, who has had a long-term problem with drug and alcohol addiction and was ultimately sent to jail after stealing a \$35 power tool. "I have friends coming out of here now making \$8 or \$10 an hour out there. I'm going to take the ball and run with it, too.'

These ex-offenders are among the latest beneficiaries of the nation's buoyant economy. The U.S. unemployment rate has been less than 5 percent for more than a year. Meanwhile, there are 1.2 million inmates in the country's jails and prisons, a re-cord high, with the average sentence far less likely to return to prison. lasting about two years.

Slowly but surely, matches are bemanager of worker training and sup-port for PRIDE, a nonprofit group that could be held liable.

works with former inmates, said the number of people he has placed in jobs has almost doubled in two years, climbing to 395 from about 200. Federal officials also are noticing

The in little tra

Judgar I. . Bill

the trend. We're finding a lot bigger interest in hiring the offender population," said John Moore, coordinator of the Justice Department's Office of Correctional

Job Training and Placement. In Austin, for example, Faulkner Construction Co., has hired about 150 ex-offenders since 1992. At first, executives at other companies scoffed when they learned the company was recruiting at a jail house job fair, said Brian Faulkner, president of the company's concrete-pumping affiliate.
"Now, I don't tell them," Mr.

Faulkner said, adding that ex-offenders have performed as well at their companies as people hired off the street. "I look at it as an untapped gold mine.

Faulkner executives tell workers that if they

earn the opportunity to make \$30,000 a year, plus full benefits, in a year's time. About 85 percent of the offenders make the grade, said Denis Snyder, Faulkner's porary service agency and a computer human resources manager, none has caused serious problems.

Close supervision of inmate recruits is considered a key issue at Mirage Resorts in Las Vegas, which has hired 26 nonviolent ex-offenders in recent years, mostly young people coming out of a state-run boot camp. The jobs include landscaping, flower arranging,

maintenance and custodial work. Arte Nathan, former vice president of human resources at Mirage, said a big problem has been other employees. "They're concerned that they'll have to work with ex-cons, welfare cheats, bad people," he said.

Mirage hired a probation officer to monitor former inmates' progress, counsel them as needed and help coworkers deal with any discomfort.

Experts on prison populations said hiring ex-offenders could have a longterm positive effect for the country because numerous studies have shown that people with good-paying jobs are

But for an employer, hiring an exoffender can sometimes be risky busiing made. In Florida, Timothy Mann, ness. If the worker robbed or injured a

soar, programs to provide food to In- doubled their fees. Poor people are being donesia's hungry are drawing thousands forced to turn to primitive herbal remof people, so many that army troops edies that are often useless, Mr. Woodcarrying automatic weapons are used to house said.

Anemia, diarrhea and respiratory ailments are becoming more common in under the financial stress. Thousands of rural Indonesia, especially among very children are being sent away from their young children, because of bad nutri-

"It's extremely difficult to reverse damage done to brain growth because of malnutrition in the first two years of

life," said Mr. Woodhouse, of Unicef. At the same time, Indonesia's health

care system is collapsing. A system of 250,000 local health and welfare centers is no longer working well because many of the million-plus volunteers have had to go to work to feed their own families. As malnutrition increases and prices Larger public health clinics have

egories of civil servants will receive a

bonus in October equivalent to 30 per-cent of their monthly salary. Others in

the public sector will receive raises of

1.56 percent a month for four suc-

cessive months beginning in September. Salaries will also be adjusted for

inflation, now about 4 percent a year.

Histadrut pledged to refrain from

ine family has ion bone of Asian society, but it is cracking parents, brothers and sisters as they ride out the crisis with better-off relatives and friends — and, in the worst cases, strangers.

South Korea has passed a law allowing families who can no longer afford to care for their children to leave them at state-run orphanages, free of charge. There are no firm statistics, but officials at one Seoul institution, the Sang Lok orphanage, say they have re-ceived more than 200 calls from parents looking for help. Mosques in largely Muslim Indonesia have been taking in increasing numbers of children.

This economic crisis has emptied many people's pockets, and also their hearts, 'said Lim Joon Kyung of the Seoul Counseling Center, which has been swamped with requests for orphanage placements.

The entire region is facing increasing problems with abandoned children Saini, 15, came last mouth to the St. Vincentius orphanage in the village of Pringsewu on Sumatra, the Indonesian island just west of Jakarta. She is the daughter of a farmer who could no longer make ends meet for his wife and eight children.

The Catholic nuns who run the home say the economic crisis, which came on top of the severe drought, has pressured

families to give up their children.
"I like it here," Saini said, smiling.
But asked about her family, she burst instantly into big, rolling tears. It has been weeks since she has seen them. It takes a full day to get to her family home, and neither she nor they can afford the bus fare anymore.

Saini apologized, wiping the tears away with the starched white sleeve of her school uniform. "If I remember them," she said,

am sad.' In Bangkok, Jantha Siriprang cast her eyes downward, a look of embarrassment and regret on her face when asked about her two children.

She does not want them to work, but she has no choice. She lost her job carrying cement at a construction site when the baht, the Thai currency, collapsed and the construction industry dried up. And now the little money she makes selling candy and cigarettes on the street is not enough to pay the children's bus fare to school, let alone their school fees.

So for now, her son, Num Siriprang, 12, is still in school but washes dishes in a restaurant for four hours every night for wages paid mainly in food.

'It's very difficult now," his mother said. 'I don't have any money. If I can find jobs for them, I'll take them both out of school,"

NEXT: Migrant workers, the man-power of the Asian economic boom, are being forced to return home.

Israel Settles 4-Day Public Workers' Strike

Agence France-Presse
JERUSALEM — The largest labor federation in Israel, Histadrut, called off a strike by 300,000 public sector workers Monday after reaching an agreement with the government on some of its salary demands.

"I urge all employees to return to work and to help revive the economy," the secretary-general of the federation, Amir Peretz, said after the signing of the agreement with Finance Minister Yaakov Neeman.

were not met.

good agreement.

and electricity distribution, tax collection, mail and telecommunications. hospitals, customs, the courts, refineries, ports and railroads. Histadrut had threatened to shut Israel's main airport, Ben Gurion, on Monday if its demands

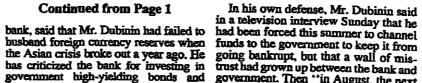
ions but the economy. "We have a urged them to go back to work, good economy," he told Israeli radio.

The labor federation had been seek-That's who won, and we've also got a ing a raise of 8 percent for public refused to concede more than 1.25 percent. The strike had hit ministries, water Under the agreement, certain cat-

The agreement does not affect pub-

Prime Minister Benjamin Netan-yahu said the winner was not the un-strike since Sept. 1. Mr. Netanyahu labor unrest until the end of the year.

RUSSIA: Chernomyrdin Is Rejected Again



reserves to dwindle to low levels. Mr. Dubinin was a participant in the decision-making that led up to devalu-ation. Before then, the ruble was trading at 6.3 to the dollar. The central bank said it planned a "controlled" devaluation to 9.5 rubles per dollar by year's end. But it soon lost control of the rate. On Monday it

stood at about 20 rubles per dollar. Mr. Dubinin was also criticized for a zigzag attempt to reassure panicky bank depositors in recent weeks. At first he promised to protect all depositors 100 percent, then announced that deposits in six major banks would be effectively transferred to the state savings bank, and returned only in November at a much lower rate, then he reversed himself on that as well. The result has been wild

Mr. Yeltsin welcomed Mr. Dubinin's resignation, saying that it should have been offered earlier.

In his own defense, Mr. Dubinin said in a television interview Sunday that he had been forced this summer to channel the Asian crisis broke out a year ago. He has criticized the bank for investing in government high-yielding bonds and spending large amounts of money on its own operations while allowing Russia's public lost confidence in the national

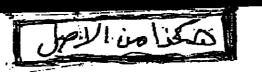
currency."
Mr. Dubinin's resignation comes at a time when Russia's monetary policy remains unclear, although there is a political consensus for a major expansion of the money supply to pay overdue pensions and wages, regardless of the in-flation risks. Some Western economists say the expansion has already begun as the central bank is pumping credits to favored commercial banks.

The resignation also comes as some in Russia examine the possibility of establishing a so-called currency board under which the ruble would be pegged to the dollar or other foreign currencies. Under the scheme, control of the money supply is effectively taken out of the hands of the central bank.

Sergei Aleksashenko, named acting head of the central bank, said he opposed this because it would destroy "the mon-etary power of the central bank."



runs on commercial banks.



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New Works and the state is struggling to minimal and the state is struggling to minimal and other largest material as 25 percent. Falling oil prices this year have sharply reduced revenue, and the state is struggling to minimal and other largest materials.

TEHRAN - At Mahdi Vosochi's garage in the heart of Tehran, festooned with pictures of American and European sports cars, the men in greasy overalls have more on their minds than engines and transmissions. These days, the talk often turns to politics - and whether President Mohammed Khatami will prevail in his struggle against conservatives and succeed in bringing more freedom to their

Against the backdrop of a slow minuet between Iran and the United States over resuming cultural ties, many people also are counting on Mr. Khatami's achieving improved economic relations with the West, including the United States.

he lavishes on his car: a baby-blue Chevrolet Camaro he bought before the 1979 Islamic Revolution.

"We need to have a relationship based on justice and mutual interest, Mr. Vosochi said. "It's good for them, and it's good for us."
Mohammed Ramazani, 26. a me-

chanic who is engaged to be married, agreed that it was important for Iran to be open to America and for Iranians to have more freedom generally. "I am for having relations with everyone," he said, "as long as it's

Previously, he said, the United States and Iran, did not have a relationship hased on matual respect. "But we should not decide our future based on

to do - to work, to live and be happy. and not be afraid of anyone or any eyes

watching them all the time." On one hand, Mr. Khatami's willingness to seek economic ties with the West is an important element of his overwhelming popularity in a country hoping for a higher standard of living. On the other, there is a fear that the West, and particularly the United States, is not responding quickly enough with concrete steps of its own.

According to Mr. Khatami's supporters, one key way that U.S. policymakers might help would be to drop objections to making Iran the main pipeline route for the rapidly developing oil and gas resources of the Caspian Sea.

In an address last month marking his

investors, increased privatization and a reduction in red tape. He did not go into detail on how he would attain these

The speech followed criticism by conservative newspapers, saying that Mr. Khatami had been moving quickly on expanding political freedoms at the expense of attending to economic prob-

The conservative criticism does not appear to have caught on with the general public, more than 70 percent of whom still enthusiastically support Mr.

Khatami, according to opinion polls.

But the economy is ailing and needs help. The country is suffering from stagflation, with annual growth estimated at only 1 percent, while inflation is es-

large subsidies on fuel, food and other goods.

كذامن الاحل

Youth unemployment is particularly acute in this country of 67 million people, more than half of whom are under the age of 20. In the first years after the Islamic Revolution, Iranians were encouraged to have large families. Now, up to 1 million people will be reaching working age each year, while the economy at most can create 500,000

new jobs annually. "The regime has realized the economic and demographic pressures that exist, and they realize the only way to deal with the pressures without collapsing is to open up," said an observer of the Iranian oil industry, Bijan Khajehpour.

It is hard to understand why the economy should be in such poor shape when iran possesses the world's secondlargest natural-gas reserves and fourthlargest oil reserves. But economists tend to blame an entrenched merchant culture that has resisted innovation and industrialization. Aside from pistachios, carpets and caviar, Iran has almost no nonoil exports.

Ali Rashidi, an independent economist, said that an alliance between the bazaaris, Iran's traditional merchant oligopoly, and religious leaders had led to the removal of competent managers after the revolution. These same forces are keeping Mr. Khatami off balance with political attacks.

Mr. Rashidi pointed out that Iran is not simply losing out on trade with the United States. Poor relations with Washington also are preventing Iran from having normal relations with institutions such as the International Monetary Fund and the World Bank and are keeping it from obtaining needed tech-

Many Iranian specialists see U.S. participation in the country's oil-and-gas sector as key to assuring the world that Iran is open for business for the first time since the revolution. And the Caspian oil pipeline is an important

symbol of that.
Since the fall of the Soviet Union and the emergence of three new Caspian Sea states eager for petrodollars -Azerbaijan, Kazakhstan and Turk-menistan, in addition to Russia and Iran - an oil-rush mentality has gripped the region. All of these countries are moving rapidly to exploit potential reserves estimated at 50 billion to 200 billion

Of all the routes proposed so far for the delivery of this oil, Iranian officials say the shortest, cheapest and safest is the one through Iran to the Gulf.

But Washington, still bent on isolating Iran internationally, so far has backed a longer, more expensive route that bypasses Iran.

By lifting objections to the Iranian route, some analysts say, the United States would be supporting Mr. Khatami and the reformist camp in its still-undecided power struggle, analysts

'Don't give Khatami the talk that he's a nice guy." said Hooshang Amirahmadi, the Iranian-born director of Middle Eastern studies at Rutgers University. "Give him something --

India Hints It Will Sign Nuclear Test Ban Treaty U.S. Trying to Get a Commitment Quickly

By Thomas W. Lippman

Washington Post Servic WASHINGTON - When Deputy

Secretary of State Strobe Talbott returned from the Moscow summit meeting last week, waiting for him was a marked-up copy of a defiant essay in Foreign Affairs magazine by Jaswant Singh. Mr. Singh is India's chief negotiator

on nuclear-weapons issues.

Since India shartered the global consensus on the testing of nuclear weapons by setting off five explosions in May, Mr. Talbott has had several meetings with Mr. Singh, most recently on Thursday in New York.

In his article, Mr. Singh strongly defends India's nuclear-weapons policy, challenges the legitimacy of the Nuclear Nonproliferation Treaty and trashes the Comprehensive Test Ban treaty, which Mr. Talbott is trying to persuade India to sign as a tool for perpetuating the power of the "nuclear hegemons." But Mr. Talbott's aides drew his at-

tention to the last two pages of the essay, in which Mr. Singh offers a more positive outlook.

Noting that India has promised not to conduct any more tests, Mr. Singh writes that "India has also indicated a willingness to move toward a de jure formalization of this declaration" that is, sign the test-ban treaty, a move that Washington has set as the minimum step India must take to get back into the

Mr. Singh's essay is the most visible sign of progress in negotiations — which U.S. and Indian officials describe as intense and detailed -- about how to reconcile India's security needs with the U.S. commitment to limit nuclear pro-

The U.S. aim, officials said, is to get India to commit to the test-ban treaty soon - perhaps within the next two weeks --- so preparations can begin for a planned trip to the region by President

Bill Clinton in mid-November. Mr. Clinton has been planning to visit India and Pakistan, along with Bangladesh, to improve U.S. relations with this fast-growing region of immense "economic potential. But India's test of *five nuclear devices, and Pakistan's six fests in response, appeared to derail that

*initiative. Last month's U.S. cruise-missile strikes against suspected terrorist encampments in Afghanistan angered Pakistan, partly because Prime Minister 'Nawaz Sharif was not notified in ad-Vance and partly because some Pakistanis were killed in the camps, exposing Pakistan's apparent complicity in terrorism.

Given the security situation in unktable, impoverished Pakistan, it may not be possible for the president to go there even if the government bows to Western "pressure and signs the test-ban treaty.
"A lot of people in Pakistan would prefer to have close relations with the United States, but right now the 'street' is with the extremists' because of the missile strikes, a Pakistani diplomat said.

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The exposure of Pakistani presence in the camps, where some of those undergoing training apparently were plan-ning raids inside the Indian portion of the contested Kashmir region, has complicated Mr. Talbott's nuclear negotiations because India is attempting to capitalize on Pakistan's role.

India has sought to expand the security talks, and devalue Pakistan in American eyes, by focusing on Pakistan's possible complicity in terrorism and in permitting free movement by associates of Osama bin Laden, the renegade Saudi financier accused by the United States of sponsoring the bombings of two U.S. Embassies in East Africa. "We have to call a spade a spade

when terrorists are getting support in this flagrant fashion," said India's ambassador, Naresh Chandra. "When did Pakistan have information about those camps and what did they do about it?' Of the militantly Islamic Taleban militia that rules most of Afghanistan and shelters Mr. bin Laden, Mr. Chandra asked, 'How did the Taleban get into this position? Were they trained to fire artillery by mullahs?" — a reference to

Muslim theologians.

A State Department official said,
"We have been delivering some very tough messages to Pakistan on this subject, even as we have received some very, very important cooperation on terronism activity."

But without disregarding India's consaid. Mr. Talbott has been trying to focus his negotiations on the big-ticket items involving nuclear weapons and ballistic missiles.

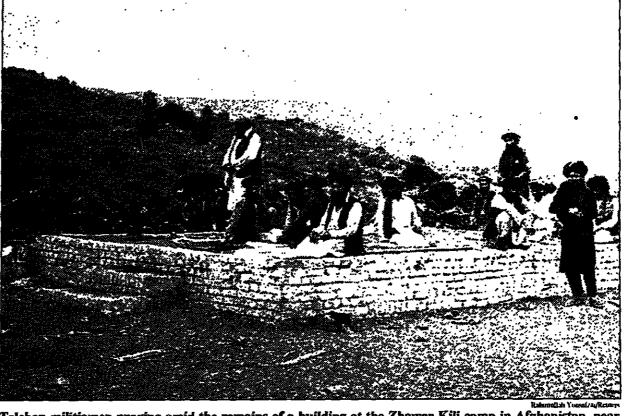
He said the United States and other major Western powers were trying to persuade India and Pakistan to "move closer to the international nonproliferation mainstream." He said that means refraining from mounting nuclear war-heads on missiles that could deliver them, signing the comprehensive test-ban treaty, participating in negotiations to-ward a proposed Fissile Material Cutoff Treaty and abiding by "international norms regarding export of sensitive technologies, with the focus on missiles."

India's willingness to listen to Washington on these issues, according to several sources, has been limited by the perceived close ties between the United States and China, displayed in Mr. Clinton's state visit to China in late June.

China is one of the five declared nuclear powers and a partner with Washington that is trying to keep India and Pakistan from joining that exclusive

But because China also is seen in New Delhi as the biggest potential security threat to India, the United States is regarded with suspicion in India because of this association. A U.S. official said, and diplomats

from both countries confirmed, that India and Pakistan have stated their willingness to take part in negotiations in Geneva on a treaty banning the pro-duction of plutonium and highly enriched uranium for weapons purposes.



Taleban militiamen praying amid the remains of a building at the Zhawar Kili camp in Afghanistan, near Khost, which was hit by U.S. cruise missiles on Aug. 20. The photograph was taken late last week. the beef is in the pipeline.

Iran 'Prudently' Seeks to Resolve 11 Diplomats' Fate

"predently" in its confrontation with ne Taleban over missing Iranian diplomats, former President Akbar Hashemi Rafsanjani said in

remarks published Monday. The remarks by Mr. Rafsanjani, who is still a highly influential political figure, appeared to be a move to defuse a potentially explosive situation.

The government "is trying to resolve the problem of the Iranian nationals wisely and prudently in a carefully considered manner," the daily Ettelaat quoted him as saying.

The patience and perseverance of the families of the Iranian hostages in Afghanistan helps authorities in making sound decisions," he was quoted as telling relatives of the 11 diplomats and one journalist who are missing, and whom Iran accuses Taleban of hold-

About 70,000 Iranian Revolutionary Guards backed by helicopters and planes have massed on the Afghan border, and Tehran is demanding answers about the Iranians' fate.

Taleban has said that it does not know what happened to the 12 Iranians, although the supreme leader of Taleban, Mullah Mohammed Omar, was quoted as saying that they were "probably

Mr. Rafsanjani, who heads the Expediency Council, a top advisory body to the Iranian religious leader, Ayatollah Sayed Ali Khamenei, said Ayatollah Khamenei was "pursuing the matter with special attention and emphasis and has complete supervision of efforts un-

The Tehran Times reported Sunday

the chief commander of the armed forces, had "ruled out a clash" with

The Taleban movement said Monday in Kabul that the situation along the border with Iran was calm but that its fighters remained on alert.

A Taleban official warned Iran against any provocative action, saying it could trigger "a fireball" of violence. The 12 franians, who were based in the northern Afghanistan city of Mazar-

i-Sharif, have been missing since Taleban forces captured the city early last month. Iran expressed concern that they may have been killed. There have been unconfirmed re-

ports that the Iranian diplomats and the ournalist have been martyred," the official Iranian press agency, IRNA, said in a dispatch late Sunday night.
"Nearly a month after the capture of

the Iranian diplomats and journalist, reports received about their situation are contradictory and, in some cases, worrisome," the agency said.

Iran asked the UN secretary-general, which controls most of Afghanistan. Kofi Annan, on Friday to send a fact- Iran, along with the United Nations, recfinding mission to Afghanistan to pur- ognizes the deposed Afghan president, sne the matter.

Amnesty International said last week that the missing diplomats and journalist were reported to have been killed during the Taleban offensive. Citing witnesses, it said their bodies had been left in the Iranian consulate in Mazar-i-Sharif for two days before being buried

in a nearby mass grave. Tehran has accused Taleban of holding scores of Iranians hostage, including several truck drivers. Taleban has acknowledged that it is detaining about 30 truck drivers.

Apart from the well-being of its nationals, Iran has enormous stakes in Afghanistan, where it has traditionally wielded political, religious and cultural influence. Iran fears that Taleban is serving as a proxy to further the interests of Pakistan, Saudi Arabia and the

United States at its expense. Tehran supports the opposition North-

Foreign Minister Kamal Kharazi of ern Alliance that is bartling Taleban. Burhanuddin Rabbani, as the legitimate leader. Pakistan, Saudi Arabia and the United Arab Emirates are the only countries that recognize the Taleban regime.

Pakistan called on Iran and Afghan-

istan on Monday to exercise the "utmost restraint" and to take steps to ease tensions along their border. The call came after a meeting of the

cabinet defense committee that was chaired by Prime Minister Mian Nawaz Sharif.

In his interview with Ettelaat, Mr. Rafsaniani was sharply critical of Taleban. "Creating tension with neighboring countries, especially Iran, is a sign of the Taleban's rigid-mindedness and

lack of prudence," he said. "Their violation of international laws is indicative of their distrustful and inhuman nature. Taleban's behavior is not in the interests of Afghanistan and its people." (Reuters, AFP)

Dangerous Times for Mexico's Writers largely pawns of the government, many

By Molly Moore Washington Post Service

MEXICO CITY - For nine months Homero Aridjis, a Mexican poet and international spokesman for freedom of expression, has not stepped out of his house without the bodyguards that shad-ow him everywhere: to poetry readings, to lunch with friends, to walk his dog. Now, the telephone warnings that

prompted the Mexican government to assign guards to the president of PEN International, a global writers' orga-nization, have escalated with new and more chilling death threats that reflect a pattern of increasing violence against Mexican writers and journalists. Despite the enormous political open-

ing in the last two years, it is still extremely dangerous to be a journalist in Mexico," said Jorge Zepeda, president of the Society of Journalists, one of two new Mexican watchdog organizations recently created to assist journalists and publicize attacks against them.

Many journalists argue that it is the growing independence and power of the Mexican media, fed partly by reforms in Mexico's one-party political system, that have provoked the surge in attacks and threats against journalists and photographers in the past two years. Once

newspapers and magazines are professionalizing their staffs and pursuing aggressive investigations of drug cartels and official corruption.

In the last 16 months, four journalists have been killed in Mexico in job-related slavings. Scores have been attacked, threatened or intimidated, making the period one of the most violent for journalists here in a decade, according to the New York-based Committee to Protect Journalists.

In 1997, threats against journalists

were up 55 percent over the previous year with 187 assaults, threats and acts of intimidation, a Mexican group, Network for the Protection of Journalists, reported. The attacks have been waged by drug cartels, corrupt law enforcement officials and old-style political bosses, according to Mr. Zepeda, who said his organization was attempting to "convince Mexican society that an attack against a journalist is an attack against the whole society and its right to be well-informed."

Many of the attacks appear to have been related to the journalists' aggressive reporting. Benjamin Flores Gonzalez, editor of the newspaper La Prensa in San Luis Rio Colorado, on the U.S. border, was shot and killed on the front steps of his office in July, the target of drug traffickers angered by his untlinching coverage. A Mexico City journalist was murdered last year and five others abducted, reportedly by police officers who resented their coverage of corruption. The authorities have made few arrests.

The telephone threats received by Mr. Aridjis, one of Mexico's bestknown writers and a frequent government critic, have been particularly troubling to journalistic organizations because of his high-profile position as president of PEN International, the prestigious London-based organization of poets, novelists and other writers.

Homero Aridjis becomes a lightning rod because of his visibility." said Joel Simon of the Committee to Protect

The New York-based PEN American Center wrote in a letter last week to President Ernesto Zedillo of Mexico: We suspect that whoever is behind these calls is trying to inhibit Mr. Aridjis's activities as a writer, International PEN president, and an editorial

page columnist."
"Previous threatening phone calls also occurred within weeks of a public appearance by or press interview with Mr. Aridjis regarding human rights in Mexico and contemporary dangers faced by writers," it added.

Washington

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Rethink Capitalism

that rules we thought we understood don't seem to apply now. Until a few months ago, we thought we knew what a developing country had to do to join the ranks of the wealthy. We thought we knew how a Communist country could transform itself into a capitalist one. The general understanding was that as the world became more connected, it also would become more prosperous.

Now, with Russia and much of Asia having crashed, with Eastern Europe and Latin America imperiled and with much of Africa going backward, the certainties of only a year ago seem far from certain. Malaysia last week shut the door on the global economy, as its autocratic leader withdrew his currency from international circulation and fired the deputy prime minister who had pushed hardest for openness and liberalization. "The free market system has failed and failed disastrously," Prime Minister Mahathir. bin Mohamad declared.

Russia edged toward nationalization of industry and more state control. Even Hong Kong, until now the world's most ardently free economy, spent billions of government dollars to prop up the local stock exchange - an ervention that free marketeer Milton Friedman bluntly labeled "insane."

Looking around Mr. Mahathir's stricken neighborhood, it is not hard to understand his retreat. But it is im-

no homes to go back to. Some are with relatives in other parts of Kosovo and a few have gone to Montenegro, Albania and even Bosnia, but between 50,000 and 150,000 are living in the forests.

take in agreeing to a new "human-itarian" proposal from Mr. Milosevic. It is apt to fail at feeding the displaced,

for the outside world that he created in Bosnia. There, extensive international efforts to keep Bosnians from starving madvertently the war. The Serbs held humanitarian aid hostage, threatening to end it if the able to protect Bosnians. Supposed safe havens, such as Srebrenica, became killing fields.

arrested local workers bringing in forcontinues. Now he is proposing the establishment of 11 "humanitarian centers" to feed people who have been displaced. The United States agreed last

What is frightening about the world's current economic troubles is a sense more lessons than the facts provide. more lessons than the facts provide. Not everything we thought one year ago, in other words, now has been

> the IMF's doctrinaire opposition to any controls on capital, even on short-term and its initial efforts at Asian rescue may have been misguided in key respects. But much of what Asia did in the past 30 years — investing in health and primary education, welcoming outside investment, eradicating poverty was correct, and it is still, quite likely, Central Europe have accomplished in a few short years has been not only he-

> have a common thread, it was the emphasis of economic solutions over political ones. In Indonesia, it was beits own time, overcome the obstacles of autocracy and corruption. In Russia, it was hoped that macroeconomic stability and privatization would foster the middle class that would, in turn, insist on rule of law, contract sanctity and the rest. In both cases, the se-

> quencing didn't work. A lot of rethinking needs to be done. But many of the goals and principles were right, and they should not all be

thrown overboard in a panic. —THE WASHINGTON POST

uled for last week by American and

Milosevic in Kosovo

at night is now down to 5 degrees carrying out ethnic cleansing, many vilparts of Bosnia, with shelled carcasses of houses and earily empty streets. So 400,000 people, almost all women, children and the elderly, have fled their homes, and about a quarter of them have

The world must keep them alive, but the U.S. government has made a misbut even success would come at a cost of making the United States Mr. Milosevic's partner and thus blocking long-term solutions.

He is creating the same dilemmas ot in the way of ending West displeased them. Despite its promises, the United Nations was not

In Kosovo, Mr. Milosevic is doing it again. He has denied visas for relief workers, and his forces have killed and eign food. The shelling by his forces proved wrong.
Yes, this is a time for humility. Yes,

movements, may have been mistaken, enduring. Much of what Eastern and

roic but absolutely on track. If the mistakes that have been made lieved that economic growth would, in

Wednesday to provide food to each of The temperature in the Kosovo hills the centers. The agreement is unrealcentigrade, and that means death is coming. Despite Slobodan Milosevic's istic. Kosovo Albanians, who remember Srebrenica and do not trust Serbian repeated denials that Serbian forces are leaders, are not likely to risk gathering in places where "security," according to the Serbian government, would be provided by Serbian authorities. The plan would allow the Serbs to lages in Kosovo look like the worst far, relief groups say, some 200,000 to claim Western support in encouraging people to come down from the woods into Milosevic-controlled centers. Since Belgrade is not promising to stop the shelling, the centers may be luring people to their death. A mission sched-

> UN officials to see if the humanitarian centers are feasible had to be postponed due to shelling, which eloquently answers the question. Making a partner of Mr. Milosevic is not an acceptable way to help the displaced. American and other relief groups are drastically increasing the food they provide through local Kosovo organizations, which is important. Most crucial, however, is to get Mr. Milosevic to stop shooting.

> > on Belgrade, with the credible threat of military force if necessary. I he use of force is probably what the United States was trying to avoid when it agreed to support the Serbian idea. But it cannot allow Mr. Milosevic, who specializes in extorting rewards from the West for cleaning up problems he created, to hold humanitarian relief hostage. A policy of treating him as a partner, as the West did for so long in Bosnia, will limit the West's options in dealing with him and encourage him to continue killing Kosovo's Albanians. At bottom, Kosovo is a political crisis, not a humanitarian crisis. It will continue until Mr. Milosevic is forced to

> > Both steps will require intense pressure

Other Comment

Xenophobia in Asia

One big casualty of the Asian fi-nancial crisis is the debasement of public discourse. Malaysia must stand at the forefront of the offensive and the xenophobic. It first rattled foreign investors by promoting the idea that "currency speculators conspired" to devalue the ringgit and to "impov-

erish" the country.

Malaysia is now joined by Hong Kong, historically an open, tolerant, cosmopolitan city. [The Hong Kong government's] vitriolic metoric is unprecedented. Conjectures are taken as facts, half-truths as absolutes.

Xenophobia has now reared its ugly head in much of Asia. In Hong Kong, officials and their supporters routinely differentiate between "foreign speculators" and "local investors."

A local broker recently arranged a meeting between a high-ranking official and a group of Chinese fund

managers working for foreign companies. The broker warned the guests not to express any anti-government views, adding: "It's unfair to Hong Kong to allow foreigners to make easy money in our market."

reform, or is no longer running Serbia.

-THE NEW YORK TIMES.

Through all this, Singapore has stood out as the one country that has refused to descend to intellectual mediocrity. For clarity and brutal honesty, public servants in Hong Kong and Malaysia should be required to read Senior Minister Lee Kuan Yew's analysis of the Asian crisis.

Asia has many problems. They must be debated with intellectual rigor. Officials must learn that the financial market is a global village filled with people at least as educated and as smart as they are. By engaging in jingoism, they embarrass themselves and the people in whose name they govern.

— Sin-Ming Shaw, founder of Shaw Investment Management in Hong Kong, writing in Newsweek.

Herald Tribune

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An Updated 'Russian Idea' vs. Old Romanticism

By Aileen Kelly

CAMBRIDGE, England — I suspect that as Russia spins out of control many Westem leaders yearn for a strong hand to arrest the chaos. But if a new dictatorship arrives, it could be even more implacably opposed to the West than Soviet communism was.

The present crisis increases the possibility that a charismatic leader could appear on the scene and promise to mold the halfbaked ideas of various groups into a doctrine of national salvation with mass appeal.

Whether this will happen depends to a large extent on a national debate occurring within Russia, where intellectuals are continuing to redefine their culture and national identity, examining its strengths and weaknesses in light of the

Communist catastrophe. In conferences, round tables and discussions in the press, social and political scientists

and literary critics have vigorously debated the relationship between Russian and Western culture, the nature of Russian tyranny and of the Russian "mentality" — a buzz-word in post-Soviet times.

The debate is centered on the 'Russian Idea.'' This is the belief, first promoted by the czarist state in collaboration with Orthodox theologians, that Russia's distinctive religion and culture leave it destined to follow a path separate from the materialistic West and spiritually superior to it.

This faith in Russian superiority survived into the Soviet period, along with its encouragement of xenophobia, anti-Semitism and messianic communism, the "Russian

philosophers, anthropologists popular. As preached by various neo-Communist and napionalist groups, it purports to offer a sense of self-respect and purpose to a nation cruelly humiliated by the West.

Most Russian thinkers historically have claimed that the liberal ideal of individual freedom is selfish and divisive and that the road to self-fulfillment lies in the collective pursuit of social or spiritual ideals. And this claim continues to find new adherents.

The most popular of previously banned works reissued after the fall of communism were those of religious philosophers, such as Vladimir Solovyov, who forecast Russia's progress through united endeavor toward God's kingdom hopes. And with the fall of on earth. Some Russians argue that today's moral confusion Idea" has become even more and criminality can be over-

creed that unites the nation.

According to A. A. Yermi-lov, Western "liberal inventions," such as legal guarantees of rights, would be superfluous in a society grounded in religious solidarity.

These discussions may seem trivial compared with the political events that are daily threatening international markets and stability. But in Russia ideas have often had direct and terrible political consequences. One example to remember is the role of Russian messianic nationalism at the beginning of this century in inspiring the first pogroms in

modern Europe.

Members of the nationalist and religious right are continu-ally defining the Russian mentality in ways that mesh with their anti-Western political programs. They marginalize all thinkers who do not con-

come only by a new messianic form to the messianic model. At a recent major conference on Russian philosophy, all the papers were on religious phiosophers.

Many Russian intellectuals are alarmed by this imbalance. The monthly Questions of Philosophy, at one time an ideological mouthpiece of the Communist Party but now a voice of reason, spells out the dangers of a new orthodoxy.

One contributor, G. L.

Tulchinsky, a philosophy pro-fessor at St. Petersburg Uni-versity, observes that doctoral candidates in philosophy and the human sciences often cite Russian religious philosophers as routinely as they once cited. Marx and Lenin.

At the same time, many Russian intellectuals believe that society needs not more but less unity, and must learn the importance of pluralism. It is not clear, however, that grafting Western values and institutions onto Russia is the answer.

Russia, G. L. Tulchinsky maintains, will develop a stable: democracy only by barmonizing a respect for individual freedom with its own communitarian ideals and customs.

There are some signs that such a new democratic tradition is developing. For the first time in centuries the Russian people have been left to their own devices. Freed from the tyranny of state, church or party, stripped of all security, Russians have reacted to the crises of the 1990s not with anarchic violence, as was feared, but with astonishing resourcefulness, exhibiting in their daily behavior the combination of individual initiative and social solidarity that may portend a new-style Russian Idea.''

Thanks to their spectacularly incompetent government, Russians have been undergoing a harsh training course in the self-reliance that is the f basis of political maturity.

A political meltdown may yet bring the Russian right to power, but it will then have to contend with a population that is beginning to understand its past well enough to have a fair chance of not repeating it.

The writer, a professor of Russian history at Cambridge and author of "Toward Another Shore: Russian Thinkers Between Necessity and Chance." contributed this comment to The New York Times.

Good Societies Are About More Than Free Markets just \$2 billion a year, a tiny fraction of

WASHINGTON — The swooning U.S. stock market, the East Asian collapse and the Russian implosion have a common genesis: All are casualties of the great illusion of our era — the utopian

worship of free markets. Half a century ago, the democracies of the West --- chastened by two world wars and a depression, by the brutalities of pure capitalism and the menace of communism concluded that a market economy needed to be tamed and domesticated, to coexist with a decent, stable and just society. But the stagnation of the 1970s, the resurgence of organized business as a political force and finally the collapse of communism revived an almost lunatic credulity in pure markets and a messianic

urge to spread there worldwide.

Consider the East Asian crisis. For the most part, East Asia has productive workers and firms, households with high rates of savings, prudent government budgets. Some countries did suffer from businessgovernment cronyism. But what wrecked these economies was their sudden exposure to international speculative forces. Financial speculators first overinvested in their currencies, stocks and businesses, and then abruptly pulled the plug.

This sudden vulnerability reflected ultra-free-market norms imposed by the United States and its proteges at the International Monetary Fund. Obviously, the real value of an economy does not fluctuate by 80 percent in a few months. What fluctuate are the guesses of foreign speculators. But in an exposed economy.

these become self-fulfilling prophecies.
The U.S. stock market is a casualty of the same market worship. Just weeks ago, prestigious commentators still were pro-

By Robert Kuttner

claiming a fundamentally "new economy" of permanent prosperity. Supposedly, the combination of deregulation, globalization, low inflation and technology meant that stocks had nowhere to go but up.

In truth, the stock market got dangerously overvalued because markets often misvalue things. Markets misvalue human labor, education and universal health care; they misvalue clean air and water. And occasionally, euphorias break out, and markets misvalue stocks.

What has saved the stock market from even steeper collapse is that nemesis of financial market purists, the good old capital gains tax. Investors are riding out the down market rather than paying a tax on what is left of their gains.

The same free market fundamentalists who considered globalization an unmitigated plus now offer this contradictory reassurance: The contagion won't seriously damage us because America is still relatively isolated compared with the poor suckers who took our advice and are now more globally exposed than we are. Alas, America is no island. Calamity in

Asia, Russia and Latin America, partly the fruit of U.S. ideological exports, cannot help but affect the United States and Europe. The most dangerous of all these events is the collapse in Russia.

It recalls the West's failure to help Germany recover after World War L, resulting in World War IL

The United States spent \$9 trillion to win the Cold War. Once communism collapsed, it concluded that market forces would do the rest. Western aid to Russia peaked at

By Jean Daniel

Today you cannot say that the West and Islam. Consider the

There was a historic moment, in the

postwar Marshall aid to Europe.

early 1990s, when a "grand bargain" with the emerging post-Soviet Russia was on offer. With serious aid, the West could have helped true reformers build an effective democratic state and a modern mixed economy. Instead the Russians got laissez-faire gangster capitalism. Today, weirdly, the most effective opposition is

the Communist Party. Economic reconstruction after World War II accepted the necessity of a mixed economy. In that era, the United States and the IMF recognized that emergent economies could not be the prisoners of private speculative capital. The postwar system regulated private money flows and stabilized currencies to allow nations to develop. Today's IMF perversely demands exposure to speculators as a precondition of assistance.

Increasingly, countries like Russia and Malaysia are imposing unilateral controls on capital. But instead of being part of a coherent system of stabilization and development that includes necessary buffers, these moves are isolationist and destabilizing. Until the economic priesthood of the West revises its ultra-market view of free financial flows, more such moves will follow.

What we need is a program of stabilization and reconstruction in the spirit of the post-World War II years, with limits on speculative money flows, and more development aid. Sometimes it takes a crisis to change official thinking. Let us hope that conventional wisdom shifts before crisis turns to catastrophe.

Washington Post Writers Group

The Clash That Matters Is Occurring Within Societies

Builders were on one side and terrorists on the other. Today there is a sort of secret bond between the mad and the wise, since the latter have been shown as wrong to have been wise. Call it a communitarian religious rallying — or civil-izational, as Mr. Huntington

would say. The passing from a vertical to a horizontal divide was pointed up by a different American approach in the weeks leading up to the Gulf War in 1991.

The main feature of that war was not the demonstration of American power. It was the possibility of preventing the Arabs from rallying to the side of the aggressors and terrorists with the excuse that Arabs had just grievances against an oil-thirsty West in cahoots with the Israeli right.

George Bush had the intelligence — at a time when the United States basked in the prestige consequent upon the November 1989 implosion of the Soviet system — not to wage a Gulf War against Arabs and Muslims in general, their values and their symbols. Even International Herald Tribune.

sential symbolic importance. Much has happened since. In the latest Gulf crisis there was no

fective mobilization against the terrorism of religious fanatics their countries — isolated not opinion, which is on edge.

iated and frustrated peoples. Without a determined, pa

tient and methodical winning over of public opinion in these countries by spectacular ges-tures from the West, and above

laam the outlook for terrorists can be said to have improved.

The writer, editor of the weekly Le Nouvel Observateur. contributed this comment to the

IN OUR PAGES: 100, 75 AND 50 YEARS AGO

1898: Cretan Uprising

an Editorial: Months have been spent in wasted efforts at the cost of an enormous expendi-ture to Great Britain, France, Russia and Italy, without any approach to a solution of the Cretan insurrection and the tion, and that they have not got over their disappointment. Mil-itary defeats by Israel, on top of Græco-Turkish war. The Mussulman minority in the island is determined to resist European intervention. The last straw was the appointment of Christian tithe-collectors. When these officials were being installed at Candia the Turks protested and were fired upon by the British troops. Then followed a scene of slaughter and destruction.

1923: Man's Alimony

NEW YORK - For the first time, it has been judicially held that a woman must pay alimony you don't succeed on earth in to her husband. In Los Angeles a victory you can try to succeed in man sued his wife for support,

PARIS — [The Herald says in an Editorial 1 Months have been ordered the wife to pay her husband temporary alimony of \$5 a week, saying: The husband has broken in harness, I am afraid the wife will have to pull a double load for a while. Marriage is a case of give and take."

1948: French Crisis PARIS - Premier Robert

Schuman's two-day-old gov-ernment — after having been beaten in the National Assembly by a vote of 295 to 289 -resigned, reopening the political and constitutional crisis that has disturbed the country for more than six weeks. The country may be forced to a dissoland new national elections elections that could mean the end of the Fourth Republic and the return to power of General Charles de Gaulle,

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Prague 1966 and

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Samuel Serie

versities, in Lisbon, Washington and Quebec, to defend radically opposed theses. Mr. Huntington, in a much discussed article in Foreign Af-

fairs and in his latest book, prophesies that clashes among civilizations are going to replace clashes of sovereignty and proximity. Of the 21 civilizations listed by the late historian Arnold

PARIS — Samuel Huntington and I stopped off last

month at the same three uni-

Toynbee, Mr. Huntington re-tains six, including a Muslim civilization that he expects will assemble all the Islamic states for a confrontation with the West in general and the United States in particular.

My modest rejoinder, more observation than prediction, was that Mr. Huntington's analysis fails to account for the main events we are witnessing.

The clashes among Pakistan, India and China, all three of which have nuclear weapons, are definitely nationalistic. And India fears China more than it fears the United States.

Before the genocidal mas-sacres in Rwanda, the bloodiest war (almost a million dead) was between Iraqi Muslims and Ira-nian Muslims. For a change, the West was not accused by either side of provoking or prolonging that war, which went on for eight long years amid Arab and Muslim indifference.

Upen Incitement to Hatred of Israel

being conducted with complete indifference from the international community.'

Incitement to hatred is, of course, not restricted to African sources. A pro-Israel group, the Middle East Media and Research Institute, which translates material from the Palestinian media, is out recently with some fresh examples of hate speech and vileness. An article by Salim Al-Awa, identified as an intellectual

writing in an Islamic Jihad weekly in Palestine, maintains that it is the "duty" of Muslims to acquire weapons of mass destruction to confront Israel. The writer says "martyrs who self-explode" (suicide bombers)

are indeed entitled to martyrdom

if they kill women and children:

These are the mightiest mar-

leaves no place for Israel.

A second exhibit is of scenes shown on Palestinian Authority shown shouting slogans of praise for the suicide squads. Girls somewhat older extol stones and bullets, martyrs and

shot in a youth camp in Gaza and television. Boys of 11 or 12 are prisoners. A map of Palestine

They are evil.

Stephen S. Rosenfeld,

in The Washington Post.

Iranians and the Taleban conrecent prolonged occupation of front each other in the name of a bases in Saudi Arabia, land of Islamic holy places respected Yet you would think it was by even nonpracticing Muslims. It is what occurs when one fails to lift an embargo on Iraq

ized children.

that doesn't bother Saddam Hus-

sein at ail and brings about the

daily deaths of many hospital-

when the United States, which

solemnly took over from the

Norwegians as sponsor of the Oslo accords and guarantor of

their application, allows Ben-jamin Netanyahu to undo what

Yitzhak Rabin and Yasser Ara-

fat had the courage to do. Worse, Muslims, who have

an eye for dignity and hier-archy, saw President Bill Clin-

ton fail to take up a public chal-lenge from Mr. Netanyahu on

television when he sharply crit-

icized Hillary Clinton for hav-

ing dared to say what the Israeli left declares every morning— that there will one day be a

My intent is not to catalogue,

indulgently and passively, the Arab/Muslim world's com-

plaints. That world has always

been divided, even in its times

of glory. It has always pursued unity in vain, and its leaders have always feared that unity would be achieved to a neigh-

Islam had its grand eras in Baghdad, Andalusia, the Otto-man empire; its contributions to

humanity have been invaluable. The fact remains, as the Pal-estinian writer Edward Said re-

called recently in Le Monde

Diplomatique, that no sooner

did Arabs emerge from colon-

ization than they sank, many of

them, into failure and corrup-

this, are a wound to the soul of

All the same, there has been a

real revolution, launched first

by Anwar Sadat and then by Mr.

Arafat in Oslo. As the world

looked on, the vertical divide

that Mr. Huntington sees be-

tween civilizations turned into a

Palestinian state.

bor's benefit,

proud peoples.

It is what of course occurs

Mr. Huntington who was inspiring the approach to Islam of the Pentagon and the State Department. If this continues, it could turn out that accumulated partisan behavior and gross mistakes fabricate a "clash of civilizations" that nothing portended beforehand.

common anti-Western stance.

I argued, against my eminent interlocutor, that Muslim societies are being agitated by the same two currents as other societies: the traumatizing current of modernity and the violent current of tradition. The resulting split inside all the world's societies characterizes the

present fin de siècle. The split is aggravated by monstrous inequality in development. The rich become inexorably richer and the poor inexorably poorer, contrary to the principles of Adam Smith. But it is clear that if, from the

outside, one incites communitarian reactions that draw the two sides together within divided societies, one does create a "civil-izational" phenomenon leading to opposition against those nations that represent modernity, in particular the United States. Now, that is just what is oc-

curring in relations between the

TNCITEMENT to hatred of Trutsi in Congo, says the International Crisis Group, "is our boys and girls."

In the seemingly endless enumeration of words and deeds by which Palestinians and Israelis wound each other, these samples are hardly alone. But they are disgusting and frightening. They evoke a dark pos-sibility of a Palestinian or a broader Islamic genocidal impulse that, I believe, is without counterpart on the Israeli side.

horizontal divide separating advocates of pacific projects from fanatic militants. That is a revolution because, in this part of the world, when heaven by salvation — which explains why Mr. Sadat was assassinated by an Egyptian, Mohammed Bondiaf by an Algerian and Mr. Rabin by an Israeli.

> longer a single Arab or Muslim state on the American side. There will be no real and efunless they are isolated within simply by more or less corrupt governments but by public

The tragic truth right now is that the terrorists and fanatics may be disavowed but are not, in their very madness, radically and wholly unpopular. They are the bad conscience of humil-

all from the United States, terrorism will not be defeated. Since the retaliation in Afghanistan and Sudan for the attacks in Nairobi and Dar es Sa-

OPINION/LETTERS

Romanticish

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misunderstanding could lead to miscalculation and military conflict.

U.S. Should Seize the Chance to Engage Iran

bombings, one day find himself without patrons, completely isolated, that, between Iran and Afghanistan, America does not "have a favor-

By Stanley A. Weiss

Such a scenario might not be far-fetched. The role of so-called "rogue" states is shifting from It should. The Taleban represents a serious terrorist threat to American services and the shadowy terrorist citizens and interests. More important, Iran is changing. If Washington begins the process of normalizing relations, Iran's attitude toward the United States may one day again tent that a country wants to play a more significant role in the international community.

The second resemble that of Egypt or Jordan rather than of Iraq or Libya.

Where is the proof? For starters I

Where is the proof? For starters, I vas granted a visa to visit Iran earlier this year, something that would have been unheard of for an American businessman only a few years ago, and something that is still im-possible in Iraq or Libya.

More significant, Iran condemned last month's terrorist bombings of the American embassies in Nairobi and Dar es Salsam, in marked contrast to Iraq and Libya.

The U.S. policy of continuing to treat Iran as if it were Iraq or Libya undercuts the very moderates in Iran who are in a position to help battle has reportedly killed thousands of the bin Ladens of the world. Iran's Shiite civilians and 10 Iranian dip- hard-line political ayatollahs play lomats. Indeed, there are reports of

the United States like a yo-yo.
Each time President Khatami and the White House start talking about talking, the opponents of change in Tehran put on whatever spin is necessary - arresting the mayor of Tehran, impeaching a minister, firing off a missile — to provoke the reaction they want from their counterparts in Washington.

he controls the money that finances fall victim to these same now-bankthe Iranian terrorist institutions. But rupt policies. it is Iran's supreme leader, Ayatollah First, Am Sayed Ali Khamenei, who controls Iran's military and internal security, as well as the judiciary, the state radio and television, the intelligence

Mr. Khatami's only support is the Iranian people. His landslide elec-tion in May 1997 and his outspoken formulation of the revolution's principles, including the rule of law, make him the kind of threat the extremist mullahs fear most an elected high official unassailable on religious grounds with overwhelming popular support.

Last month Mr. Khatami called for sweeping economic reforms. "Our economy is chronically ill," he said. 'It will not be cured unless we make fundamental changes."

As inflation skyrockets, a million youngsters join the labor force each year looking for jobs that do not exist. The state owns more than 80 percent of the economy, including the powerful, unaccountable and inefficient foundations that operate the 700 companies that Ayatollah Khomeini expropriated at the time of the 1979 revolution.

The sharp drop in oil prices has

only made things worse. Iran depends on crude oil exports for 85 percent of hard-currency earnings.

Many U.S. policymakers feel that

the American trade embargo and secondary sanctions provided the economic pressure that helped elect official has been quoted as saying able to prevent acts of terrorism until prove conditions the president will Tribune.

First, America should exempt food exports, as it did with India and Pakistan a few weeks after condemning them for their nuclear tests. U.S. wheat farmers sold an embargoed fraq nearly 1 million tons in the last year under a United Nations humanitarian program. Why not sell grain to Iran?

Second, the United States should begin selling nonstrategic consumer goods, using the Iranian merchants who underpin the political mullahs as their distributors. A flood of U.S. products, from blue jeans to videos. could do more than anything else to loosen the grip of the political ex-

And finally, if trade worked to improve the relationship between the two countries, all sanctions on oil and gas should be lifted.

The U.S. administration might also consider using its formi-dable public relations skills to send this message. One idea would be to invite President Khatami to tour the American heartland after he gives his nation's speech at the opening of this year's United Na-tions General Assembly in late eptember.

Such a move might not only begin to end the current stalemate in U.S.-Iranian relations, it might ultimately speed the day when terrorists can truly claim no safe haven.

The author, founder and chairman of Business Executives for Na-Mr. Khatami. While this may be tional Security, contributed this President Khatami will never be true, unless the moderates can im- comment to the International Herald

Western governments were inhibited by a fear not unlike

from intervening in Kosovo.

change in Czechoslovakia

seemed a secure Cold War

other Warsaw Pact countries

would be contaminated by

successful Czechoslovak re-

form. Where might that lead?

Better that the Soviet Union

kept order in Eastern and

The analogy with Kosovo

Central Europe.

They were afraid that

Harlem's People Keep Their Cool Despite the Makings of a Riot

NEW YORK — In the end the ordinary people of Harlem proved to be smarter and far more responsible than and hurt, to lash out at the either Khalid Muhammed or Rudolph Giuliani.

عكذاص الاصل

Both men are provocateurs and both were spoiling for a fight on Saturday, the day of the so-called Million Youth March in New York.

Mr. Muhammed did his usual number on whites and Jews. And he wrapped up his

MEANWHILE

ugly speech by urging his listeners, if attacked, to retaliate by treating the police the way some officers in Brooklyn allegedly treated Abner Louima, a Haitian immigrant who prosecutors say was tortured while in police

custody last year. Mr. Giuliani, who is supposed to be the mayor of the entire city, abused the power of his office by turning a large section of Harlem into a police encampment. By doing that he humiliated thousands of perfectly peaceful and lawabiding residents whose only offense was that they are

But a funny thing happened on the way to the riot. The people kept their heads. They never bought into the hateful rhetoric spewed by a succession of clowns from the speakers' platform. And they refused, despite feeling bitter

today is valid only in part.

Concern about the possible

drive by the Kosovar resis-

bania" is entirely justified.

International Herald Tribune.

Los Angeles Times Syndicate.

badly.

But tolerating what Slo-

By Bob Herbert

police officers who showed up by the thousands on Saturday morning and locked down the neighborhood. The cops came ready for

war. Residents who emerged from their apartments and brownstones at the start of a beautiful holiday weekend were greeted by an army of police officers who had arrived with helicopters. horses, tractor-trailer trucks, buses, cars, vans and motorcycles. Police barricades seemed to go up everywhere.

Subway stations were shut down, their entrances blocked by yellow tape that read, "Police line — do not cross. "I think it's terrible," said Debra Morrison, who belongs to a community group called the Harlem Gateway Com-

mittee. "It's like they want trouble." Dozens of blocks surrounding the site of the afternoon rally were closed off. People attempting to go to the rally were treated perversely. The police would tell them they could approach the site from, say, 123d Street. The people would walk to 123d, only to be told they would have to go down to 119th, There they would find that 119th was closed, and so on.

Why are they doing this?" a woman asked. She was on the verge of tears.

Another woman said, "I'm trying to get to my church, but they won't let me." A woman

to go home.' A man who walked away from one of the barricades consequences of a successful said, in obvious frustration:

"I can't let it get the best of

tance to create a "greater Alme. They treat us like we're all criminals." bodan Milosevic is doing to 'restore order" in Kosovo. officers posted at the barricades. And the officers, for because Washington relies on him to enforce the Daythe most part, treated the

people respectfully. ton agreement, is like choosing Soviet order in 1968 A cop, who asked that his over Prague's springtime. It is the sort of thing that ends name not be used, said to me: "You know where the orders are coming from. The people are fine. Not one problem. But I have to follow my orders.

Rudolph Giuliani would never, but never, treat an entire neighborhood of white people the way he treated the people in the vicinity of Lenox Avenue on Saturday.

The Million Youth March was a failure in the sense that only a few thousand people showed up, and very few of them were teenagers. Mr. Muhammed's message of hate was soundly rejected by young black

But Mr. Giuliani, by deploying his police as if all olack people were a mortal threat, succeeded in intensifying the opposition among blacks toward him and his policy of police overkill. The anti-Giuliani feeling among

The mayor deployed the police as if all black people were a mortal threat.

black people in New York City is overwhelming and growing.

There was no need to have helicopters swooping down and buzzing the rooftops on Lenox Avenue on Saturday. This was Harlem, not Viet-

There was no need for cons in riot gear to storm a rally that was ending. The rally had certainly been repugnant, but it was neither violent nor illegal. The threat to the peace beside her said, "I'm trying came from Mr. Giuliani's police.

The mayor is playing with fire. He may feel that it is in his political interest to keep beating up on black people. It may help him as he does his little dance in front of Many people were upset. Republican groups around But they did not hassle the the country that had no use for black people to begin with. But it is not in the city's

> Black New Yorkers are fed up with Mr. Giuliani's abuse and contempt. He seems not to care, which ensures that a bad situation will only get

The New York Times.

Prague 1968 and the West's Toleration of the Kosovo Crisis

PARIS—The 1968 Prague first intrigued by the new "springtime" of demo-course taken by the Czechcratic reform lasted into the oslovak party under Alexan- preserved legitimate Soviet initially undiscoverable that which has kept the North summer of that year, to be der Dubcek Mr. Dubcek took security interests while apcharges, one of thousands Atlantic Treaty Organization eventually terminated by the over the Czechoslovak party peasing the accumulating un-caught up in Stalin's final intervention of a quarter-mil- in January 1968, at a time rest and national feeling in round of purges. Eventually lion Soviet, Bulgarian, Pol- when society was in artistic Central and Eastern Europe he was accused of being a ish, Hungarian and East Ger- and intellectual ferment, and man soldiers during the night political change seemed not the Soviet system.

BEIJING — Could Osama bin Laden, the terrorist mastermind

suspected in the recent U.S. embassy

sponsoring terrorism to providing

sanctuary for terrorists. As a result, it

may be possible to convince some of

these states to cooperate in the battle

national community.

One place to start is with the Is-

lamic Republic of Iran, which, as far

as most Americans are concerned,

invented state-sponsored terrorism.

But the 1979-1989 Iran of Ayatollah

Ruhollah Khomeini is not the Iran of

today's president. Mohammed

For starters, many Iranians — ruled by Shiite Muslim clergy —

recognize that their greatest enemy

may lie on their eastern border in

Afghanistan, where the ultra-ortho-

dox Taleban's Sunni Islamic regime

up to 70,000 heavily armed Iranian

troops poised on the Afghan border.

and the Taleban may make Tehran

more willing to help America with Mr. bin Laden — who is reported to

have taken refuge in Afghanistan -

than has been generally appreciated.

But the U.S. response has been dis-

appointing. A senior administration

The looming conflict between Iran

Khatami.

against terrorism, at least to the ex-

unable to find a place to land?

The Czechoslovaks' effort The democratizing reforms Lendvai, a Hungarian-born to cast off a stultifying and Mr. Dubcek allowed evoked a journalist who left his country oppressive Soviet orthodoxy Poles and Hungarians tried

The Czechoslovaks' the peaceful rebellion, the 'reasonable'' one, which attempted to persuade the Soviets that a better communism would result — a reformed communism "with a human face" that would earn the confidence of the people and could therefore stabilize the Communist bloc.

leader at the time, seemed at

wave of approval from the as part of the 1956-1957 had come 12 years after the people, but made the party apparatus as well as the Soand failed to do the same viet leadership fear that the thing, and 15 years after the outcome could be a loss of fluential of the Western jour-use Arthur Koestler's terms), uprising of East German party control in the country, nalists covering the region, are splendidly conveyed in workers in Berlin in 1953. and even Czechoslovakia's working for the Financial Mr. Lendvai's new autobiodetection from the "

Leonid Brezhnev, Soviet to Western skepticism.

only desirable but feasible.

camp."

They were too rigid to grasp that an opportunity was being presented to them, an opening that could lead toward negotiated "disengagement" in the Cold War. Negotiated disengagement had been proposed

that would eventually destroy A witness to this was Paul

postrevolutionary exodus and papers, and eventually with Austrian radio and television.

A Socialist Party activist as a teenager in early postwar Hungary, at 19 he became a journalist on the official Com-Communists' 1947 takeover in the 1950s by both Winston of the Socialist Party and Churchill and George Kerman, seizure of power in Hungary.

Five years after that he be-In the 1960s it might have came a political prisoner, on

By William Pfaff

Trotskyite, which presented a might unbalance what problem since he had never read Trotsky. After Stalin's relationship with Russia. The death he was released but

denied work for three years. The "logical delirium" of postrevolutionary exodus and those times, the "controlled subsequently became one of schizophrenia" of its ideolothe most important and in- gized thought processes (to ted: A Journalist's Life in Central Europe.

The controlled schizophrenia is what subsequently blocked reform throughout the bloc. A real disconnection munist daily, following the from reality had occurred among the leaders; the result as Mr. Lendvai writes, of the leaders' own 'collective plot" to keep reality a secret from others.

> Eventually reality became a secret from them as well. This is why it was im-possible for the Soviet leadership to allow the Czechoslovak reforms to succeed. That would have required dealing with the facts of Czechoslo vak life and possibility in 1968 — which really is all that the people were asking.

The 20-year-old student Jan Palach, who in January 1969, following the invasion. immolated himself by fire, did so because he ''could not bear the triumph of hypocrisy, the return in force of the lies" that had accompanied Soviet tanks into Prague in August 1968.

The West did nothing of serious consequence either to block the invasion of Czechoslovakia when it was clearly foreseeable or to punish it after it had happened. The

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LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

About Taiwan

Regarding the report "Taiwan's Leader Takes a Defiant Line" (Sept. 1):

While President Lee Tenghui is to be commended for his contribution to the dem-ocratization and "Taiwanization" of the island's political structure and for his forts to preserve the hardon freedom of the 22 miltion inhabitants of Taiwan, there are glaring inconsisten-

cies in his policies. President Lee is right in asserting that only the people of Taswan have the right to determine their own destiny. His advocacy of ultimate unification with China, however, improperly prejudges the neople's choice. To be sure, this goal of unification is subect to a precondition that China must first become a democracy. Nevertheless, there are problems with the enunciation of such a policy goal. First, China and the United States tend to hear only the word "reunification" and ig-

Second, the emphasis on the goal of unification with

Pore the precondition. The

China deprives the Tarwanese do we will lose our national ture independent of China The result is low morale in the nations. Protection of democ- criminals remain at large. future also contributes to social decay, as evidenced in high crime rates.

Lee Teng-hui's complaint about Taiwan's international isolation is legitimate. Yet Taiwan's secluded status is partly due to the government's clinging to the fiction that the Republic of China on Taiwan has sovereignty over the whole of China and Outer Mongolia. The government needs to recognize reality by adopting a new constitution, redefining its territory to areas actually under its control and changing the state

name to Taiwan. The United States should refrain from words and actions that cause its democratic friends and allies to doubt America's reliability and integrity. In engaging China, the United States needs to insist on respect for human rights and the peaceful determination of Taiwan's future.

Refusing Taiwan's particination in the World Health Organization means fewer villagers in developing countries receive health care. Refusing As a nation, we Americans Taiwan's participation in the cannot side with authoritarian Food and Agriculture Organization means more of the China to help China destroy Taiwan's democracy. If we world's impoverished people

organizations.

long-range national security.

Lansdale, Pennsylvania.

Those who would impose

Bill Clinton's third "no" on

Taiwan - no support for Tai-

wan's membership in inter-

national organizations that re-

quire statehood (along with no

support for Taiwan indepen-

dence and no support for two

aid that could relieve some of

the world's greatest miseries.

of development and very con-

siderable surpluses of foreign

currency, it is clear that Tai-

wan would be a valuable par-

ticipant in international

Given Taiwan's high level

JAY T. LOO.

fluence the behavior of other military and the general population. Uncertainty about the peace and stability in East made for Taiwan's participa-

> President Lee Teng-hui is right to resist those who would force Taiwan's reunification with Communist China. After all, one of the fundamental principles of the United Nations is to develop Chinas) — appease political egos at the price of denying "friendly relations among nations based on respect for the principle of equal rights andí self-determination of peoples." But then Taiwan is not permitted to participate at the United Nations either.

> > Jemsalem.

Letters intended for publication should be addressed

go hungry. Refusing Taiwan's of hope for a democratic fu- honor and our ability to in- participation in Interpol means more of the world's

Asia as well as America's tion in other international organizations, the vast majority of which are established to bring relief to the suffering and stability to human rela-

BILL CLARK.

"Letters to the Editor" and contain the writer's Signature name and full address. Letters should be brief and are subject to editing. We cannot be responsible for the return of

What's Next? Previews From Fashion to Furnishings

By Suzy Menkes
International Herald Tribune

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ARIS - Even before vacationers have had time to shake the sand out of their sneakers, fashion is looking toward next summer and over the rim of the new millennium.

Decoration, innovation and artistic imagination were the themes of a strong Prêt-à-Porter women's wear exhibition, held in conjunction with other fashion and accessories trade fairs at the Porte de Versailles over the weekend.

Since many exhibitors work on short deliveries, the exhibition gives an overview of what is happening in the penultimate season of the old century.

The message is a return of all things womanly, from bust darts through delicate, spidery embroidery and pretty colors

— as though fashion were
shaking off the aggression and androgyny that went with the feminist era.

That means a strong focus on the dress, long, often layered in ganzy fabrics but also draped, wrapped and tied - like the knotted styles in dusky, hand-dyed shades from the Belgian designer Rudy Deboyser at Etcetera.

The pleated skirt has swept in set on a basque, in light fabrics either over-knee or ankle-length (from Isabel Marant). Unlined jackets look either like blouses or squarecut work shirts (at Bensimon), along with the sailor top (in classic navy from Mer du Nord and in beige suede from

Michel Klein).
Other girly touches are raised-waist dresses, peasant blouses and even little-girl, nursery and rosebud prints (from Honore).

The sexy, clingy stretch dress and saucy lingerie effects are now on hold, although stretch remains a vital component of tailored clothes and there were linen dresses and tops with lace

trimmings at Whistles. "It's a very pretty season," said Lucille Lewin of Whistles, whose beaded cardigans, cropped pants and sweet colors were typical items in the Atmosphere d'Ete section of the show.

For many exhibitors, clothes are getting daintier and smaller, whether it is a ballet wrap top and minuscule buttons on shrunken cardigans at the British company Artwork; or the tiny knitted shoulder-shrug from the Spanish

Womanly Wear

Amaya Arzuaga. More downsizing and then dyed in potpourti colors. comes with the delicate beaded jewelry. often strung on wires and with trimmings, like the tiny rickrack braid from

The fabric of the season? Make that fabrics. An exceptional number of outfits — skirts, dresses and pants — appeared with wide borders in a contrast-ing material or color. In fact this was often a way to sneak richer color into otherwise plain clothes.



Leaf-patterned skirt from Munthe plus Simonsen.

A perpetual play on textures brought mixes of "wet" and "dry" fabrics, like the plastic shoulder straps on a slip dress at the Belgian Anvers.

Other graphic borders were based on tea towels, a utilitarian look that appeared at Junk by Junko Shimada and at Foret de France, whose traditional linens and cottons were made up into apron

This return to authentic fabrics was made intriguing at Hannoh, where the designer Hanno Wessell showed, among crisp cotton clothes banded with from the flea market, treated

Authentic is often synonymous with 'natural." The back-to-nature look included leaf prints on banded dresses from Irene Van Ryb and photo prints of trees and bank and embroidered trees from Munthe plus Simonsen of Copenhagen. Designer Naja Munthe, a fa-vorite with the Danish model Helena Christensen, captured with her simple dresses in layers of texture the spirit of next summer's style.

What's out? Sharp tailoring and baggy pants, although there are a variety of new cropped pant shapes, set on a narrow, side-wrapped low-

slung waistband. The rapper and military looks, with the ubiquitous cargo pants, had moved away to a different part of the fair called Who's Next, where a café called Ethno/Techno summed up the mood.

Among the denim (dark) and the shoes (suede sandals in sugared-almond colors from Clarks, Dr. Martens and Hush Puppies) were dramatic, attention-grabbing installations. They included a Mad Max low-tech scenario, a replica of a 1950s kitchen and a set of Barbie dolls strung

about with candies. With some New York designers showing six weeks earlier than usual, the question of timing is uppermost in the minds of fashion folk. Gerald Roudine, executive vice president of the Prêt-à-Porter salon, said definitively that there was no question of bringing the French salon forward. But that future plans ought to include integrating the different trade fairs rather than running them separate-

"We need to create virtual shows, with fashion alongside furniture and decoration — they should be complementary," he said, referring to the fact that many fashion designers create home collections and they would logically be shown alongside the clothing -- rather than on the other side of the city.

But Roudine was optimistic in general about the French market, which seems to have picked up after several years in the doldrums. This feeling was endorsed by the upbeat mood of the exhibitors who claimed that buyers were spending big money at the fair.

crosses of tape, jackets that were recycled from linen sheets. They were bought

the most elegant of branches, lamps that look like nests to an urban dweller. a bunch of twigs and feathers You can imagine a pile of wafting from lampshades, as those thrush-brown cushion well as edging those cushions, trimmed with ostrich plumes from Fabienne Villacreces in creating a country den in the south of France.

of Louis whatever. In comes

craftsmanship, was the message from Scenes d'Interieur, part of the Salon International de la Decoration, which includes furnishings, giftware and what the French call arts de la table.

Think of that table as kitchen, dressed in a meaty spired wicker vases, birdlinen tablecloth and set with plates, each with a subtly different hand-painted design.

Don't forget the obligatory scented candle — not the exotic perfume of lilies, but the homely smell of fresh to-matoes. That is what you get created by Prince Louis Al-from the Parisian florist bert de Broglie, who lives in Christian Tortu, whose forest the family chateau, but is infragrance, leaf plates, zinc spired by the great outdoors. flower vases and wine-red orchids set the tone.

As with fashion, so with the home, it is time to move on from the monastic and minimal with subtle embroideries, with mixes of grainy and sleek textures and with judicious strokes of color.

Natural colors and things that are contemporary as well as traditional," said Patrick Frey, displaying his new col-lection of cashmere pillows, throws and bedcovers, in beige with red, black or tan borders.

Also in the country spirit from Pierre Frey and its associated companies: abstract foliage patterns like stenciled maple leaves on table cloths; a set of six plates, each painted with a different garden gazebo, and Alpine scenes of sleds and snow-sprinkled conifers. The latter are part of a Christmas range that has been given a new focus in the

French exhibition. Drawing ARIS — Feathers on the country for designs for fluffed around a soft the city means rustic chairs, cashmere pillow offer apparently built from tree

heart of the ciry.

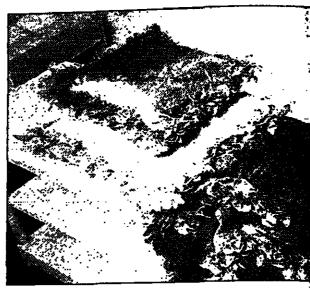
They are typical of a move away from la vie de chateau

The richness and variety of the French provinces furnishes veronique Pichon's yellow to the gardener's lodge for the and lettuce-green glazed pot-French decorating industry. tery from Uzes; the woven Out goes the gilded grandeur Catalan textiles in vivid colors from Les Toiles du Soleil in rustic chic.

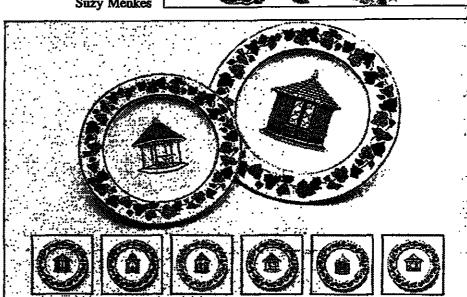
The luxury of simplicity, using noble materials and fine prints or the silks in sunny orange and cool blue/green ocean shades at Souleiado.

The Belgian designers bring their particular roughhewn Flemish look, meaning pottery painted with vegetables or wheelbarrows from wooden, distressed to look D & M Depot of Antwerp; like it came from a farmhouse and the horticulturally inhouses, gray terra-cotta pots and rustic candles from

Maison d'Etre. Le Prince Jardinier is proof that rustic rules. Its traditional trowels, hoes, dibbles, tweed







Power and the Queen of Punk

By Suzy Menkes iosal Heruld Tribune

ONDON — Although she would have been unlikely to forget her underpants when visiting Queen Elizabeth - and then absentmindedly give the waiting photographers a twirl — former Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher otherwise bears a startling resemblance to the an-archic fashion designer Vivienne West-

Fixing you with their clear, baby-blue eyes, blonde curls creating an otherworldly halo, both harangue their unfortunate victims.

The mix of didactic information and absolute conviction precludes any conversation. The instinct is to bolt. Yet such is the power of their presence, you feel obliged to listen meekly and dumbly. Westwood can achieve this

effect even by telephone. Looking into their backgrounds, you realize that these women are soul sisters. Thatcher was born in the eastem town of Grantham, all grit and twitching net curtains, where she lived above her father's grocery store and learned the value of thrift, enterprise and the work ethic.

Westwood comes from a small town in the northern Pennines, lived above her mother's post office and learned the above values so well that when it came to creating copies of sadomasochistic gear to sell in a Swinging London boutique, she was a dab hand with the needle and remained head down, sewing away at the kitchen table while

If Westwood had found some sturdy, steady golf-playing character like Denis Thatcher, she might never have become the Queen of Punk and the founding

mother of anarchic fashion. Instead, as a young mom with limited horizons, she fell into the arms of Malcolm McLaren, a scrawny kid with a mop of rusty hair, who was armored with cynicism by an uncomfortable

childhood in a dysfunctional family. He became the love of her life and her Svengali. Between them (each bolstering the other's insecurity) they politicized fashion, putting seditious messages on T-shirts, celebrating kinky sex and kicking out against the

They also elevated into an art form Westwood's fondness for drawing at-

When she pranced out at age 50-

a strategically placed fig leaf, or when she collected that honor from Buckingham Palace without her underwear, she was pursuing a long career as an exhibitionist.

At that moment of epiphany in 1992 before Queen Elizabeth (the hierarchical symbol of a class system that Westwood both respected and resented), her fashion business was worth a pathetic £600,000 a year.



the punk movement exploded Westwood in tweed crown and Rocking Horse shoes.

The woman who was internationally renowned for her power and prescience was living hand to lipsticked mouth in slummy chaos: cardboard cartons here, rickety ironing board there, only a kernel of fanatically loyal staff and her own two neglected (but not disaffected) sons

keeping bankruptcy at bay.

This is where the fashion historian Jane Mulvagh found her in 1983, in risible but almost noble contrast to the architects of the "designer decade" with their palazzos, yachts and social

From a quirky personal friendship with Westwood over 15 years and from penetrating research. Mulvagh has created the most compelling fashion biography to have come out in years. "Vivienne Westwood, an Unfash-ionable Life," published by Harper-

something in panty hose decorated with about English society and vivid in its portrayal of a designer as spiky and wayward as she is brilliant and orig-

Self taught (her mother, Dora, dismissed books as "a waste of time") Westwood later became what a col-league described as "the best school teacher" of her generation, before taking up (or more accurately "tearing apart") fashion. She retained in the historicism of her sexy but costumey

> her public. In Mulvagh's lucid prose Westwood's character and contribution to fashion is dissected dispassionately, but sympathetically.

clothes the sense of educating

Each chapter is filled with insights into Westwood's character, formed by the loving, lasting, exclusive rela-tionship of her own parents and by what the designer herself describes as "an inbuilt perversity . . . which always reacts against any-thing orthodox."

One vignette has Westwood boiling up chicken bones to use as voodoo lettering on T-shirts; another has her, as tongue-tied as any provincial hick before a Christian Dior executive, blow the chance that Mulvagh had set up to insinuate the street-wise British designer into Paris haute cou-

And yet Westwood has made it. Although the fast pace of her story moment-arily flags as McLaren moves out of the frame and the designer, with the help of an Italian backer, builds a serious business, the book concludes with her enjoying financial security, private

happiness and the ultimate badge of fashion honor: a designer fragrance. In her discussion of Westwood's relationship with her current Svengali the bisexual Andreas Kronthaler, whom she taught as a fashion student in Vienna

 Mulvagh is clear-sighted. So is her judgment of Westwood's important yet maverick place in fashion history as an absolute creator whose prototype ideas were developed by (and often credited to) others.

Westwood originally agreed to co-

operate with the author, then withdrew her consent. The northern girl whose fondest memories are of climbing to the top of a sunny meadow to devour the books she had finally discovered, should read this one. In a fashion world of hype and hysteria, it does her exceptional life full Collins, is honest, witty, perceptive justice.

RESERVATION ROAD

By John Burnham Schwartz. 292 pages. \$24. Alfred A. Knopf.

Reviewed by Michiko Kakutani

THE cover of John Burnham Schwartz's new novel, "Reservation Road," depicting a country gas station, is reminiscent, in a crude way, of Edward Hopper's famous 1940 painting 'Gas.'' There is something lonely and haunted about the picture, a sense of isolation, even impending menace.

Not only does the gas station in the painting play a pivotal role in this psy-chological thriller — it is the place where 10-year-old Josh Learner is struck and killed by a hit-and-run driver - but the painting's mood of brooding loss also underscores the novel's haunting evocation of the precariousness of

What happens in the opening pages of "Reservation Road" is this: The Learners are returning from a concert to their home in upstate Connecticut when they stop at a local gas station. A speeding car suddenly careers around a bend, striking Josh, who is standing at the side of the road. He is killed instantly, but the car continues on its way as Josh's father, Dwight's equally stunned realization that

Ethan, tries, in vain, to give chase. The in a brief second he has become a mur remainder of the novel is devoted to chronicling the emotional fallout of this awful accident on both the Learner family, and on Dwight Arno, the hit-and-run driver responsible for Josh's death.

BOOKS

Although "Reservation Road" marks a huge departure in subject matter and tone from Schwartz's first novel, 'Bicycle Days' (1989) — a comic Bildungsroman about a young American trying to begin a new life in Japan - the two novels share an emotional density of experience and a writerly concern with language and domestic detail. In fact, it is Schwartz's authoritative depiction of his characters' inner lives - their efforts to come to terms with Josh's death and their own feelings of guilt, anger and grief - that makes

this novel so compelling to read, despite its somewhat jerry-built plot. Cutting back and forth between the voices of Ethan Learner and Dwight Amo, Schwartz meticulously depicts the immediate aftermath of Josh's death: the Learners' stunned disbelief that "one minute there is a boy, a life thrumming with possibilities, and the next there are marked cars and strangers in uniform and the fractured whirling lights," and derer, the inadvertent thief of a child. life, a boy the same age as his son, Sam.

Writing in lyrical, carefully hammered prose, Schwartz does a sensitive job of showing us the mathematics of loss as they apply to both the Learners and to Dwight. a man depicted not as your usual villain, but as an unlucky, frustrated individual devoted to his son.

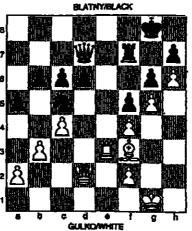
When it comes to orchestrating the thrillerlike aspects of this novel. however, Schwartz is decidedly clumsier. Though "Reservation Road" is highly suspenseful, its author's efforts to put Dwight and Ethan on a collision course often feel highly synthetic.

As the novel speeds toward its melodramatic conclusion, the coincidences, too, begin to proliferate: It just so harpens that Dwight's ex-wife is Emma music teacher, and it just so happens that Ethan runs into Sam, who tells him about the night his father's car hit a dog. No doubt we are meant to believe that such uncanny events could easily happen in a small town, but in "Reservation Road" they feel hokey and contrived and in retrospect they cast a small but lingering shadow over what is otherwise a powerful and affecting novel.

CHESS

By Robert Byrne

E VERY chess player beyond the neo-phyte stage gets caught up in the striving for perfection. After the game is over, no matter whether it was for a club championship or only a park beach struggle, the players replay it to see whether the winner should really have won or whether he was just lucky that his opponent failed to find a saving defense. Perfection is hard to come by. Mostly you have to be satisfied that you only played better than your antagonist



Position after 34...b6

and that you both performed on a level short of flawless.

Nevertheless, Boris Gulko of Fair Lawn, New Jersey, with Judit Polgar of Hungary the 1998 United States Open co-champion, produced a model of positional efficiency in his game with the grandmaster Pavel Blatny of the Czech Republic in the title tourney at the Kona Surf Resort in Kailua-Kona, Hawaii.

In the English Opening, the sortie with 3...Bg4, aiming for the creation of doubled pawns after 4 d4 Bf3 5 ef, has attracted considerable attention in the last few years. Earlier, it would have been thought extravagant to part with the bishop pair for so little in return. The doubled white f pawns are not vulnerable, though it is difficult to use them for attack. After 11 O-O, Blatny retreated with

11... Nb8 so he could take control of the d5 square away from Gulko, following 12 f4 by 12...c6. After 13 Bf3 a5 14 g4 Nfd7 15 Ne4, Blatny returned a knight to a reasonable outpost with 15...Nc5. But in that same sequence, Gulko got his king bishop into its best location with 13 Bf3 and started seizing kingside space with 14 g4. His 15 Ne4, after 15...Nc5, gave him time for 16 Qc3!, so that Blatny could not challenge the white queen bishop's diagonal with 16. Bf6. Thus, Blatny had to go on the

defensive with 16... Bf8. Guiko's 18 Nh5! made sure that Blatny had to play 18...f6, weakening the

black kingside pawns and taking away the f6 square as a later perch for a black

If, after 31 h4!, Blatny could have gotten the queens off the board, he would have had good prospects of defense, but he didn't manage it.
Gulko's 35 Qd4! threw the black

sition into the state called Zugzwang. in which any move loses: 35...Kf8 allows 36 Qh8 mate; 35...Re7 allows 36 Bc6!: ..Qc7 allows 35 Re8 Rf8 36 Rf8 Kf8 37 Qh8 Ke7 38 Qh7.

Blatny chose 35... Ne6, but after 36 Qb6 Nf4 37 Bc6, he had to lose his queen and gave up the hopeless situation.

> ENGLISH OPENING 19 Rael

14 g4 15 Ne4

26 Qe1 27 Qd2 28 g5 29 Bg7 30 Qd4 31 h4 32 h5 33 h6

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Herald Cribune

BUSINESS/FINANCE

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 8, 1998

PAGE 13

The Europe Gains on U.S. In On-Line Commerce

Gates Sees 'Pretty Exciting' Opportunities

By Victoria Shannon rnational Herald Tribune

PARIS - With much of Asia in recession. Europe is positioned to compete with and perhaps even surpass the United States in some areas of electronic commerce in the next four years, Internet experts said at a conference here Monday.

Europe, long seen by technology analysts as two to three years behind American acceptance of the internet, is experiencing the fastest rates of Net growth, according to the latest research by International Data Corp., sponsor of the conference. These advances could allow Europe to surpass U.S. industries and niches on the World Wide Web by 2002, said Frank Gens, International Data senior vice president.

Bill Gates, chairman of Microsoft Corp., likewise said at the conference that "the opportunity here in Europe is

pretty exciting right now."

"The move towards the euro is a very important step. I think that's been well organized," he said. "The economies are coming up. The recognition that the investments need to be made is definitely here.'

Mr. Gates added, "If there's anything holding it back, it'd be the skills shortage." He said the shortage of professionals with information technology skills was even greater than in the United States.

About 23 million of 97 million regular World Wide Web users are in Europe, according to International Data estimates for 1998, yet they account for only \$2.9 billion of a total of \$32 billion in online sales. That is 24 percent of users, but only 9 percent of Web commerce.

A year ago, "Europe seemed to be somewhat comatose in some respects in terms of its embrace of the Internet." Mr. Gens said.

But now, surveys show that "Europe has become much more active and much more aggressive in its use of the Internet, both on the buying side as well as the selling side," be said.

International Data estimates that by 2002, 23 percent of those making electronic purchases on the Web will be Europeans, and that they will be buying \$55 billion worth of goods and services.

rate of 109 percent in Web commerce, while yearly increases in Net users will be 38 percent in Europe, greater than in the United States and other regions,

International Data says The firm calculated that worldwide, Internet commerce was growing at about 30 times the rate of economic growth. In Europe, e-commerce is sprouting faster, and is expected to run at closer to 40 times the growth rate over

the next four years, Mr. Gens said. Mr. Gates, who did not talk about the antitrust case against Microsoft in the United States, conceded that his company's profile among European busi-nesses was not as high as at home. There's a need to reach out here in Europe to the companies and to the professionals and get the message out about what's possible," be said. Mr. Gens cited Germany and the Nor-

dic countries as the most "e-commerce ready" in Europe, with France and Italy lagging. He also argued that businesses were in transition from investing in the Internet to generating revenue.

"In 1998, if someone is not making a profit on the Web, they are typical," he said. "As we go up to 2000, 2001, we will shift from an investment mode to a return mode, a period when we start getting profits in from this major investment."



NEW RULES FOR HONG KONG - Financial Secretary Donald Tsang, after proposing new regulations Monday for markets. Page 16.

A Boeing Apology, A Confident Airbus

Largest Jetmakers Send Contrasting Signals

By Tom Buerkle

FARNBOROUGH, England - In a striking juxtaposition of the shifting for-tunes of the world's two big commercial aircraft makers, Boeing Co. issued a blunt apology Monday for its poor operating performance, while a confident Airbus Industrie said it was on track to capture at least 50 percent of the global

The contrasting tones, rather than big aircraft orders, dominated the opening day of the biennial Famborough Air Show, the biggest event on the

aerospace industry calendar this year. But Airbus and Boeing did find some common ground as both sent clear sig-nals that they would seek to cut back on price discounting, an indication that their recent intense competition has cut profitability.

In the strongest self-criticism since Boeing removed Ronald Woodard as head of its commercial aircraft division last Tuesday, Harry Stonecipher, chief operating officer and the No. 2 executive behind the chairman, Phil Condit, said the Seattle giant had often been "too arrogant, too distracted or too selfsatisfied" after its \$16 billion purchase

of McDonnell Douglas Corp. last year. He promised that the company would renew its focus by sorting out its pro-duction difficulties, reducing costs and selling peripheral interests like its com-mercial helicopter business.

"The Boeing Co. has suffered from a single cause over the past year," said Mr. Stonecipher, who headed McDonnell Douglas before the merger. "It isn't Airbus, it isn't Lockheed or any other competitor that we have. It has been our own failure to execute inside.

By contrast, Noel Forgeard, the re-cently appointed chief executive of Airbus, was ebullient about the consortium's prospects because of a string of recent successes, including a multibil-lion-dollar order from British Airways PLC this summer that ended Boeing's monopoly with the carrier. That coup, in which Airbus will sell British Airways as many as 188 short-haul planes, "gives solid foundations to our will of consistently winning at least 50 percent

of the market," he said. Airbus also vowed to broaden its product lineup to match or exceed Boeing's. It said it expected to formally introduce a 100-seat jet, the A318, this year. The aircraft, a smaller version of the A320 family that will cost a little more than \$300 million to develop, will compete in the booming market for regional jets with the Boeing 717, which is the renamed McDonnell Douglas MD-95. The A318 is expected to go into service

in 2002, three years after its rival. Mr. Forgeard also renewed Airbus's commitment to continue work on a 600seat superjumbo, which the company hopes to introduce by the end of 1999 in an effort to hurdle past the Boeing 747 at the top of the market. The program will have a lifetime of at least 20 years, and the plane's development should not be deterred by the economic crisis in Asia, even if it does crimp the buying plans of Asian airlines for several years, he

But in a sign that Airbus may have minimized the challenge previously, he put the development cost of the airliner at \$10 billion, or \$2 billion higher than earlier estimates

There were other cautionary words

Greenspan's Interest-Rate Warning Hammers Dollar

LONDON - The dollar was battered against other major currencies on Monday, particularly the yen and Deutsche mark, after the Federal Reserve Board chairman indicated last week that U.S. interest rates could head lower.

The talk of lower interest rates dragged the dollar down 2 percent to a four-month low against the yen and a nine-month low against the Deutsche mark.

'The Fed has changed its stance on rates," said Gerry Celaya, an analyst at American Express Bank who sees the dollar falling further. "It's the only reasonable thing to do. The dollar hasn't yet seen its lows."

Greenspan seems to have confirmed Labor Day.

one U.S. bank dealer said.

The dollar fell as low as 130,50 year, its lowest since April 24, from 133.75 late Friday in London. It was quoted late in the day at 131.82 yen, down from 133.57

FOREIGN EXCHANGE

ven in 4 P.M. New York trading Friday. The dollar fell to 1.7208 DM in London, a low since Nov. 13, and was quoted late at 1.7247 DM, down from 1,7345 DM Friday in New York.
Traders said the absence of New

York trading exacerbated the decline. U.S. markets were closed Monday for a

That translates into an annual growth what a lot of people have been saying. Late last week, Mr. Greenspan sug-

gested that the recession in many Asian countries and other emerging markets may rein in U.S. economic growth. "It's just not credible that the United States can remain an oasis of prosperity unaffected by a world that is experiencing greatly increased stress," he said.

He said that the policy-setting Federal Open Market Committee "will need to consider carefully the potential ramifications of ongoing developments" since its last session Aug. 18.

Steve Barrow, a currency strategist at Bear Stearns International, said, "Greenspan probably went as far as we could have expected in suggesting the Fed will move to a neutral bias "from a bias to raise interest rates. "We could see the dollar, slide through 1.70 DM and ployment and rising wages might cause inflation to accelerate. The prospect of a change in the Fed's stance undermines demand for the dollar, since lower rates produce a less attractive money-market return on dollar deposits. The fed funds rate is now 5.50 percent,

130 yen rather quickly," he added.
Just two months ago, Mr. Greenspan

said he was concerned that low unem-

compared with a record-low 0.5 percent in Japan and 3.30 percent in Germany. A lot of store is being put into the U.S. cutting interest rates," said Paul Duncombe, an investment director at State Street Global Advisors. "The dol-

lar is probably a little oversold against See DOLLAR, Page 16

Private Banking

International

HOW TO BUILD

See AIR, Page 16

Thinking Ahead / Commentary

Mideast Needs Western Attention

By Reginald Dale International Herald Tribune

EL AVIV — One of the few sure things about the Middle less world attention than it used to. Thanks partly to the end of the Cold War, ultra-cheap oil and major distractions elsewhere, the United States and its Western allies have downgraded the Arab-Israeli conflict

as a foreign policy priority.

That is a pity. The continuing impasse in the Israeli-Palestinian peace talks is creating growing tensions: It is helping to fan the flames of extremism and terrorism and is damaging the credibility of moderate Arab govern-

Equally seriously, the stalemate in the negotiations is also retarding urgently needed economic development in Jordan and in the areas under Palestinian control, which in turn undermines support for the peace process.

It is not as if there is nothing the

West can do. On the contrary, the Middle East today presents what could be a rare opportunity for effective U.S.-European cooperation in economic and

foreign policy.
That was a main theme of an unusual international conference that started in Jordan and finished in Israel last week. The meeting, organized by the New Atlantic Initiative, a private Washington-based group working for closer U.S.-European relations, was attended

by Western politicians and academics ating Israel and its Arab neighbors by and by Arab and Israeli leaders. 2010.

Despite the inevitable sharp differences between Arabs and Israelis and between Europeans and Ameri-East is that it is receiving much cans — there was more common ground than might have been expec-

> Paradoxically, the very fact that the European Union does not have a common foreign policy, though often beit easier for the EU and Washington to

work together.

Any EU common policy would almost certainly be far more pro-Arab be helpful.
than Washington could accept — Those c which is, of course, why the Arab countries want Europe to be more active in the peace process, and why Israel has been so adamantly op-

One of the pleasant surprises of last week's gathering, however, was that triguing idea proposed by Crown the Israeli participants seemed more Prince Hassan of Jordan. open to some kind of greater European presence in the region, provided the Europeans did not interfere in Israel's bilateral negotiations with the Pales-

tinians. That would appear to open the way for closer U.S.-European cooperation, with America leading on politics and Europe on economics. In a sense, it is

already happening.

Europe is by far the largest supplier of financial aid to the Palestinians, and the EU has ambitious plans for a Mediterranean Free Trade Area incorpor-

Much more, however, needs to be done. There is an urgent need to boost trade among Israel, Jordan and the Palestinians, which is too often impeded by petty protectionism on all sides, to promote joint ventures, to encourage investment and to make sure EU mar-

kets are as open as possible. Outsiders cannot do it all. One enmoaned by Americans, actually makes couraging feature of last week's conference was a recognition by Israelis that new forms of cross-border co-operation, long urged by Jordan, could

> Those could range from modest projects in such fields as water, transportation and the environment all the way to a Middle Eastern version of the Helsinki Conference on Security and Cooperation that helped to break down the Iron Curtain in Europe, an in-

> None of these steps will bring peace by themseives. But all could help to improve the quality of life and build trust, which is the fundamental requirement for progress. They will have more chance of succeeding if Americans and Europeans put their combined weight behind them.

A West that appears divided and distracted is not going to exert its full influence in the Middle East, or any-

E-mail address:

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When you built your factory, you brought together the best professionals to assure the success of your project. Together, you established a meaningful dialogue. They bad to 🕽

understand your desires and needs in order to propose, at each stage of construction, the appropriate solutions. Today, you are proud of the results. When it comes to Private Banking, the philosophy of Crédit Lyonnais is no different. Before we can help you fully benefit from our skilled specialists and wide experience, we must first listen to you to better understand your plans for generations to come.

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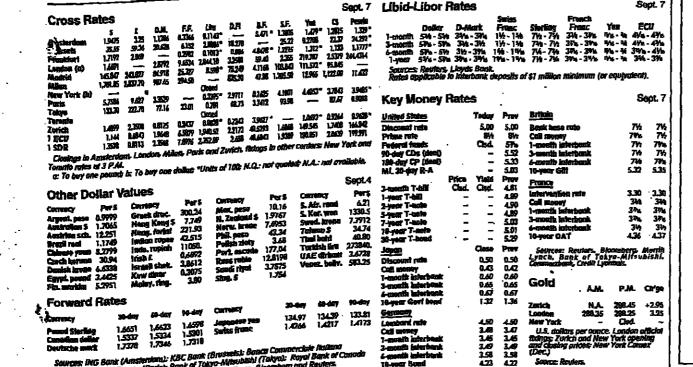


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CURRENCY & INTEREST RATES



By Saul Hansell

New York Times Service

By the end of last week, however

as before. The Nasdaq market, where

most technology company stocks are

traded, may have closed Friday down 22

percent from its high on July 20, but it is

Yet, for many technology executives,

the jumpy movement of the market with-

in a narrow range last week created the

sort of nervous anticipation felt on a

plateau in one of those darkness-enclosed

roller coasters: you know the next move will be sudden and fast; you just do not

here yet," said Garrett Gruener, a ven-

ture capitalist with Alta Partners in San

Francisco. "But if the Nasdaq were to

drop another 20 percent, that wouldn't

If the market fell further and looked as

if it was not going to bounce back, the

voluminous investments by venture capitalists and public stock investors in small

be the case.'

'There is no real effect on the mood

know whether it will be up or down.

still essentially flat for the year.

sharrs take a long slow slide.

PAG

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technology companies would slow, bankers and investors say. And the existing companies would have to scramble NEW YORK — For weeks before the for cash. But for now, there is still a lot of stock market plunge of Aug. 31, start-up money poised to be invested in promising start-up companies involved in informacompanies throughout the high-flying U.S. technology industry watched their tion technology and the Internet. Less certain, however, is how many of the two- and three-year-old companies now lined up to sell stock will be able to do so after that day of frozen panic - much of the business was cautiously proceeding in a suddenly skittish market.

'There is not pain or panic here in the Valley," said David Cowan, a venture capitalist with Bessemer Venture Partners in Palo Alto, California. "But there is concern. A stalled stock market will create bil-

lionaires at a lower frequency. Indeed, more than a few longtime technology financiers see the fall in technology stocks from outer orbit to mid-stratosphere as a sign of some rationality in the universe.

'Personally, I lost a lot of money, but I think it's very healthy," said Richard Burnes Ir., a partner in Charles River Ventures, an old-line venture capital firm in Waltham, Massachusetts. "Stock prices had taken on a life of their own, and that is very dangerous for

everybody.' Mr. Burnes said he was worried about the billions of dollars that have poured into venture capital funds. Over the last

nology stocks has allowed many of these funds to post returns of 50 percent to 100 percent a year as they take the young companies in their portfolios public or sell them at equally high prices to bigger technology companies. Now,

Small High-Tech Firms Nervously Watch a Jittery Market

anyone who can put out a business plan has come to expect lucrative terms. *Entrepreneurs come into our office

There is concern. A stalled stock market will create billionaires at a lower frequency.

who don't have \$1 million in revenue and they expect to value their companies at 30, 40, 50 million dollars," said Fred Wilson, a partner at Flatiron Partners, a New York venture capital fund. "That's absurd. You can't make money

investing in companies like that."
Flatiron, he said, has stopped making investments and has encouraged the companies it owns to raise cash as a cushion in case of a downturn.

Other funds say they are still investing, only more cautiously.

few years, the soaring market for techners in Menlo Park, California. "We will still invest, but the prices we pay

could come down 20 to 25 percent. "Deals that would have been done in a week are now taking six to eight week to get done," Mr. Yang added.

Yet other observers say all this talk of discipline will be quickly set aside as the venture capitalists realize they need to put to work the billions of dollars they have raised.

> "There is so much capital out there that the supply will drive up the prices of deals," Mr. Cowan of Bessemer Venture Partners said. "That means the return of the funds will ultimately go

Once the venture capitalists write their first checks to the budding entrepreneurs, their minds almost immediately turn to the "exit strategy." That is, how they can sell the company at a tenfold multiple, either to the public or to another company. In tougher times those multiples may not be possible. For now, deals of all sorts have slowed until the state of the market

becomes more clear. "A record number of public offerings have been pulled in the last month or two," said Alex Lynch, the co-head of specializes in high-technology firms. One of the best indicators of the strength of the market will be the fate of the public offerings planned for the next

few months. Many companies that had already gone public issued more stock over the summer, taking advantage of the surging market to build a cash reserve to ride

out a period of tight money.
"We completed a secondary offering two months ago, adding \$22 million to the \$47 million we already had in the bank," said Jason Olim, chief executive of CDnow Inc., an on-line music store. "Our burn rate is probably \$10 million a quarter," he said, referring to the deficit spending common at start-up compa-nies. "So we have a stockpile of cash that will last us longer than a year."

In recent years, every dip in the market has been followed shortly by another surge, so many longtime executives worry that too many newcomers to technology companies have never seen a truly down market.

'The thing that's scary to me is a lot of kids are coming here who think that their options are automatically going to go up by 40 percent a year," said Mark Kvamme, the chief executive of CKS, an interactive advertising agency. "It's the public offerings practice at Brobeck terrible when people start to believe Phleger & Harrison, a law firm that they are invincible.

Very briefly:

ing its OSC Viel • Alcatel SA of France is combining its U.S. businesses with those of DSC Communications Corp. to form Alcatel USA Inc. The move follows the approval on Friday of Alcatel's \$4.4 billion acquisition of DSC Communications, nounced in June, by the antitrust division of the U.S. Justice Department,

• Brazil said capital flight topped \$1 billion on Friday, hours before the central bank announced it would raise interest rates by more than 50 percent-to stanch the investor exodus. The central bank said \$3.29 billion has left the cont-try this month on top of \$9.4 billion that fled in August.

 Air Canada, grounded for nearly a week by a pilots' strike, has begun itcalling workers it laid off Saturday to handle the pressure of dealing with angry clients seeking alternate flights.

• Chilean imports fell 13.6 percent to \$682.8 million, in the first half of August, as interest rates rose and a weakening currency deterred buyers.

Pearson PLC, the British media conglomerate, has sold its 20 percent stake in the Canadian Financial Post to Southam Inc. for 34.25 million Ganadian dollars (\$22.5 million).

 Venezuelan automobile sales féll 14.9 percent in August, to 10,064 units, the lowest level recorded since March AFP. Bloomberg, Reuged

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Sep 99 N.T. N.T. 3770.0 +31.5 28.285
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Commodity Indexes

U.S. v. Microsoft: The Game Plans

By Steve Lohr

New York Times Service NEW YORK --- With the filing of witness lists, the government and Microsoft Corp. have offered the first glimpse of their courtroom strategies in the historic antitrust tri-

al scheduled to begin this month. The government will portray Microsoft as an information-age monopolist with anti-competitive practices that are wide-ranging and that began long before anyone had heard of the Internet. Microsoft plans to mount its defense by putting eight top executives on the stand, but with one conspicuous absence — Chairman Bill Gates, who is not on the witness list

The 12-person witness list for the Justice Department and 20 states suing Microsoft suggests a broadening of the evidence it intends to marshal to make its case. Its industry witnesses include executives from Intel Corp., International Business Machines Corp. and Boeing Co., all of whom are expected to offer evidence of what the plaintiffs say are Microsoft tactics that unfairly curb in the complaint filed in May by the

government and states. "With this witness list, the government is trying to point to a broader pattern of anti-competitive behavior over many years and to put that long history in the record," said Robert Litan, a former senior Justice Department official who is now at

the Brookings Institution. 'This is an effort to lift the court's nose out of the details and look at the

broader picture."
To help fill out that broader picture, the government will call John Soyring, vice president for personal software products at IBM. His history with Microsoft goes back nearly a decade, when he was a manager on

IBM's OS/2 operating system. At the time, the two companies were ostensibly partners in the operating system market with an early plan calling for Microsoft's Windows being developed as a basic system and IBM's OS/2 evolving into a high-performance operating system. The partnership broke up, the two companies became rivals and Microsoft prevailed.

Another industry witness for the competition. None were mentioned a government is Steve McGeady, an , makers were anti-competitive.

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Markets Closed

Intel vice president. He was present at meetings in 1995 when Mr. Gates reportedly pressed Intel to curb its development of multimedia and Internet software and to limit its support for Netscape Communications Corp., the early front-runner and Microsoft's main rival in the market for software

to browse the World Wide Web. To further broaden its evidence, the government wants to show the court that Microsoft can pressure big companies not to purchase software from its rivals. To provide the perspective of a big corporate customer, the government plans to call a Boeing executive, Scott Vesey.

A Justice Department official characterized his side's witness list as a "Who's Who of America's technology leaders.

But the Microsoft view is that the government and states' witnesses are 'sign that they are running away from their original case." said Mark Murray, a company spokesman.

He said the list indicated that the government has given up on a central accusation in the case filed in May, that Microsoft's licensing contracts with personal computer

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Continental Buys 25 Empresa Jets

HOUSTON- Continental Airlines Inc. said Monday its Continental Express Inc. unit ordered another 25 jets from Empresa Brasileira de Aeronautica SA, South America's largest planemaker, for \$375 million, as the regional air carrier moves to an all-jet

Continental Express, which serves about 5 million customers a year, ordered 25 Embraer ERJ-145 50-seat regional jets, each with a list price of \$15 million. In May, the carrier ordered 25 of Embraer's 37-

While to Discuss

- A-4.

seat jet, the ERI-135. Houston-based Continental has ordered 100 aircraft from the Brazilian planemaker, as the company plans to retire some of its turboprop aircraft by the end of 2000.

Rolls-Royce PLC of Britain said it won business valued at \$135 million to make engines for the planes.

Markets Closed

Financial markets in the United States and Canada were closed Monday for the Labor Day holiday.

WORLD STOCK MARKETS

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The Gateway to Russia In Finland, Companies Are Cashing In On Trade Despite the Economic Crisis

By Youssef M. Ibrahim New York Times Service

HELSINKI — Four years ago, + -: Finland established a free-trade inzone along its border to encourage business with Russia, hoping to rewive a relationship that had all but collapsed with the dissolution of the Soviet order.

Acer Inc., a computer company based in Taiwan, decided to test the waters with a modest assembly op-Caration at Lappeenranta, a small out-post on the Finnish side of the bortier, about 1,000 kilometers (625 miles) from Moscow.

Now the Acer assembly plant can hardly cope with demand from Rus-usia, and the town of a few hundred people has grown into a city of 50,000, dotted with large and small operations for wood products, con-struction material, food, alcohol and trucking — all targeted for Russia.

"We have the best of both worlds '-- the safety of operating this side of the border and such close proximity to a huge market," said Natalia Kostina, a Russian who is deputy operations manager of the Acer plant. "Our customers pay less by taking the products assembled here and moving it themselves. They know how to navigate the chaos of of ensuring security. It's perfect."

For as long as anyone in Finland can remember, the 1,300-kilometer chaos, but that has not slowed Finborder with Russia was viewed as a liability, an origin of invasions and an entry point for refugees and crime.

LONDON - Britain said Mon-

day it had invited senior finance and

Group of Seven leading industrial

it is 95 percent certain," a British-Foreign Office official said. The

British Treasury refused to confirm

the meeting. Britain, which cur-

rently heads the rotating chairman-

nations to a meeting Saturday in

"It is proposed to be the 12th, and

foreign ministry officials from the

London to discuss Russia.

Union has resulted in a bonanza for the Finns. In a world tossed into economic turmoil by Russia's dysfunction, Finland is cashing in.

"It is a gold mine for Finland,"
Prime Minister Paavo Lipponen said recently. He added that he expected the trade between the nations to grow, despite the risks.

One analyst here estimates that 20,000 Finnish businesses are engaged in the Russian trade. There has also been a huge increase in investment by such American companies as International Business Machines Corp., Hewlett-Packard Co. and the Carrier and Sikorsky divisions of United Technologies Corp. Several American trucking companies have invested in Finnish operations.

The foundation was strong," erations here. "The Finns have known the Russians for a long time. You can drive a train from Finland all the way to Moscow or the Baltics, and it is difficult even for the Russian mafia to harass a train. Mr. Leinonen said that 20 percent

of his company's \$321 million in sales in Eastern Europe goes to Russia and the Baltic states. "It is the fastest growth area for

us," he said. "There is not one year Russia, and we avoid the headache since 1992 when our sales did not grow by at least 100 percent." The Russian economy may be in

land's penetration of its markets. Consider Valio Ltd., a dairy products company that was close to Yet the collapse of the Soviet going under in 1990, when it dis- ing just as well as larger ones.

G-7 Aides to Discuss Options for Russia

foreign and finance ministries.

the United States.

World Bank.

deputy finance ministers, will be

The G-7 groups Britain, Canada,

Also attending will be officials

from Austria, which is holding the

European Union presidency, the

European Commission, the Inter-

national Monetary Fund and the

mation from two officials before it the options for G-7 response," the sia's financial woes as long as it was

can verify the meeting.

The meeting, which will not be be passed to a meeting of finance, world's No. 2 nuclear power, attended by the Group of Seven's, ministers in Washington on Oct. 3.

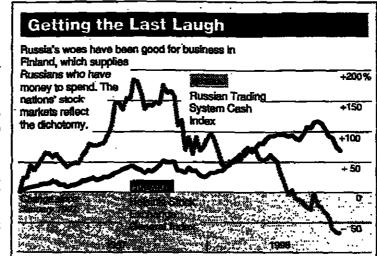
(Reuters, Bloomie

"It will be a brainstorming sesship, is waiting for a final confir- sion on the options for Russia and gency G-7 summit to deal with Rus-

conducted by senior officials of the at the EU summit in Salzburg, Aus-

official said. The conclusions will not clear who was in charge of the

France, Germany, Italy, Japan and Broadcasting Corp. reported.



ket next door. Today, Valio controls a

"Their per capita income may be said Jukka Leinonen, director of much smaller than ours, but their Hewlett-Packard's Baltic states opappetite and purchasing power for some foods — cheese, for example — is huge," said Esa Luomanpera, a Valio vice president. Russian sales accounted for 10 percent of Valio's \$1.8 billion in revenue last year.

Given the picture of a Russia tumbling out of control, its currency effectively devalued, who in Russia is doing all the buying?
"You name it," said Olavi Urvas,
manager of Russian trade for Ou-

tokumpu Oy, a large mineral holding company that has six units doing business with Russia. "Retail trade, wholesale, banks, financial institutions, private schools, health care, construction. They all need expertise and are willing to pay for it."
Smaller Finnish operators are do-

A statement by foreign ministers

tria, said Russia would not receive

aid from the West, the British

Previous announcements by Chancellor Helmut Kohl of Ger-

many and President Bill Clinton

poured cold water on any hopes

Russia might have that G-7 nations

were planning to bail it out of its

Mr. Kohl had ruled out an emer-

"It only takes six hours to drive to Russia from Helsinki," said Stephfifth of the market in its field in St. en Lowe, an independent exporter Petersburg, whose population, at who operates in the border region about 5 million, is nearly equal to that selling bananas and other food of all of Finland. "We are doing a cash business. I stock my goods five minutes from the Russian border and deliver as soon as they pay in rubles, which I convert as soon as I collect, so there are no losses in exchange rates."

Juhani Missonen has a brisk business flying rich Muscovites and their families for weekends in Finland or Cyprus. "I charge \$52,000 to fly a family of, say, five, to Kuusamo, he said, referring to the Pinnish winter resort. There are enough Russians able to pay such prices for a three-day vacation to make his Eurofile Ltd. very profitable, he said.

Indeed, Russian tourists are flocking to Finland. More people visited from Russia last year than from anywhere else, accounting for 232,000 nights' stays and spending an average of more than \$600 a person, according to Pekka Korpinen, deputy mayor of Helsinki.

Cadbury to Buy Wedel of Poland

LONDON — Cadbury Schweppes PLC said Monday that it had agreed to acquire E. Wedel, the leading chocolate confectionery brand in Poland, and related assets from PepsiCo

Inc. for \$76.5 million. The move is in line with a shift in focus as PepsiCo concentrates on its core businesses of beverages and snacks.

Cadbury said the acquisition would give it the leading po-sition in the developing Polish chocolate market, with a 28 percent share. (AFX, Bloomberg)

Bourses Get A Lift From Greenspan

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LONDON - European bourses gained as much as 3.5 percent Monday as remarks by the chairman of the Federal Reserve Board, Alan Greenspan, prompted hopes that American interest rates had peaked, breathing new life into global stocks.

A rebound in Asian markets also eased concern that recession there would spread to Europe.

But with U.S. markets closed Monday for a holiday, traders remained nervous.

"I think it's a bit dangerous to buy with American markets closed, said Nicholas Charvet, a technical analyst at Ferri SA. He said he would remain cautious all week. 'We're neither bears nor buy-

ers," one trader said. "It's just been too difficult a market -- it still is." Clare Bowman, head of European investments at Scottish Mutual Portfolio Managers, said, "We think Europe is relatively insulated."

Mr. Greenspan's remarks after the end of trading last week implied that the central bank no longer viewed inflation as the big threat to the U.S. economy and that it might cut key interest rates should global financial turbulence intensify.

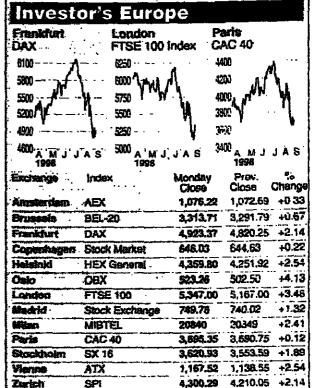
Bullish interpretations of his words lifted Asian and European markets, but some analysts did not see an immediate end to the turmoil in global equities.

'On the international scene, we want to see some more political stability in Russia as a prerequisite," said Richard Jeffrey, chief economist for Charterhouse Bank. "In Japan, we need to see a fiscal package with credibility that goes some way towards reigniting consumer demand. We also need to have some reassurance from the situation in Latin America as well.

In London, the FT-SE 100 index finished 180 points, or 3.48 percent, higher at 5,347.00, its secondlargest daily point gain ever, lifted by hopes that the next move in both British and U.S. interest rates will be downward.

The German DAX-30 index finished 103.12 points, or 2.14 percent, higher at 4,923.37, but traders said it was too early to talk of a recovery.

But the market rebound failed to reach Paris, where renewed technical problems coupled with sustained uncertainty among investors held the CAC-40 index to a rise of 4.60 points, or 0.12 percent, to 3,695.35. (Bloomberg, Reuters)



Very briefly:

German industrial output climbed 3.8 percent in July and the rise is likely to be revised upward, the Economics Ministry said. attributing the rise in part to a late start to summer vacations. VEBA AG will cede to RWE AG the 22.5 percent stake in their joint relecommunications venture O.tel.() that had been held by Cable & Wireless PLC. The move, which will leave VEBA with a 51.25 percent stake and RWE with 48.75 percent, follows the collapse of talks with BellSouth Corp. Booker PLC confirmed that it was in merger talks with Budgens PLC, a deal that would reunite the top British food wholesaler with the food retailer 10 years after they split DaimlerChrysler will be the largest company in the DAX

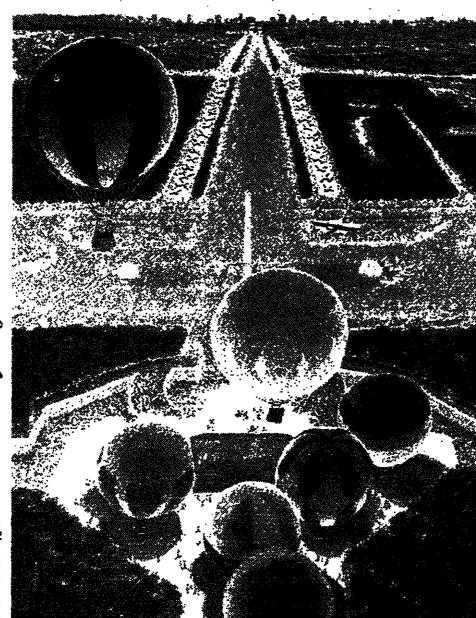
30 benchmark German share index, with a weighting of 14 percent, Deutsche Boerse said. • Cable & Wireless PLC's senior long-term debt and its

cable unit's debt are under review for possible downgrade by Moody's Investors Service Inc., which said it was concerned about the effect of Hong Kong's financial turmoil on the company's earnings.

Enterprise PLC and Lasmo PLC are likely to be cut from the British benchmark stock index FT-SE 100 on Wednesday. Likely replacements include Colt Telecom Group PLC and Southern Electric PLC.



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This year Paris is the site of the world's most prestigious gas balloon race. • First day cover issue of « Aéro-Club de France 1898-1998 » stamp and Saint-Exupéry's

«Le Petit Prince» 5-stamp sheet. Take off of «La Poste» balloon with letters mailed on site.

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DE L'ÉCONOMIE

Hong Kong Moves to Curb Stock-Market Speculation

HONG KONG - Donald Tsang, Hong Kong's financial secretary. proposed tougher measures Monday to curb market speculation, including expulsion of brokers who breach trading regulations.

Mr. Tsang said the proposals included the setting up of a body to regulate the stock and futures markets and the clearing houses, and giving the territory's chief executive the power to give direct orders

to the exchanges.

At a special briefing in the legislature, Mr. Tsang said the additional controls were aimed at pro-

tecting the territory's 15-year-old currency link to the U.S. dollar by quashing illegal short-selling activities and boosting liquidity in the banking sector.

"Hong Kong is a fully open market, and we can't crush all spec-ulators." Mr. Tsang said. "We only aim at speculators who manipulate

Investors who sell short in the stock and currency markets in attempts to drive up interest rates and depress stock prices at the same time have been blamed for creating chaos in the financial system.

In short selling, investors borrow

stocks or currencies, sell them, and buy replacements later to return to the lender at a promised date, hoping the market will go down so that they can pocket the difference.

Under the new proposals, brokers who repeatedly breach rules on short selling would receive heavy penalties and risk losing their stock exchange membership. Cli-ents and brokers caught in illegal

short selling would be prosecuted.
The market regulator, the Securities and Futures Commission, also is considering outlawing unreported or falsely reported short

for illegal short selling, from six gy Ltd., said the measures "doommonths in prison and a fine of as much as 10,000 Hong Kong dollars (\$1,290) to two years in prison and a fine of up to 100,000 dollars.

The government has introduced steps to rein in short selling and boost bank liquidity. These measures, including those announced Monday, were welcomed by banks

The Hang Seng Index, the mar-ket's key barometer of blue chips, leaped more than 588 points, or 7.9 percent, to 8,076.76.

David Roche, a strategist at the

It also wants to increase penalties London-based Independent Strateed'' the Hong Kong dollar's peg by preventing prices of stocks, real estate and other assets denominated in the currency from declining.

"The HKMA is now setting itself up as a central bank that will try and fix interest rates by liquidity injection, while maintaining a fixed exchange rate," he said. "It will fail as all others have before it."

At the briefing, Mr. Tsang also defended the government's recent stock-buying spree, which lifted the stock index by 1,200 points in two (AP, Bloomberg)

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CONSOLIDATED FIRST-HALF RESULTS

RF millions)	30.96.98	30.06.97
• Sales	5,448	5,130
Operating income	296	396
Operating income after financial expenses	256	351
Net income before minority interests	87	125
Net income Group share	<i>7</i> 9	101
Net income + depreciation	345	340

Extracts from the Chairman Jacques Gairard's message:

1997 was a milestone year for the Group's international expansion. The acquisition of Brazilian market leader Arno increased the share of Group revenues generated outside France to 75% of

In February 1998, the Group increased its interest in Arno to 96%, and this was followed up by the April acquisition of Volmo, Colombian market leader with operations in Venezuela. These acquisitions, together with Groupe SEB existing subsidiaries in Argentina and Chile, provide the Group with a key strategic position in Latin America.

Groupe SEB now operates on all continents and is set to pursue its industrial and commercial development at the dawn of the new millenium.

In the face of the recent shake-up on world markets, the Group is continuing to aim for the best compromise between building for the future and current performance:

• The meltdown in Russia is affecting sales in the region and the devaluation of the ruble will have a severe impact on sales and second-half results. We are reducing our exposure and slimming down overhead in the region, where the Group enjoys high brand awareness and is industrially established for the future.

• The Asian crisis hit our new Korean subsidiary and the knock-on effect on the Brazilian economy spurred a slowdown in consumer spending as well as financial difficulties at certain longstanding major distributors on this market.

As a result of these problems, a provision of more than FRF 70 million has been booked to cover contingencies known at the present time. We are launching new products, enhancing productivity, improving our market shares and reinforcing our presence in modern retailing networks, while we believe that we will now start reaping the rewards of the newly attained bridgehead in Latin and Central America.

All these events will be reflected in a substantial reduction in both interim sales and earnings and the performance over the full year.

• In addition to these macroeconomic factors, the Group is experiencing temporary setbacks in the US arising from some difficulties during the relocation to the new manufacturing plant in Millville. The necessary measures have been taken at T-Fal Corp and invoicing volumes at Millville in the month of August were back on track, exceeding the figure for the same period

The non-stick product offering is being overhauled, with a clearer targeting of ranges by distribution channel. Sales of electrical products are very satisfactory.

• Groupe SEB has made further advances by sharply improving its performances in several other markets offering significant potential, such as Turkey, Mexico and Japan.

In a patchy environment, the Group reacts quickly to short-term developments while remaining

The crises on certain of the Group's markets, which could spread to other regions, will severely affect the performance over the year. The Group will implement the measures and adjustments

to deal with the new situations as required. Against this backdrop, the Group will harness its energies on preventing too sharp a decline in

Far-reaching measures have been carried out in recent years leading to successes on Western European, NAFTA and South American markets. Only 15% of sales are generated on high-risk markets, allowing Groupe SEB to cope with a downturn in 1998 without hampering its ability

Backed by our people's determination and rapid response, robust finances and support from our shareholders, the Group will overcome the crises faced in certain world regions."

> The interim report will be available as of September 15. Tel: + 33 4 72 18 16 40 - Fax 33 4 72 18 15 99 Internet site: http://www.groupeseb.com

Malaysia Oil Firm Shops Abroad

By Thomas Fuller International Herald Tribune

KUALA LUMPUR - The for close to \$500 million, one flow of money abroad.

buy the other 70 percent.

Petronas, as the Malaysian government-owned oil company is known, has pany is one step away from offered to pay 23 rand (\$3.70) taking over Engen Ltd., a for each Engen share, a 22 South African oil company, percent premium to Friday's ment we've made," said million).

cent of the South African announced restrictions on sets in another country."

company, is seeking approval currency and stock market ac-from Engen shareholders to tivity. News of the planned takeover rankled at least one foreign investor in Malaysia.
"We have been refused the

right to obtain foreign exchange for a legitimate investmarket close of 18.90 rand. At Mark Mobius, president of the

week after Malaysia imposed that price, Engen would be Templeton Emerging Markets currency controls to stem the worth 4.1 billion rand (\$660 Fund. "On the other hand, you've got a government-Petroliam Nasional Bhd. of The proposed takeover owned corporation using for-Malaysia, which owns 30 per-comes a week after Malaysia eign exchange to purchase as-

Mahathir Fills 2 Key Financial Posts

KUALA LUMPUR Prime Minister Mahathir bin ing over from Ahmad Mo-Mohamad named on Monday to key financial posts two al-down from the central bank's

Mr. Mahathir named Ali Abul Hassan Sulaiman, 57, a Mahathir's "view of lower career civil servant, to be governor of the central bank.

stock market.

Minister Entrepreneur Mustapha Mohamad was Research in Kuala Lumpur. named to assist the finance minister, a post Mr. Mahathir pledged Monday to adopt a market. (Bloomberg. AFP)

hammed Don, who stepped

argued to keep rates high. The moves show that Mr. interest rates will prevail," said Audrey Ho, research head at Paribas Asia Equity

proactive" and business-Mr. Ali Abul Hassan is tak- friendly policy to revive the recession-stricken economy.

He said that the central bank, Bank Negara, would lies who are likely to do his top post last month after dif- not follow the International bidding and push interest ferences with Mr. Mahathir on Monetary Fund's stringent rates lower, helping to lift the rate policies. Mr. Ahmad had policies but would encourage more investments and allow local banks to lend to productive sectors. On Monday, the bank cut the amount of money it requires banks to keep with it in reserve and lifted curbs that limit lending Mr. Ali Abul Hassan to the residential property

Very briefly:

Investor's Asia

· San Mignel Corp., the Philippine brewer, has denied a report that it planned to sell its 20 percent stake in the Australian bottler Coca-Cola Amatil Ltd. to the largest shareholder, Coca-Cola Co. of the United States.

 John Fairfax Holdings Ltd., the Australian newspaper group, said strong advertising and circulation helped lift net profit 51 percent from a year earlier to 111.77 million dollars (\$65.5 million) in the year ended in June.

 Japan's top 19 banks reported that bad loans had nearly tripled in the year ended in March from the previous fiscal year to 163.4 billion yen (\$1.22 billion).

• Toyo Communication Equipment Co., a Japanese electronics maker at the center of a Defense Agency billing scandal, said its chairman, Shinichi Ito, had resigned.

• The Philippine Central Bank is not considering imple menting currency controls such as those imposed by Malaysia last week, said Gabriel Singson, the bank's governor.

· Hana Bank and Boram Bank of South Korea are to announce plans to merge, a Hana bank spokesman said. • South Korea said it plans to sell 13.9 trillion won (\$10.45 billion) of bonds in the next four months to help pull the economy out of its worst recession since the 1950s.

• Pacific Electric Wire & Cable Co. of Taiwan said it plans to join with International Business Machines Corp. in a 50 billion Taiwan dollar (\$1.44 billion) venture in Taiwan to make computer chips.

MARKETS: Asia Stocks Gain

Continued from Page1 cut U.S. interest rates.

door, Hong Kong is repainting it," he said.

vestors to buy shares. If the shares and futures contracts. Hong Kong and Malaysian markets were functioning and we want to leave as very likely be higher and cial Secretary Donald Tsang shares would most likely said. "We are not in the busitrade low.

"The performance of the economist at Hongkong & longer buying shares, it has Shanghai Banking Corp., which has been one of the main targets of the countries.

Although Hong Kong is no longer buying shares, it has opened a new front in its campaign against speculator. markets doesn't alter our unmain targets of the govern-

ment's buying spree. reason for the increase was yen to speculation, following indications Friday by Chair- Sir Donald reiterated the

Hong Kong officials said "Malaysia has closed the Monday that their threeweek-long intervention had driven foreign speculators out Still, in both markets, it is of the market. The governgovernment policy - rather ment had blamed those specthan underlying optimism ulators for improperly manipabout the local or global econ- ulating Hong Kong's market omy — that is spurring in- in an effort to drive down

"We made an incursion, ness of making long-term investments in commercial companies

nain targets of the govern-ment's buying spree. government announced a 30-point plan Monday to tighten the securities and futures markets. The new rules would



paign against speculators. The Tokyo traders enjoying the surge Monday, in which the Nikkei index rose 5 percent

pousing a free-market credo, Malaysia has swung openly man Alan Greenspan, that the government's pledge to main-Federal Reserve Board might tain the Hong Kong dollar's proach. Analysts said the in-

fixed exchange rate to the crease Monday on the Kuala kets, said his fund would no U.S. dollar. He said the gov-Lumpur Stock Exchange was ernment had no plans to fol- driven by institutional in- Malaysia. He said he was work external — namely the stiffen penalties for violations strengthening of the yen at the expense of the dollar. Analysts attributed the stronger ven to speculation following the strength of speculations are strength of speculations and no phases to rot of the path vestors with ties to the goving the strength of speculations about its companion of the strength of speculations are strength of speculations and no phases to respect to the strength of speculations are strength of speculations and no phases to respect to the strength of speculations are strength or speculations are stren If Hong Kong is still es- out of the market, as the ring- currency peg. Some warned

Templeton Emerging Mar- economic restructuring.

git no longer trades outside the country. that economic isolationism might give Malaysia the ex-cuse to put off its necessary

Mondays Wednesdays **Fridays** and Saturdays

INTERMARKET

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days.

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DOLLAR: Fed Hint on Rates Hits U.S. Currency

surprised if we saw a bounce-back," because he does not Bank Ltd. expect a rate cut anytime

The dollar was also hurt as investors, including U.S. ther to rise. hedge funds, bought the Japanese currency to pay off loans used to invest in emerging markets such as Russia and Latin America, which have plunged.

In recent months, many investors used so-called yen U.S. finance officials. carry trades to borrow yen at Japan's low rates, then converted yen to dollars to seek higher returns overseas.

Continued from Page 13 trades to compensate for for further rapid correction."

Toyomitsu Sakata, the head exchange manager at Sanwa

The yea also got a lift after Japanese officials warned investors their currency has furshould be fully aware of the

risk of a stronger yen," said Eisuke Sakakibara, vice fi-nance minister for international affairs, after meetings Friday between Japanese and Harubiko Kuroda, the

deputy director general of the ministry's international finance bureau, added that "the 5.7945 francs in London and 'I'm bearish on the dollar correction of the excessive because so many investors weakness of the yen is conare closing their yen carry tinuing. There is a possibly

Toyomitsu Sakata, the head the yen, and I wouldn't be said Tetsu Aikawa, a foreign of Treasury and foreign-exchange sales at Commerzbank in Tokyo, said, "It's hard to buy dollars after the officials said they want to see the yen strengthen further, even though it has risen' nearly 10

percent in two weeks.

to \$1.6673 from \$1.6720 Friday in London and was down from \$1.6705 in New York. The dollar fell to 1.4092 Swiss francs from 1.4220 francs in London Friday and from 1.4243 francs in New York.

Elsewhere, the pound fell

The dollar declined to 5.7831 French francs from was down from 5.8030 francs Friday in New York. (AFP, Bloomberg, Reuters)

Japan Steel Sales Cut

TOKYO — Japanese steelmakers plan to cut exports to the United States after the U.S. International Trade Commission ruled they had dumped steel products on the market, officials said Monday.

Company executives said the planned reduction may force them to further slash earnings forecasts for the

"We plan to cut exports to the United States, partially because of the recent decision by the United States on U.S.

steelmakers' dumping complaint," said an executive of Nippon Steel Corp., the world's largest steelmaker.

"We can tell neither the kind nor the volume of steel products we will cut in the second half at this moment, but the decision could be big enough to affect our annual sales and profit," the official said.

Jiji Press said Japanese steelmakers, including Nippon Steel, Kawasaki Steel Corp. and NKK Corp., were to cut exports to the United States by an average of 30 percent

from the first half, which ends Sept. 30. Steel exports to the United States nearly tripled in the first half, backed by the weaker yen and growing demand in the U.S. market, the Japanese news agency said.

AIR: Boeing and Airbus Send Different Signals

CITIPORTFOLIOS

NOTICE TO ALL UNITHOLDERS OF EMERGING ASIAN MARKETS EQUITY CITIPORTFOLIO

In view of foreign exchange controls recently imposed in Malaysia, the Management Company of Citiportfolios ("the Fund") has decided, as a precautionary measure to protect unitholders, to suspend the dealings in the Emerging Asian Markets Equity Chiportfolio effective as of September 4th, 1993 and until further notice.

This decision has been taken in accordance with sections b) and d) of article 11 of the Management Regulations specifying that a monetary emergency beyond control of the Management Company makes the disposal of the portfolio's assets impossible and that owing to foreign limitations on the exchange tran As pricing information is still available, valuations will continue to be published. This notice will be published by all appropriate ms, in particular in the newspapers in which the net asset

By order of the Board of Director

Continued from Page 13 match Airbus on price. SA of Spain.

prices, and said Airbus would marketing at Boeing Com- tries would not drag on and have to pay increasing atten-tion to shareholder value as it Mr. Forgeard said he hoped seeks to change itself from a that the transformation of

itself summarize a business

its loss of the British Airways Aerospatiale of France and order to its unwillingness to Construcciones Aeronauticas Corp.

You're going to see a defrom Mr. Forgeard. He an-nounced a 3 percent across-share battle." said Bruce the-board increase in list Dennis, vice president of aerospace and military indus-

loose, four-party consortium. Airbus into a single corpointo a single corporate entity. ration would be completed by "Market share cannot in the middle of 1999, even though he acknowledged that strategy," Mr. Forgeard the bargaining over the valuation of assets to be pooled in At Boeing, which an the company was only begin-

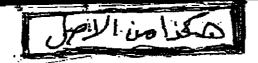
impede the restructuring of Boeing, meanwhile, did

manage to announce two modest orders. It said it had sold four Boeing 737-900s to KLM Royal

Mr. Forgeard also ex-

pressed hope that the restruc-turing of the European

Dutch Airlines, the first Euro pean order for that version of the 737 line, which lists for nounced a 5 percent price in-crease in July, executives British Aerospace PLC, nounced an order for 17 737s. nounced an order for 17 737s, gave the news a cautious welcome. Boeing has attributed Airbus GmbH of Germany, total of \$900 million, by International Lease Finance



P44.E 17 INTERNATIONAL HERALD TRIBUNE, TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 8, 1998 September 7, 1998 Advertisement available on Internet: http://www.jht.com/lHT/FUN/funds.html 121 3120 USD 1866-D1 Eastern F. Tope Faller Silvice(2) World Austria ency Dep Japan de Calos Japan de Calos nt your fund, fax Katy Houri at (33-1) 41 43 92 12 or E-mail: funds@int.com Disdoinero Evereto Capital, (194-)-441-954 - Evereti Capital Francis III - Evereti III III - Evereti III III - Evereti III III Parties Chi. September Del Control Con 109 CITITRUST III CARPENDINGUICO PIN S.A. Trues Edwart Fred

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Herald Eribune

Rival Bid for United Is Weighed by Enic

SOCCER Enic Plc, the leisure group with extensive interests in European soccer, is poised to make a rival bid for the English club Manchester United, which is already subject to a bid from Rupert Murdoch's BSkyB satellite televi-sion company, it was reported

Monday.
The Financial Times said Enic was considering the bid after Murdoch's interest in the sport's richest club was confirmed Sunday. The Enic group, which owns the clubs Vicenza of Italy, Slavia Prague of the Czech Republic, AEK Athens of Greece and a 25 percent stake in Glasgow Rangers, would look for financial backing from the U.S. entertainment group Time Warner,

the paper reported On Monday, Manchester United Plc's stock, listed since 1991, was up 30 percent to 207 pence (\$3.30) in trading on the London Stock

Jalabert Leads in Spain

CYCLING Laurent Jalabert of ONCE-Deutsche Bank and France grabbed the overall lead in the Tour of Spain on Monday after the third leg.

The stage was won by the Estonian rider Jann Kirsipuu of the Casino team, who finished the 192.6-kilometer (120 mile) trek between Cadiz and Estepona in 4 hours, 16 minutes and 24 seconds. Second place went to Germany's Marcel Wust of Lotus-Festina, and third went to Italy's Giovanni Lombardi of Telekom. Both were credited with the same time as Kirsipuu. (AP)

Sluman Wins U.S. Golf

GOLF Jeff Sluman used a quick start and then held off a fast-closing Steve Stricker to win the Greater Milwaukee Open golf tournament.

Sluman used two birdies and an eagle on the front nine Sunday to take the lead and a pair of birdies on the back to widen his advantage en route to a 3-under-par 68. He finished at 19-under 265, matching the tournament record, one ahead of

WORLD ROUNDUP Coetzer Battles Past Injured No. 7 Martinez

Rivals Also Stun Graf and Rios With Upsets

Compiled by Our Staff From Desputche NEW YORK - Amanda Coetzer slammed a backhand passing shot down the line on match point to survive a marathon third-round match at the U.S.

Open on Monday and upset seventh-seeded Conchita Martinez, 6-4, 4-6, 6-2. With both Coetzer, the No. 13 seed from South Africa, and Martinez playing behind the baseline and occasionally

U.S. OPEN TENNIS

engaging in moonball rallies, the match took 2 hours, 39 minutes, to play. One game had 28 points, including 11 deuces, and consumed 20 minutes, 25

The victory put Coetzer into the quarterfinals, where she will play the winner of a later match Monday between No. 2 Lindsay Davenport and No. 10 Nathalie Tauziat.

Martinez, a Spaniard who won Wimbledon in 1994 and reached the Australian Open in January, took a medical timeout and had her right shoulder worked on after the first game of the second set. Then she and Coetzer battled through the longest game of this year's competition.

On Sunday, there were two other upsets as Steffi Graf was conquered by 19year-old Patty Schnyder of Switzerland, one of the rising stars in women's tennis, and Marcelo Rios, the No. 2 men's seed, struggled when it counted most and was upset in five sets in the third round by Magnus Larsson of Sweden, 6-1, 6-7 (3-

7), 2-6, 6-3, 6-2. After her loss, Graf, dressed in a blue T-shirt emblazoned with the New York Yankees' logo on her chest, left the National Tennis Center with a promise. "I'll be back," she said.

Although seeded 11th in this year's field, three spots below Graf, Schnyder probably should have been the favorite in their fourth-round match. Graf is 26th in the Corel WTA Tour rankings this week, while Schnyder is ranked 10th. Graf received a special seeding after missing more than a year after undergoing knee surgery.

In their match, it was Schnyder who operated with surgical precision, showing off a bigger forehand that the woman once called "Fraulein Forehand" and repeatedly picking on the German's ness, her slice backhand

"She has a lot of potential," Graf said of Schnyder. "There's no question about it. She's got so much talent. She uses the court extremely well."

Schnyder, who has won five tour-naments this year, jumped out to a 3-0 lead and took advantage of 14 unforced errors by Graf in the first seven games. Graf, who began the match with tape around her right wrist, removed the tape after falling behind, 5-2. In the second set, Schnyder took a 2-

immediately broke back, and the set was tied 4-4 until Schnyder broke again in the ninth game. She then saved two break points and served out the victory on her second match point. 'She's the greatest player in the last

10 years," Schnyder said. "Sometimes it's difficult because you think of that. But you just try to play against her like all other opponent Graf has won 21 Grand Slam tour-

nament singles titles and held the No. 1 ranking for a record 374 weeks. She is less than \$14,000 shy of taking over the career earnings title from Martina Navratilova, a figure she would have eclipsed if she had reached the quarters.
Since her U.S. Open debut in 1984,
Graf reached the quarters in 1992 and
the semifinals in '85, '86 and '91. With

recuperating, she has reached the final every other year, winning in 1988, '89, '93, '95 and '96. The loss also halted a 17-match winning streak at the year's final Grand

Slam tournament.

Despite dominating the spring hardcourt season in the United States and spending several weeks as the world No. 1 ranked player this year, Rios has struggled mightily this summer after splitting with his outspoken coach, Larry Stefanki. Coming into the U.S. Open, he had lost three of his last four matches, and in the second round he dropped a set to a 320th-ranked Italian. Giorgio Galimberti.

Larsson is ranked 34th, but he is more of a consistent threat than that number would suggest and would certainly be ranked much higher if he had not contracted a virus at the beginning of the



Conchita Martinez being treated for a shoulder injury in ber match Monday.

season that left him weak and off-form for much of the spring. Larsson has long taken delight in ignoring seedings and has 29 career victories over members of the top 10. He was once a member of that elite group himself in the spring of 1995 but in June of that year, he fractured his foot in an exhibition and took more than two years to resume suc-ceeding in Grand Slam events.

Besides Rios, who supplanted Pete Sampras as the top-ranked men's player twice this year, also failing to advance was fifth-seeded Richard Krajicek. He retired in the second set against Thomas-

Johansson of Sweden with tendinitis in his left knee.

French Open champion Carlos Moya, seeded 10th, outlasted Jan-Michael Gambill, 6-2, 3-6, 3-6, 6-3, 7-6 (7-4), in a three-hour match in which both players tossed rackets in frustration.

Another American, Geoff Grant, also lost a five-set heartbreaker, to Germany's Oliver Gross, 7-5, 6-7 (5-7), 5-

That left only two American men former champions Sampras and Andre Agassi — in the running for the

Vogts Answers Soccer Outcry And Resigns

The Associated Press
FRANKFURT — His position untenable under a growing public outcry.
Berti Vogts resigned Monday as coach
of the German national soccer team after eight years in the position.

The coach, who guided Germany to the 1996 European title but failed in two World Cup campaigns, said he was stepping down to preserve any "human dignity" he still had.

"I see no more possibility to carry on with the national team with the nee, essary strength and concentration under so much public pressure," Vogts said. Vogts, who has been under heavy fire since Germany's quarterfinal elimination at this summer's World Cup in France this summer, quit after a telephone conversation with the chief of the German soccer federation, Egidius

Braun, the federation said.

"It hurts incredibly to carry out this separation," Braun said. "But as DFB president, I had to realize that it had become unavoidable."

Vogts, 51, became coach in 1990, after Germany won its third World Cup, in Italy under Franz Beckenbauer.

A former international defender known as "the terrier" with 96 caps and the 1974 World Cup title, Vogts had served as Beckenbauer's assistant.

Among possible successors being mentioned in the German media was Jupp Heynckes, who once played with Vogts on the highly successful Borussia Moenchengladbach club.

Heynckes, who has coached a nump.

ber of top German clubs, is currently memployed after being fired from Real Madrid despite winning the Champions, Cup last season.

He gained quick endorsement from Beckenbauer, the Bayern Munich president, who still exerts great influence up German soccer.

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In what was supposed to be a new. beginning, Voges took the new-look team to Malta last week to practice and play two exhibition games. The trip instead turned into Vogts' downfall: Germany barely managed to edge Malta, a soccer weakling, 2-1, and escaped with a fortunate 1-1 draw against Romania in two appalling performances.

Vogts' overall record in 102 games was 67 victories, 23 draws and 12 de-

49ers Slug Jets in Overtime, 36-30, on a 96-Yard Run

The Associated Press

If the San Francisco 49ers and New York Jets can keep this up, imagine what kind of seasons are in store for

On an opening day when seven NFL quarterbacks were injured, the 49ers' Steve Young and Jets' Glenn Foley staged an old-fashioned shoot-out on

NFL ROUNDUP

Sunday at 3Com Park at Candlestick Point in San Francisco. The teams combined for 1,022 yards, the final 96 on a team-record touchdown run by Garrison Hearst that gave San Francisco a 36-30 overtime victory.

It was the last big play in a game filled with sensational offensive performances, including Young, coming off his sixth passing title, going 26-for-46 for 363 yards and three touchdowns. Foley did even better, completing 30

of 58 for 415 yards and three touch-Jerry Rice the game's greatest re-

ceiver, who played in only parts of two 1997 games because of knee injuries, flashed his old form on a 14-yard touchdown reception.

Troy Aikman ran for two touchdowns — more than he's had in any season and passed for two more to snap Dallas's 10-game losing streak.

Dolphins 24, Colts 15 Peyton Manning, the top overall draft pick, had an inauspicious debut for Indianapolis at home, throwing three interceptions, with Terrell Buckley returning one 21 yards for a score. He also was sacked four times.

Jaguars 24, Bears 23 Mark Brunell went 8-for-9 in an 87-yard game-winning drive as Jacksonville rallied at Chicago. Chargers 16, Bills 14 John Carney's

54-yard field goal bounced off the left upright and went through with 4:30 to play. Then Steve Christie was wide left on a 39-yard field-goal attempt with three seconds left. Christie also shanked a 21-yard attempt early in the fourth quarter at San Diego. Doug Flutie, in relief of the injured Rob Johnson, was superb, with touchdown passes of 43 and 5 yards to Andre Reed.

Saints 24, Rams 17 Visiting New Orleans turned two first-half turnovers into touchdowns and had only one turnover, contrasting with a mistake-filled performance from St. Louis. Lamar Smith caught one touchdown pass and threw for another on an option play.

Chiefs 28, Raiders 8 Derrick Thomas

nearly matched his NFL record of seven Cowboys 38, Cardinals 10 ln Dallas, sacks, getting to Jeff George six times as the hosts dumped George 10 times. Kansas City ran up a 17-0 lead before

Oakland ran a successful play, making for a painful debut for 35-year-old Raiders coach Jon Gruden.

Oilers 23, Bengals 14 Al Del Greco made his first three field-goal attempts, while Dave Krieg took over for quar-terback Steve McNair and played well. Visiting Tennessee lost five players to

Giants 31, Redskins 24 All-Pro defensive end Michael Strahan scored on a 24-vard interception return as New York's opportunistic defense scored or set up three third-quarter touchdowns over the error-prone visitors.

The Giants defense had eight sacks and intercepted consecutive passes by Gus Frerotte. One of the sacks forced Frerotte out, but third-string quarter-back Trent Green twice got Washington within seven points.

In games reported in late editions ers 20, Ravens 13 In Baltimore,

Kordell Stewart scored Pittsburgh's first touchdown after the Ravens botched a punt and threw for another. The Ravens' Matt Stover missed three field goals, two of them because of poor snaps. Vikings 31, Buccaneers 7 In Minne-

apolis, Brad Johnson, coming back from last year's neck injury, had a career-high four TD passes, two to veteran Cris Carter and two to botshot rookie Randy Moss. Moss blew the game open with 48- and 31-yard touchdowns on consecutive possessions.

Packers 38, Lions 19 Packers OB Brett Favre and Lions RB Barry Sanders shared the MVP award last season. In the first meeting of co-MVPs, Sanders' streak of 14 consecutive regular-season 100-yard rushing games ended when he gained 70 yards on 17 carries. Favre was a 24-for-33 for 277 yards and two touch-

Detroit's Terry Fair returned a kickoff 101 yards for a touchdown at the end of the third quarter, and Roell Preston promptly replied with a 100-yard TD

Fair returned six kickoffs for 244 vards and Preston returned four for 163. The Packers have won 28 straight games at Lambeau Field.

Falcons 19, Panthers 14 Kevin Green managed three sacks, but it did not deter the Falcons, who converted one interception and two Carolina punting miscues into 12 points, dooming the Panthers to their fourth consecutive home loss. Chris Chandler threw for 268 yards

cons win their road opener for the first time since 1986. Seahawks 38, Eagles 0 Joey Galloway had a career-high 142 yards receiving and scored two touchdowns as Seattle handed Philadelphia its first

shutout in a home opener since 1941.

and two touchdowns, helping the Fal-



The 49ers' Jerry Rice getting by the Jets' Jerome Henderson to score.

SCOREBOARD

Micmi 24. Indianopolis 15 San Francisco 36, New York Jets 30, OT FOOTBALL NFL STANDINGS **CFL STANDINGS** ### ASTERN DIVISION W L TPIS. PF PA 8 2 0 16 242 214 7 2 0 14 242 153 L T Pct. PF PA 0 01,000 24 15 5 4 0 10 229 160 0 10 0 0 168 300 ENTRAL, 1 0 01.000 24 23 1 0 01.000 20 13 1 0 01.000 23 14 0 1 0 .000 13 20 0 1 0 .000 14 23 y-New York Boston Toronto Baltimare Tampa Bay in 32. Winnipeg 18 THE AP TOP 25 Press college football polit, with tersory votes in parentheses, records through Sept. 5, total points based on 25 points for first place vote through one point for 25th place vote and ranking in pravious polit: 10 Record Pt F 24 1. Ohio St. (39) 1-0 1,667 1-0 1,571 8 000.0 T G 1 0 0 1,000 28 10 1 0 0 1,000 31 24 0 1 0 ,000 10 38 0 1 0 ,000 0 38 0 1 0 ,000 24 31 2. Florida (4) 4. Nebraska (2) 5. Kansas St. (2) 6. UCLA (1) 7. LSU 1,571 1,546 1,448 1,394 1,279 1,274 1,131 1,104 1,051 963 818 737 716 619 487 470 487 470 487 250 141 123 CENTRAL 1 0 0 1.000 38 19 1 0 0 1.000 31 7 0 1 0 0.000 22 24 0 1 0 .000 19 38 0 1 0 .000 7 31 Atlanta New York Philiadelph Montreal Florida 22 18 WE'ST 1 0 01,000 0 01.000 24 17 0 01.000 36 30 1 0 .000 14 19 1 0 .000 17 24 17. Wisconsin 18. Texonsin 18. Texonsin 19. Syracuse 20. West Virginia 21. Artzona 22. Southern Cal 23. Texas 24. Organo STORDAY BESURE: Alterio 19. Ceroline 14 Green Boy 38, Debuit 19 Jacksonville 24. Chicago 23 New Orleans 24. St. Louis 17 ee 23, Clacin New York Giords 31, Washington 24 Dallas 38. Artzona 10

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Mississippi 34. Air Force 22, Alabama 26. Miami 24, Virginio Tech 14, Yulgne 13, Utah 13, Baston College 12, Georgia Tech 11. Southern Miss. 9, Aubum 6, Cent. Florida 6. BASEBALL MAJOR LEAGUE STANDINGS MERICAN LIAGUE .556 64 552 --67 528 3½ 77 462 13 77 454 14 22° 539 48.476 42.45 .536 .578 .503 .458 .394

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Corpenter, Stacker (7), Almonzor (7), Piesoc (8), Goardrift (3), Person (9) and Fletcher, B. Scotlinge (9). W—Quantift), 3-4. L.-Lowe, 3-9, Sv-Person (1), HRs.—Boston, M. Vaughn (25). Stanley (79). Toronto, Septem (37).

(S), Strakey (29), Toronto, Sórcen (32), Conseco (40).

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Irobu, R. Mendozo (3), Stanton (8) ond Kreuter, W.—Boldwin, 10-5 1.—Irobu, 11-8, Sy—Howry (5), Hiz—New York B. Williams (24), Chicage, Ventero (17).

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Finier, 11-6.

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Million, Cartasco (5), Serofini (2), Trombley (6), Agullera (9) and Steinbacht Looks, X. Hernondez (8), Crothree (8), Grunderson (6), Levine (9) and L. Rodriguez (17).

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and Kondoll W—Loiselle 2-7. L—Stevens. 1—
2. HRs.—P. Kendoll (12), J. Guillen (11).
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L-J. Hamilton. 12-12. HR-Colorado. Lansing (8).
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W—Acovedo, 8-3. L.—Hadek, 5-6.
HRs—Cincinnati, D. Young (14), St. Lools, R.
Lankford (26), F. Tuits (5).
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Bohamon, Malamey (8), Kubenka (7) and C.
Johnson, W.—Gordner, 12-5. L.—Bohamon, 69, HRS.—Son Francisco, Barks (21). Les

Hampton, Magnarde (8) and Ausmy Dock, Ford (5), F. Radriguez (8), Michak (9) and Stinnett. W—Hampton, 11-L—Daal, 7-10. HR—Houston, Berry (13).

CYCLING TOUR OF SPAIN

Leading placings Monday in 192,5 idio-sters (120 miles) 3d stage from Cadiz to Estapone: 1. Jann Kirsipen, Estonia, Casina, 4 hadrs, 16

GOLF

GREATER MILWAUKEE OPEN Final results from \$1.8 million 1998

1. John Kirsper, Estohio, Costino, 4 hoors, 16 minutes, 25 seconds
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4. Jeroon Bilghevens, Netherlands. TVM, s.f.
5. Ivan Carloll, Holy, Estepons, s.f.
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7. Martin Hvestija, Slovenia, Cantino, s.f.
8. Robbie McEwen, Airs, Robobank, s.f.
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9. Frederic Moncossin, Fr., Credit Agricole, s.i.
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2 sec.; 3. Philippe Gownord, Fr., Coffids, & 4.
Glutions Figueros, Hr., Mapel, 7; 5. Fabricio
Goldi, Hr., Polff, 8; 6. Unol Ebsebarria, Venez,
Euskotel, 12; 7. Ludo Dierckeens, Belg,
Loffe, 13; 8. Goldeson Gorazolez, Sp., Euskotel, 14; 9. Andrei Tchmil, Belg, Loffe, 15;
10. Schwalora Commesso, 11, Sueco, s.i.

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1. Tiger Woods, U.S., 11.85 points average

3. David Doval, U.S., 10.09 4. Ernie Els, South Africa, 10.05 5. Davis Love 36, U.S., 9.81 6. Nick Price, Zimb 7. Colin Montpomer 9. Lee Westwood, Britoin, 8 10. Vijoy Singh, Fiji, 8.05 11. Fred Couples, U.S., 8.05 12. Masashi Ozuki, Japur 13. Greg Norman, Austral

SOCCER **EUROPEAN CHAMPION**

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MAJOR LEAGUE SOCCER bus 4 New York-New Jersey 3

TENNIS

U.S. OPEN LATE SUNDAY IN NEW YORK

IMBN'S SUNGSLES

THOMAS Johansson, Swe., def. Richard

Krulicek (S), Neth., 6-7 (S-7), 5-4 refired.

Carlos Moyo (70), 59, def. Jun-Alkighard

Gambias, U.S., 6-2, 3-6, 6-3, 7-6 (7-4),

Other Gross, Ger., def. Gambias, U.S., Neth., 15-7, 16 Officer Gross, Ger., def. Geoff Gront, U.S., 7-5, 6-7, 5-7, 5-3, 7-5.

Alex Corretto (7), Sp., def. Byron Black. Zim. 6-3, 4-6, 6-2, 7-6 (7-5), Mark Philippoussis, Aug., def. Luidas Arnold, Arg., 7-6 (7-5), 6-3, 6-3. Magnus Larsson, Swe., def. Marcela Rice (2), Chile, 6-1, 6-7 (3-7), 2-6, 6-3, 6-2. WOMEN' SHOULES
POURTH ROUMD
Polity Schmyder (11), Switz, def. Steffi Graf
(8), Gor., 6-3, 6-4.

WOLIN'S SINGLES FOURTH ROUND Amende Coetzer (13), S. Africa, def. Conchille Martinez (7), Spoin, 6-4, 4-5, 6-2.

TRANSITIONS

BASEFALL AMERICAN LEAGUE

BALTIMORE—Recoiled RHP Rocky Comparing them Rochester; IL

SEATTLE—Recoiled 2B Carlos Goillen from I Tecano, PCL

TEXAS—Signed OF Milit Ceylor and assigned him to Okiohama, PCL

TORONTO—Recoiled 3B Tom Evans from I Syracuse. II NATIONAL LEAGUE
ATLANTA—Recolled INF Augrer
From Richmond IL Transfered Rivil
Notices to 60-day disabled list.

SPORTS

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or your nearest IHT office or representative.

Cards Win on 2 Homers Nogts Ansk — Neither by McGwire Soccer Oulco St. Louis Fans Come Away Disappointed Even Though Their Team Beats Reds, 5-2

in the eighth inning of their game against the Cincinnati Reds Sunday, and even though Mark McGwire batted in that inning, he was not one of them. Fernando Tatis was.

"1.4" The people don't want to see me hit a home run," said Tatis, who batted off of John Hudek and who has 8 homers season to McGwire's 60.

NL ROUNDUP

The people want to see him hit a home run. I want to see him hit a home run."

But a Cardinals victory was the next best thing, albeit a poor consolation brize, to a McGwire home run for the 47,904 fans at Busch Stadium, and the following McGwire's out gave the Cardinals a 5-2 victory.

"In the sixth inning of the game, Mc-Gwire ripped a low line drive off Brett Tomko that vecred left near the leftfield foul pole and into the stands.

"When he hit it, I thought it was

out," said Tomko. "I thought - home So did McGwire.

"At first, on contact, yes," he said. Pirates 4, Cubs 3 In Pittsburgh, meanwhile, Sammy Sosa went homerless for the first time in four games, allowing Jason Kendall to stop the Cubs' sixgame winning streak with a 10th-inning homer.

"Sosa, who went 2-for-5 with two singles and two strikeouts, had homered five times in the last six games - all of them Cubs' victories.

"That's part of the game some-fines," Sosa said. "You're not going to do it every day. Forget about today and get ready for tomorrow. "It will be like a:World Series in St. Louis.'

Giants 6, Dodgers 2 In Los Angeles, Wark Gardner (12-5) pitched eight acrong innings to win his fourth straight décision, and Ellis Burks and Jeff Kent drove in two runs each for San Fran-

With the victory, the Giants moved within three games of the Cubs in the NL wild-card race, and avoided being swept in a three-game series at Dodger Stadium for the first time since 1989.

Astros 10, Diamondbacks 1 In Phoenix, Arizona, Sean Berry hit a two-run homer and drove in four runs and Mike Hampton (11-6) pitched seven shutout innings.

Since the All-Star break, Berry is batting .468 (44-for-94) with seven home runs and 21 RBIs.

The Astros, winners of 14 of their last 18, had 17 hits, six of them for extra

Rockies 12, Padres 2 In Denver, Jamey Wright (9-12) allowed six hits in eight innings, Dante Bichette reached 200 hits and Mike Lansing hit an inside-The NL batting leader, Larry Walker, went 3-for-3, raising his average to 350,

as Colorado hammered Joey Hamilton (12-12) for seven runs — four earned in four innings. Hamilton walked six. Browers 5, Phillies 4 In Milwaukee, Fernando Vina hit an RBI single off Wayne Gomes (9-6) and another run

Scott Rolen as Milwaukee rallied in the ninth. David Weathers (6-5) got the victory in relief. In games reported in late editions

scored on an error by third baseman

Monday: Braves 4. Mets 0 In New York, John Smoltz (14-3) pitched a three-hitter for his second shutout of the season and struck out 12.

New York remained a game behind Chicago in the NL wild-card race. Marty Malloy homered off Rick Reed (16-9) in his major league debut, and Andruw Jones, Ryan Klesko and Andres Galarraga also homered as Atlanta

stopped a three-game losing streak.

Marlins 6, Expos 2 Kirt Ojala (2-4) won for the first time in 10 starts this season, and Florida stopped a 10-game home losing streak.

The World Series champion Marlins (48-95), who have the worst record in

baseball, had lost 19 of their previous

buddy in a news conference before the

game between the Cardinals and the

"If you can't be looking forward to

Neither McGwire nor Sosa managed

a home run Sunday, which means they

were stuck at 60 and 58. The Cubs came

here to play the Cardinals in Busch

Stadium, with the nine World Series

flags and the eight retired Cardinals'

numbers, the statue of Stan the Man in

the plaza, real-life Stan the Man Musial

demonstrating his swing and his smile,

and good old Red Schoendienst still

smacking grounders during infield prac-

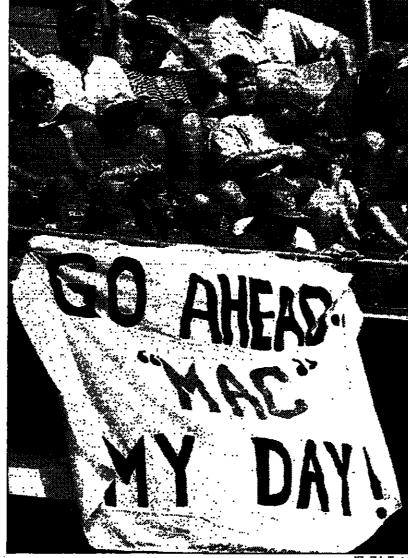
tice, wearing No. 2 on his 75-year-old

"I have always thought this was the

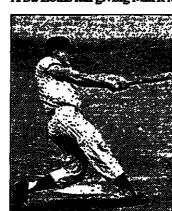
best baseball town of all," said Bud

Selig, a Milwankee man who became

The Cubs were trying to hold their



A St. Louis fan giving Mark McGwire a target for a record-setting homer.



All Eyes Are on St. Louis as Home Run Chase Spices Historic Rivalry

berth in the playoffs, a situation that never existed when Hack Wilson

"In all honesty, more people are going to be watching Sammy and Mark,"

said Tony La Russa, who has managed

in both towns, albeit with the White Sox

mosphere between these two teams,"

La Russa said with the enthusiasm of a

true believer. "Now you have both teams in the same ball park, and you

know the fans would knock the roof off

For the record, in their meetings going back to the last century, the Cubs

have won 1,064 games, and the Car-dinals have won 996, or 1003-957 in the

20th century alone. The Cubs dominated the early decades, the Cardinals

rolled from the '20s to the '40s, and both

teams were slogging along in Septem-

the ball park - if there were a roof."

"There is always a tremendous at-

body for the Cubbies.

in Chicago.

who was scheduled to team up with his lead for the National League wild-card

Chasing the Record

Home run tally for two contenders to break the season record of 61 homers set in 1961 by Roger Maris (left).

MARK McGWIRE 60 0-for-3 with

clouted home runs with his stumpy little body for the Cubbies.

I've ever had,'' Brock said Sunday. "I walked on the field, and I heard a huge

58 2-for-5 with no homers vs. Pirates on

ber 1961 when the Cubs brought up a don't know exactly where the border

SAMMY SOSA

Maris through 143 games: 55

prospect named Louis Clark Brock.

"It was the most shocking experience

cheer and I thought one of my team-

mates had played a practical joke on me,

so I went back inside. I looked in the

mirror, my uniform was all right, so I got

up my courage and I went back out, and

they started cheering all over again.
"I asked one of my teammates what

was going on, and he said: 'This is a

Cardinals-Cubs series. It's a war in

which no prisoners are taken.' From that

day, I realized it couldn't get any more

intense than that. Now you throw in

In 1964, the Cubs traded Brock to the

Cardinals, who promptly won the

World Series that year, won another in

1967 and nearly won in 1968. His No.

20 is now retired by the Cardinals.

Somewhere in central Illinois, Cardinal

territory becomes Cub territory. "I a Cub.

Blue Jays Sweep Red Sox **And Join Wild Card Race**

All of a sudden, Toronto is in the American League wild-card race. With a four-game sweep of Boston, the Blue Jays are just five games behind the Red

'We don't have many games to go, and we're still quite a ways out of it, so we're not even thinking about it," Craig

AL ROUNDUP

Grebeck said Sunday after his tiebreaking triple in the eighth gave Toronto an 8-7 victory at the SkyDome.

Jose Causeco homered for the third consecutive game, reaching 40 homers for the third time in his career and the first time since 1991. It also gave him 1.200 career RBIs.

Toronto has won 10 straight for the first time since 1987.

"It's fun winning, and this team is having fun right now," Grebeck said, "so we're just going to leave it at that."
The Red Sox, who do not play the Blue Jays again this season, lost for the eighth time in 11 games. Boston headed home after the game for a homestand that

starts against the New York Yankees. Angels 3, Royals D Chuck Finley (11-7) won for only the fourth time in his last 17 starts, striking out 10 and holding visiting Kansas City to three hits in eight innings. Anaheim opened a 31/2-game

lead over Texas in the AL West. Shigetoshi Hasegawa pitched the ninth for his fourth save. Tim Belcher (12-12) lost despite allowing just seven singles in

his second straight complete game.

Twins 6, Rangers 5 The Texas bullpen blew a two-run lead in the eighth for the second straight night. Rangers relievers have lost their last four decisions and seven of their last eight.

Todd Walker hit a two-run homer to tie the game in the eighth in Texas, and the second baseman, Denny Hocking, threw out the potential tying run in the bottom of the ninth. Orioles 5, Mariners 2 Mike Mussina

(13-8) allowed four hits in eight innings, and Eric Davis, Mike Bordick and Roberto Alomar homered for visiting Baltimore. Arthur Rhodes pitched the ninth for his fourth save. White Sox 6, Yankees 5 Hideki Irabu

(11-8) lost for the fifth time in seven starts, allowing six runs and eight hits in

is," Brock said. "But I do know there is

one house right on the border. The

Cubs' fans stay in the kitchen and the

of the Midwest. Growing up in Mil-

wankee, then a minor-league city, Selig

rooted for the Yankees and the Cubs.

and his brother rooted for the Cardin-

Field when those two teams met," Selig

Packers and the Bears, the Red Sox and

the Yankees. I think this is the best

Cubs and Cardinals on Labor Day, I

He will stay on for Games 2,061 and

2,062 in an old rivalry, now infused with

the energy of two sluggers who like

each other, despite being a Cardinal and

SKY HIGH MT BY LLZETE; T....T._ UH...

'When I saw the schedule, and saw

said Sunday.

rivalry in sports.

knew I had to be here.'

"We would drive down to Wrigley

"You can talk about the

The rivalry touches fans in other parts

Cardinals' fans stay in the den.'

The visiting Yankees, who with their 100th victory Friday set an AL record for fewest games to reach the century mark, have lost 10 of 18 and need to

Chicago Cubs' record for victories in a Athletics 9, Devil Rays 2 Jason Giambi and Ed Sprague homered, and Oakland turned three errors by visiting Tampa Bay into five unearned runs. The shortstops Aaron Ledesma and Dave Silvestri made costly errors, as did the

finish 17-5 or better to break the 1906

center fielder, Randy Winn. In a game reported in late editions

Tigers 3, Indians 2 Damion Easley drove in the go-ahead run at Tiger Stadium as Detroit overcame a career-high 10 strikeouts from Jaret Wright (11-9) and avoided a four-game sweep.

Lucky Catch Could Bring A Painful Tax

New York Times Service

PITTSBURGH — If a fan catches the ball that breaks baseball's home run record and generously gives it to the slugger, it could be more than a great baseball event. It could be the taxable event of a lifetime.

According to the Internal Revenue Service, the bleacher burn who paid \$6 to \$10 for a ticket -not the multimillionaire sluggercould owe federal gift tax. For a fan giving a million-dollar ball to Mc-Gwire or Sosa, the federal tax could reach \$150,000 or more. And states also have gift taxes. The person receiving a gift owes no tax.

The gift tax applies to "any property" worth \$10,000 or more, according to IRS regulations. The tax is computed on the fair market value of the gift.

It remains to be seen whether the new, customer-friendly IRS would try to collect the tax from, say, a 12year-old baseball fan.

"I can confirm your understanding of how the gift tax works," said an IRS spokesman, Steven Pyrck. "The giver of the gift is required to file the gift tax return. We'd have to take a look at all the circumstances: the value of the gift and who owns the baseball."

A ball that breaks Roger Maris's record of 61 homers could fetch \$1 million or more, sports collectors say. The ball is the property of major-league baseball until it leaves the field. Then whoever catches it owns it. The tax permutations are more complicated than figuring a slugging percentage, but tax experts lay out several options:

• If the fan keeps the ball, the fan owes no tax now. But the ball would become part of the fan's estate, taxable after death.

• The only way to avoid tax entirely is to give the ball to a charity, which could then sell the ball for a profit, which would not be taxed.

• If the fan sells the ball, the far: owes tax on the profit. The transaction would put the fan in the highest tax bracket, with 39.6 per-

YOU'LL FIND IT NEXT TO THE

OIL ON THE SALAD BAR

ONE MORE ALIENS, DAD! BIG, TRY.

EYIL, BUG-EYED

MONSTERS FROM

PLITO! THEY DID

IT, AND MADE NE.

SNEAR NOT TO TELL!

it's going to be electrifying, it's going to be exciting," said McGwire,

ST. LOUIS — They have played each . Cubs.

other 2,060 times since 1892, in places

y even played a game in Association

Ratk in Kansas City, Missouri, in cir-amistances not explained in the record

They have played each other in the springtime when swollen rivers im-

exiled the Midwest, and they have

Byed each other in the summer when

the corn was as high as an elephant's eye, and they have played each other in the fall, when the fans' toes grew numb.

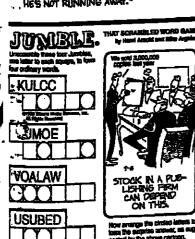
On Monday, the old contentiousness that a new meaning, because Mark Mc-Grire and Sammy Sosa were going for

toger Maris's record in the same old

eball town.



DADDY'S GOING ON A BUSINESS TRIP. HE'S NOT RUNNING AWAY."



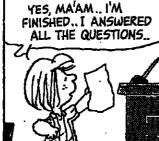
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PEANUTS

issioner.

like South Side Park in Chicago and these two games, then your heart isn't Rebison Field in St. Louis, and once beating," McGwire added.



CAN YOU SEE THE LITTLE NOTE I ADDED AT THE BOTTOM? GARFIELD









TO THE CAMP









Sammy and Mark.'





















WHAT I MEAN IS, HOBBES WAS FOOLING AROUND WITH YOUR TOOLS, I TRIED TO STOP HIM, BUT HE NOULDN'T

LISTEN, AND SURE ENOUGH HE WENT AND. AND...



How Now the Dow?

NEW YORK — The "A Chinese political de to the Democratic Party." discussing the downfall of the had taken a bath.

stock market. Each person market. It would never have to do with Clinton. I'm going

decent mea culpa."
Lumbar said, "I was will-

ing to forgive Clinton his sins until General Motors went into the tank.

Laurenberg said, "Monica Lewinsky did not give IBM a shake. When she went in front of the Buchwald grand jury, I was certain it would drive

down computer stocks." Rivercomb said, "I blame likes to.

Wellstrom said, "I got out in plenty of time."

"A Chinese political donor

Grungy said, "I see what's happened as a correction. We've made a lot of money in Tuttle said, "It's a Clinton the market, and it had nothing happened if he had given a to stay in until Clinton offers a prayer for Boeing Aircraft."

> I hadn't spoken because I had my broker on hold.
> "My broker," I told the group, "says not to sell until

the Secret Service men testify about what was going on in the White House.

"Sex has nothing to do with a falling Dow Jones."
"It doesn't have much to do with it unless Linda Tripp

catches pneumonia."
Lognippe said, "If Clinton wasn't responsible for a free Ken Starr. He unnerved Bill fall in the market, then it had Clinton so badly that the to be Mrs. Goldberg. She is president couldn't manipular always taking credit for late the market the way he something."

Harris said. "I don't think we should come to any conclusions until Starr finds out if "Who told you to get Boris Yeltsin has been fooling around."

Doctors Isolate Sophia Loren

VENICE — Sophia Loren's doctors have her under such close care that she was not allowed to tape or telephone her thanks for a Venice Film Festival award - and even her own husband has not been allowed to see her, a newspaper has

reported.
"The doctors are inflexible: Sophia must not become emotional, must not speak of anything that would remind her of work," her husband, the producer Carlo Ponti, was quoted as saying in an interview with Corriere della Sera on Saturday.

The Italian-born actress, 63, fell ill on an Aug. 10 flight from Geneva to New York; in New York, she was diagnosed as having an irregular heartheat and hospitalized for a few days, aides and family members said.

Ponti read a message from Loren on Thursday in Venice, thanking the festival for its lifetime achievement award. Loren's doctor has mandated at least a month of rest in New York, Ponti said. He was headed there after the festival. Once

there, he said, "I really hope that they'll let me see her."

Another Revolution in China: Owning a Home

By Seth Faison New York Times Service

S HANGHAI — Buying a home is a rel-atively new phenomenon in China, and so is serious home furnishing. Even in Shanghai, the nation's most affluent and modern-minded city, the decor in most apartments still ranges from Spartan to dowdy to just plain tasteless.

But change is on the way. And not just because Ikea opened a store here early this year. A new consciousness about home furnishing is germinating in many cities, and it is growing out of the surging popularity of buying a home itself.

Unlike most new homes in the United

States, those in China are rarely ready for occupation. Getting an apartment usually means getting the space itself, without anything as basic as paint on the walls or wiring within them, much less plumbing.

No matter. There seems to be no end to the number of people eager to buy homes here. Millions of urban families are buying homes for the first time. After years of talking about it, the authorities are finally getting serious about supporting home ownership, by making mortgages available in some cases and by ordering local governments to do away with the state-allocated housing that has been a mainstay of the socialist system here. Housing subsidies for all of China's 200 million to 300 million urban residents, which have often made renting almost free, are scheduled to be phased out by the end of 1998. In the first seven months of 1998, housing sales in

China shot up 71 percent compared with a year earlier, the authorities reported.

For Sindy Lee, a 30-year-old graphic designer in Shanghai, owning a home means, first of all, having a little more living space. Lee said that she got along fine with her parents-in-law, but that it was not ideal to be living with them as well as her husband and infant son in a cramped apartment, as most families do. Especially not when another choice came along. The new one-bedroom apartment she and her husband bought for \$50,000 this year is in a building of about 30 stories in the Xuhui district, a pleasant residential neighborhood downtown.

While it is only 500 square feet, the apartment seems spacious; it is roughly double the average space for a family of three in this city. And it has been carefully and tastefully

"a light, fresh color that is kind to vis- a desk where the family computer sits."



Prospective buyers asking about an apartment project going up in Shanghai.

itors," Lee explained. The bedroom is peach, a warmer color, for herself. Instead of holding to any specific set of feng shui rules. Lee ems have her own sense of what works.

It does. The kitchen, gleaming with stainless-steel countertops and wooden cabinets, is unusually clean and modern for a Chinese home. There is no oven — Chinese cooking involves little baking — but there are four burners on the stove and two sinks, a luxury.

"I wanted to make our home a good place for my son," Lee said. "Everything had to be the way we wanted it." Lee and her husband chose pine flooring

that is softer than the concrete they were used to, and easier on the head of their 1-year-old, Chi, when he falls. The corners of their yellow cotton uphoistered sofa and wooden coffee The living room is painted a soft lime green table are carefully rounded, as are the edges of

Lee said she did much of her furniture shopping at Ikea. The international chain has advertised widely, distributing a million catalogues, and has found that birch, beech and leather sell particularly well in Shanghai.

Taking pride in the renovation of a home is becoming as much of a fad as buying one in China. Though credit cards are still in their infancy, most homeowners expect to lay out at least half the price of a new home for renovation.

"That is probably what's keeping the economy alive this year," said Lee's husband, Richard Chen, referring to the renovation and decoration business. A lot of his friends are either buying a home or trying to buy one, Chen said, and all plan to carry out extensive renovations. For Chen, who is 28, security that made him want to buy an apart- it."

ment. Nor was it just plain economics, even in a society known for a careful evaluation of

the bottom line. Rather, the impetus for plunking down a lot of cash — \$50,000 is a huge sum in a country where the average urban wage is still \$50 a month — was his desire to improve his family's living conditions. "We could never have things so nice if we rented." Chen said, "The most important thing is having a higher

standard of living." In Shanghai, as in many other Chinese cities, most housing is still in low-rise buildings where tenants have to share a kitchen. and a toilet with their neighbors. In the past, rent, typically less than \$10 a month, was nota real concern. The catch was that the standard of upkeep was appallingly poor. And that is clearly part of why families like that of Lee and Chen do not blink at spending half the cost of their home, or nearly \$25,000, on a thorough renovation.

People buy a home because it means. they can fix it up the way they want," Chen said. "You can renovate it to your ownspecifications.'

Chen's job as a graphic designer at American Standard, a maker of bathroom and kitchen fixtures, made him particular about how his bathroom was done.

First he had it expanded to a length of about eight feet, roughly twice the original length, even though that meant cutting into the living room. Then he had a full-length bathtub installed, a rarity in a Chinese le

"He likes to play in the tub," Chen said of his son. Chen also had a shower with a sliding Plexiglas door installed, as well as a wide sink. He had gray tiling laid, with a

design he selected himself. Because most Chinese customers are firsttime home buyers, few have experience working with contractors, and stories of shoddy and substandard work are legion. Chen said he had to watch the workers night

"I actually moved in next door for two months so I could supervise them," he said. 'I don't think they liked that very much.' But he is proud of the results. Chen's home is a pleasant contrast to many new Chinese

holstery that fills state-run furniture stores. "We had a very particular idea of what we wanted," Chen said. "Buying a home is still it was not so much the psychological sense of new in China. It's a lot of work, but it's worth

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Jobless Isiam Vin

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homes, furnished with the black leather up-

PEOPLE

to it that the epic 16th-century India, who died a year ago. opera "The Peony Pavilion" never played at the Lincoln Center Festival this summer, but a chance to see the opera arises this week at the Barbican contract worth \$50 million with the International Theater Event in London. This "Peony Pavilion," directed garde interpretation of the central love story that had its world premiere at this year's Vienna Festival. The 400th-anniversary production of Tang Xianxu's classic includes specially written music by Tan Dun and leading Kun opera exponent.

Pope John Paul II received the British film star Ben Kingsley, the Indian television actor Kabir Bedi and the Argentine model Valeria Mazza after the three recorded a television program at the Vatican on Mother Teresa, the Catholic nun fa-

HINESE officials may have seen mous for her work among the poor in out 10 albums and sold more than 87

The Irish rock band U2 has signed a record company Polygram to bring out three "best of" albums. The first million records around the world.

It looks like Earl Spencer may be heading back home. The brother of Diana, Princess of Wales, who left Britain for South Africa in 1994 after by Peter Sellars, is not the 19-hour compilation will go on sale in Novem- complaining about the media glare on version that was to have been seen in New York, but a three-hour avant-season. In 20 years, U2 has brought permanently to Britain early next

Two Nations' Views of the Landscape

New York Times Service

Australia and the United States, will be explored beginning Friday in an exhibition at the Wadsworth Atheneum in Hartford, Connecticut. With more than 100 paintings, roughly half from each country, the show, "New Worlds From Old," draws on the collections of 32 American, 11 Australian and 2 European museums and galleries. Among the 37 American artists represented by major works are Thomas Cole, Frederic Edwin Church, Albert Bierstadt and Winslow Homer. Nearly all the historical landscapes by the 23 Australians, including Eugene von Guerard, Arthur Streeton and Tom Roberts, have never been shown outside that country.

year, the Sunday Telegraph said. It said he was bored living in Cape Town. He has spent more time in Britain recently, and the paper said he was buoyed by the success of an exhibition at his family estate honoring Diana. The exhibition coincided with the first anniversary of her death in a car crash in Paris on Aug. 31, 1997.

The Dutch House of Orange had three royal reasons to celebrate over the weekend: the 72d birthday of Prince Claus and two landmark coronation anniversaries. The birthday Sunday of Claus, husband of en Beatrix, coincided with th 100th anniversary of the crowning of Queen Wilhelmina and the 50th anniversary of the day her daughter, Princess Juliana, became queen. The German-born prince was marking his birthday quietly at home with family and close friends, Dutch media reported. He is said to have fully recovered from emergency surgery in June to treat an enlarged prostate.



ON THEIR TOES - Chinese dancers performing at celebrations marking the birthday of King Mswati III of Swaziland and the country's independence day.



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